Introduction

This service manual describes the service procedures for the CR500R.

Also available, but not necessary to service your model: The Honda Common Service Manual (Part Number: 61CM000) explains the theory of operation and provides basic service information for various systems common to all Honda motorcycles, scooters, ATVs and Pilots. It is an excellent source for those who want a greater knowledge of motorcycles and their component systems.

Follow the Competition Maintenance Schedule recommendations (page 3-4) to ensure that the vehicle is always in peak operating condition.

Sections 1 and 3 apply to the whole motorcycle. Section 2 illustrates procedures for removal/installation of components that may be required to perform service described in the following sections.

Sections 4 through 13 describe parts of the motorcycle, grouped according to location.

Find the section you want on this page, then turn to the table of contents on the first page of the section.

If you don't know the source of the trouble, go to section 15 Troubleshooting.

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Symbols

The symbols used throughout this manual show specific service procedures. If supplementary information is required pertaining to these symbols, it would be explained specifically in the text without the use of the symbols.

	Replace the part(s) with new one(s) before assembly.
S. TOOL	Use special tool
O.P. TOOL	Use optional tool. These tools are obtained as you order parts.
10 (1.0,7)	Torque specification. 10 N·m (1.0 kg·m, 7 ft-lb)
70	Use recommended engine oil. Use Honda Engine Oil (U.S.A. only) or an equivalent of the type specified.
Wo OIL	Use molybdenum oil solution (mixture of the engine oil and molybdenum grease with the ratio 1:1).
GREASE	Use multi-purpose grease (Lithium based multi-purpose grease NLGI #2 or equivalent)
	Use molybdenum disulfide grease (containing more than 3% molybdenum disulfide, NLGI #2 or equivalent) Example: Molykote® BR-2 plus manufactured by Dow Corning, U.S.A. Multi-purpose M-2 manufactured by Mitsubishi Oil Japan
-FIMEN	Use molybdenum disulfide paste (containing more than 40% molybdenum disulfide, NLGI #2 or equivalent) Example: Molykote® G-n Paste manufactured by Dow Corning, U.S.A. Honda Moly 60 (U.S.A. only) Rocol ASP manufactured by Rocol Limited, U.K. Rocol Paste manufactured by Sumico Lubricant, Japan
FISH	Use silicone grease
TOCK	Apply a locking agent. Use Hondalock 2 (U.S.A. only) or an equivalent, unless otherwise specified.
SEALS	Apply sealant. Use Hondabond 4 (U.S.A. only) or an equivalent, unless otherwise specified.
3,448	Use brake fluid, DOT 3 or DOT 4. Use DOT 4 Brake Fluid (U.S.A. only) or an equivalent.
FORK	Use Fork or Suspension Fluid. Use Honda Suspension Fluid (U.S.A. only) or an equivalent of the type specified.

1. General Information

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General Safety

Carbon Monoxide

If the engine must be running to do some work, make sure the area is well ventilated. Never run the engine in an enclosed area.

A WARNING

 The exhaust contains poisonous carbon monoxide gas that can cause loss of consciousness and may lead to death.

Run the engine in an open area or with an exhaust evacuation system in an enclosed area.

Gasoline

Work in a well ventilated area. Keep cigarettes, flames or sparks away from the work area or where gasoline is stored.

A WARNING

 Gasoline is extremely flammable and is explosive under certain conditions. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

Hot Components

A WARNING

 Engine and exhaust system parts become very hot and remain hot for some time after the engine is run.
 Wear insulated gloves or wait until the engine and exhaust system have cooled before handling these parts.

Used Engine/Transmission Oil

A WARNING

 Used engine oil (or transmission oil in two-strokes) may cause skin cancer if repeatedly left in contact with the skin for prolonged periods. Although this is unlikely unless you handle used oil on a daily basis, it is still advisable to thoroughly wash your hands with soap and water as soon as possible after handling used oil. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

Brake Dust

Never use an air hose or dry brush to clean brake assemblies. Use an OSHA-approved vacuum cleaner or alternate method approved by OSHA, designed to minimize the hazard caused by airborne asbestos fibers.

A WARNING

 Inhaled asbestos fibers have been found to cause respiratory disease and cancer.

Brake Fluid

CAUTION

 Spilling fluid on painted, plastic or rubber parts will damage them. Place a clean shop towel over these parts whenever the system is serviced. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

Coolant

Under some conditions, the ethylene glycol in engine coolant is combustible and its flame is not visible. If the ethylene glycol does ignite, you will not see any flame, but you can be burned.

A WARNING

- Avoid spilling engine coolant on the exhaust system or engine parts. They may be hot enough to cause the coolant to ignite and burn without a visible flame.
- Coolant (ethylene glycol) can cause some skin irritation and is poisonous if swallowed. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.
- Keep out of reach of pets. Some pets are attracted to the smell and taste of coolant and can die if they drink it.
- Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot.
 The coolant is under pressure and could scald you.

If it contacts your skin, wash the affected areas immediately with soap and water. If it contacts your eyes, flush them thoroughly with fresh water and get immediate medical attention. If it is a swallowed, the victim must be forced to vomit then rinse mouth and throat with fresh water before obtaining medical attention. Because of these dangers, always store coolant in a safe place, away from the reach of children.

Recycle used coolant in an ecologically correct manner.

Nitrogen Pressure

For shock absorbers with a gas-filled reservoir:

A WARNING

- Use only nitrogen to pressurize the shock absorber.
 The use of an unstable gas can cause a fire or explosion resulting in serious injury.
- The shock absorber contains nitrogen under high pressure. Allowing fire or heat near the shock absorber could lead to an explosion that could result in serious injury.
- Failure to release the pressure from a shock absorber before disposing of it may lead to a possible explosion and serious injury if it is heated or pierced.

To prevent the possibility of an explosion, release the nitrogen by pressing the valve core. Then remove the valve stem from the shock absorber reservoir. Dispose of the oil in a manner acceptable to the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

Before disposal of the shock absorber, release the nitrogen by pressing the valve core. Then remove the valve stem from the shock asborber.

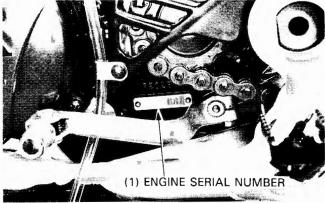
Model Identification

'96 Shown; '92 - '95 Similar:

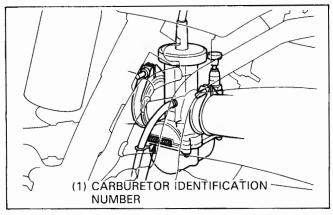




The frame serial number is stamped on the right side of the steering head.



The engine serial number is stamped on the lower left side of the crankcase.



The carburetor identification number is on the right side of the carburetor.

Specifications

	ltem		Specifications
Dimensions	Overall length	('92 - '93)	2,183 mm (85.9 in)
		('94)	2,185 mm (86.0 in)
	T	(After '94)	2,179 mm (85.8 in)
	Overall width	('92 - '94)	825 mm (32.5 in)
		(After '94)	835 mm (32.9 in)
	Overall height	('92 - '94)	1,240 mm (48.8 in)
	ovoran noight	(After '94)	1,237 mm (48.7 in)
	Wheel base	('92 – '93)	1,489 mm (58.6 in)
	Whice base	('94)	1,491 mm (58.7 in)
		(After '94)	1,485 mm (58.5 in)
	Seat height	('92 – '93)	964 mm (38.0 in)
	Sout height	('94)	961 mm (37.8 in)
		(After '94)	937 mm (36.9 in)
	Footpeg height	('92 - '93)	438 mm (17.2 in)
	rootpeg neight	('94)	
			439 mm (17.3 in)
	Ground clearance	(After '94)	422 mm (16.6 in)
	Ground clearance	('92 – '93) ('04)	343 mm (13.5 in)
		('94)	341 mm (13.4 in)
	Danish	(After '94)	328 mm (12.9 in)
	Dry weight		101 kg (222.7 lb)
Frame	Type		Semi-double cradle
	Front suspension		Telescopic fork
	Front wheel travel	('92 - '94)	309 mm (12.2 in)
		(After '94)	310 mm (12.2 in)
	Rear suspension	,	Pro-link
	Rear wheel travel		320 mm (12.6 in)
	Rear damper		Decarbon type with nitrogen filled reservoir
	Front tire size		80/100 – 21 51M
	Rear tire size		110/100 – 18 64M
	Tire brand (Dunlop)	Front	K490G
	The Brana (Bamop)	Rear	K695
	Front brake	near	Hydraulic single disc
	Front brake swept area	('92 – '94)	306 cm ² (47.4 in ²)
	From brake swept area		
	Dear bustis	(After '94)	334.5 cm ² (51.9 in ²)
	Rear brake	//00 /05	Hydraulic single disc
	Rear brake swept area	('92 - '95)	303 cm² (47.0 in²)
	Contantanta	(After '95)	303.5 cm ² (47.0 in ²)
	Caster angle	('92 – '93)	27°52′
		('94)	28°10′
	T 111	(After '94)	27°43′
	Trail length	('92 – '93)	119 mm (4.7 in)
		('94)	121 mm (4.8 in)
		(After '94)	114 mm (4.5 in)
	Fuel tank capacity		9.0 liters (2.38 US gal, 1.98 lmp gal)
Engine	Bore and stroke		89 x 79 mm (3.5 x 3.1 in)
go	Displacement		491.4 cm (29.9 cu-in)
	Compression ratio		6.8 : 1
	Lubrication system		Fuel/oil premixed
	Cooling system		Liquid cooled
	Air filtration		Oiled polyurethane foam
	Crankshaft type		Assembly type
	Engine dry weight	-	27.1 kg (59.8 lb)
	Cylinder arrangement		Single cylinder, inclined 7° from vertical

 General (Cor 	Item		Specifications
Carburetor	Туре		Piston valve
	Venturi diameter		38 mm (1.5 in)
Drive train	Clutch type		Wet, multi-plate
	Transmission		5-speed, constant mesh
	Primary reduction		2.520 : 1
	Gear ratios: I		1.750
	II		1.388
	III		1.150
	IV	′92	1.000
		After '92	0.955
	V	′92	0.870
		After '92	0.792
	Final reduction	4	3.500 : 1
	Gearshift pattern		Left foot operated return system, 1-N-2-3-4-5
Electrical	Ignition		CDI
	Starting system		Kickstarter

Item	Standard	Service Limit
Recommended engine oil Mixing ratio (Fuel: Oil) Transmission oil capacity at oil change at disassembly Recommended transmission oil SAE 20W-50 SAE 10W-40 SAE 10W-30 O 20 40 60 80 100 °F -20 -10 0 10 20 30 40 °C	Pro Honda HP2 2-Stroke Oil or equivalent 32: 1 680 cc (23 US oz, 24 Imp oz) 750 cc (25 US oz, 26 Imp oz) Use Pro Honda HP Trans Oil, Pro Honda GN4 4-Stroke Oil or an equivalent. Viscosity: SAE 10W-40 or equivalent. API Service classification: SF or SG. Other viscosities shown in the chart may be used when the average temperature in your riding area is within the indicated range.	

Fuel System — — — —		1
Carburetor identification number ('92)	PJ27J	
('93)	PJ27L	
('94)	PJ27M	
('95)	PJ27N	
(After '95)	PJ27P	
Main jet (Standard)	#170	
Slow jet (Standard)	#55	
Jet needle clip position (Standard)	4th groove	
Air screw initial opening	1-1/2 turns out	
Float level	16.0 (0.63)	
Throttle grip free play	3 – 5 (1/8 – 1/4)	

- Cooling System		
Recommended coolant	Use only a high quality ethylene glycol based anti-freeze containing corrosion protection inhibitors specifically recommended for use in aluminum engines. A 50/50 mixture of anti-freeze and distilled water is recommended for most operating conditions. (See anti-freeze container label for other mixture ratios).	
Coolant capacity at draining	1.08 liters (1.14 US qt, 0.95 lmp qt)	
at disassembly	1.22 liters (1.29 US qt, 1.07 lmp qt)	
Radiator cap relief pressure	110-140 kPa (1.1-1.4 kg/cm,	
	15.6—19.9 psi)	
	[Radiator system pressure test:	
	200 kPa (2.0 kg/cm², 28.4 psi) max.]	<u> </u>

Clutch System —		
Clutch lever free play	10-20 (3/8-3/4)	
Clutch spring free length	44.20 (1.740)	42.2 (1.66)
Clutch disc thickness	2.92-3.08 (0.115-0.121)	2.85 (0.112)
Clutch plate warpage		0.20 (0.008)
Clutch outer guide O.D.	27.987-28.000 (1.1019-1.1024)	27.93 (1.101)
Clutch outer I.D.	32.009-32.034 (1.2602-1.2612)	32.054 (1.2620)

U	Init:	mm	(in
_	THE.		,,,,

 Cylinder Head/Cylinder/Piston —— 			1
Item		Standard	Service Limit
Cylinder head warpage Cylinder Piston mark direction	I.D. out of round taper warpage	89.020-89.035 (3.5047-3.5053) '' N'' mark toward the intake side	0.05 (0.002) 89.07 (3.507) 0.05 (0.002) 0.05 (0.002) 0.05 (0.002)
Piston O.D. (D) Piston O.D. measurement point (H) Piston pin bore (d) (H)		88.93 – 88.95 (3.501 – 3.502) 25 (0.98) from the bottom 20.002 – 20.008 (0.7875 – 0.7877)	88.88 (3.499)
(D) (d)	N		
Cylinder-to-piston clearance Piston pin O.D. Piston-to-piston pin clearance Piston ring end gap Piston-to-ring groove clearance Piston ring mark direction		0.070-0.105 (0.0027-0.0041) 19.994-20.000 (0.7872-0.7874) 0.002-0.014 (0.0001-0.0006) 0.3-0.5 (0.012-0.020) 0.045-0.080 (0.0018-0.0031) Mark facing up	0.12 (0.005) 19.992 (0.7871) 0.02 (0.001) 0.6 (0.02) 0.09 (0.004)

- Crankshaft		
Crankshaft Connecting rod small end I.D. Connecting rod big end side clearance axial/radial pl Crankshaft runout Supporting points: A, B Measurement points: C, D	0.008 – 0.020 (0.0003 – 0.0008) ——————————————————————————————————	25.025 (0.9852) 0.9 (0.04) 0.03 (0.001) 0.05 (0.002)
L. A	B R. 25 mm	
(1.54		

- Kickstarter		1	
Kickstarter pinion gear I.D.		20.020-20.041 (0.7882-0.7890)	20.06 (0.790)
Kickstarter spindle O.D.		21.959-21.980 (0.8645-0.8654)	21.95 (0.864)
Kickstarter idle gear	I.D.	20.020-20.041 (0.7882-0.7890)	20.07 (0.790)
	bushing O.D.	19.979-20.000 (0.7866-0.7874)	19.94 (0.785)
	bushing I.D.	17.000-17.018 (0.6693-0.6700)	17.04 (0.671)
	countershaft O.D.	16.966-16.984 (0.6680-0.6687)	16.95 (0.667)

— Transmission ————			Onit: mm (in
ltem		Standard	Service Limit
Transmission gear I.D.	M4 gear ('92, After '95)	28.007 – 28.028 (1.1026 – 1.1035)	28.05 (1.104)
	('93 – '95)	28.000 – 28.021 (1.1024 – 1.1032)	28.05 (1.104)
	M5 gear	25.020 – 25.041 (0.9850 – 0.9859)	25.07 (0.987)
	C1 gear	22.020 - 22.041 (0.8669 - 0.8678)	22.07 (0.869)
	C2 gear ('92 - '95)	27.020 - 27.041 (1.0638 - 1.0646)	27.07 (1.066)
	(After '95)	30.020 – 30.041 (1.1819 – 1.1827)	30.07 (1.1839)
	C3 gear	25.020 - 25.041 (0.9850 - 0.9859)	25.07 (0.987)
Transmission gear bushing O.D.		27.959 – 27.980 (1.1007 – 1.1016)	27.94 (1.100)
	C1	21.979 – 22.000 (0.8653 – 0.8661)	21.95 (0.864)
	C2 ('92 – '95)	26.979 – 27.000 (1.0622 – 1.0630)	26.95 (1.061)
	(After '95)	29.979 – 30.000 (1.1803 – 1.1811)	29.95 (1.179)
Transmission gear bushing I.D.		19.000 – 19.021 (0.7480 – 0.7489)	19.04 (0.750)
	C2	27.000 - 27.021 (1.0630 - 1.0638)	27.04 (1.065)
Mainshaft O.D. at M5 gear		24.959 – 24.980 (0.9826 – 0.9835)	24.94 (0.982)
M5			
	Particular Annual Annua		
		·	
1.			
Countershaft O.D.	at C1 bushing	18.959 – 18.980 (0.7464 – 0.7472)	18.94 (0.746)
	at C2 bushing	26.959 – 26.980 (1.0614 – 1.0622)	26.94 (1.061)
	at C3 gear	24.959 – 24.980 (0.9826 – 0.9835)	24.94 (0.982)
C2 C3	C1		
	1		
† †			
Shift fork pawl thickness		4.93 – 5.00 (0.194 – 0.197)	4.8 (0.19)
Shift fork I.D.	С	11.003 - 11.021 (0.4332 - 0.4339)	11.04 (0.435)
	R/L	12.041 - 12.056 (0.4741 - 0.4746)	12.07 (0.475)
Shift fork shaft O.D.	C	10.966 - 10.984 (0.4317 - 0.4324)	10.95 (0.431)
	R/L	11.983 – 11.994 (0.4718 – 0.4722)	11.98 (0.472)

- Wheels/Tires			
Cold tire pressure	Front	15 psi (1.0 kg/cm, 100 kPa)	
	Rear	15 psi (1.0 kg/cm, 100 kPa)	
Front and rear axle runout	•		0.20 (0.008)
Front and rear wheel rim runout	Radial		2.0 (0.08)
	Axial		2.0 (0.08)
Front wheel hub-to-rim distance		20.0 (0.79)	
Rear wheel hub-to-rim distance		43.25 (1.703)	
Drive chain slack ('92)		35-40 (1-3/8-1-9/16)	
(After '92)		35-45 (1-3/8-1-49/64)	
Drive chain size/link	(DID)	520DS5/114	
	(RK)	520KZ3/114	
Drive chain slider thickness			5.0 (0.19)
Chain roller O.D.			25 (0.98)

 Front Suspens 	ion ————			Unit: mm (
Fork spring free I	ength	('92 – ' 94)	512 (20.2)	504.4 (19.86)
		('95)	490 (19.3)	487 (19.2)
		(After '95)	470 (18.5)	467 (18.4)
Fork air pressure			0 kPa (0 kg/cm², 0 psi)	
Fork spring direc	tion		Tapered end facing up	
Fork tube runout				0.20 (0.008)
Recommended for	ork oil		Pro Honda Suspension Fluid SS-7M	
			or equivalent	
Fork oil level	('92)	(Standard)	95 (3.74)	
		(Maximum)	93 (3.66)	
		(Minimum)	124 (4.88)	
	('93)	(Standard)	105 (4.13)	
		(Maximum)	93 (3.66)	
		(Minimum)	136 (5.35)	
	('94)	(Standard)	110 (4.33)	
	No. of the last	(Maximum)	101 (3.98)	
		(Minimum)	143 (5.63)	
	('95)	(Standard)	98 (3.86)	
	(33)	(Maximum)	84 (3.31)	
		(Minimum)	124 (4.88)	
	(After '95)	(Standard)		
	(Aiter 95)	(Maximum)	92 (3.62)	
		(Minimum)	73 (2.87)	
Fork oil capacity	(′92)	(Standard)	112 (4.41)	
ork on capacity	(92)		582 cc (19.7 oz)	
		(Maximum)	584 cc (19.8 oz)	
	(′93)	(Minimum)	552 cc (18.7 oz)	
	(93)	(Standard)	572 cc (19.3 oz)	
		(Maximum)	584 cc (19.8 oz)	
	((0.4)	(Minimum)	541 cc (18.3 oz)	
	('94)	(Standard)	567 cc (19.2 oz)	
		(Maximum)	576 cc (19.5 oz)	
	//05\	(Minimum)	534 cc (18.1 oz)	
	('95)	(Standard)	525 cc (17.8 oz)	
		(Maximum)	539 cc (18.2 oz)	
		(Minimum)	499 cc (16.9 oz)	
	(After '95)	(Standard)	636 cc (21.5 oz)	
		(Maximum)	658 cc (22.3 oz)	
		(Minimum)	613 cc (20.7 oz)	
Compression dan	nping adjuster standard (4 clicks from hardest position	
		('93 – '94)	6 clicks from hardest position	
		('95)	14 clicks from hardest position	
		(After '95)	8 clicks from hardest position	
Rebound dampin	g adjuster standard posit	tion ('92)	12 clicks from hardest position	
		(′93)	10 clicks from hardest position	
		('94)	12 clicks from hardest position	
		(After '94)	16 clicks from hardest position	

— Rear Suspension ——————			
Shock absorber spring free length ('92 - '93)	265 (10.4)	262 (10.3)	
('94)	280 (11.0)	277 (10.9)	
(After '94)		265 (10.4)	
Damper gas pressure		981 kPa (10.0 kg/cm², 142 psi)	
Damper compressed gas		Nitrogen gas	
Damper rod compressed force at 10 mm (0.4 in)		15.4 kg (34.0 lb)	
compressed			
Shock absorber spring installed length			
('92 – '93) (Stand	dard)	250 (9.8)	
(Maxi	mum)	260.5 (10.26)	
(Minia	mum)	244.5 (9.63)	
(′94) (Stand	dard)	268 (10.55)	
(Minii	mum)	262 (10.31)	
(After '94) (Stand	dard)	253.5 (9.98)	
(Maxi	mum)	255 (10.04)	
(Minii	mum)	246 (9.69)	
Compression damping adjuster standard position	('92)	16 – 19 clicks out from full in	
	('93)	5 – 9 clicks out from full in	
	('94)	10 – 13 clicks out from full in	
	('95)	6 – 9 clicks out from full in	
(After '95	5) Hi	1 turn out from full in	
	Low	3 – 6 clicks out from full in	
Rebound damping adjuster standard position	('92)	11 – 14 clicks out from full in	_
	('93)	8 – 12 clicks out from full in	
	('94)	13 – 16 clicks out from full in	
•	er '94)	9 – 12 clicks out from full in	
Shock absorber spring direction		Narrow end facing down	
Recommended shock absorber oil		Pro Honda Suspension Fluid SS-7	
		or equivalent	
Shock absorber oil capacity ('92 - '93)		290 cc (9.8 oz)	l ——
(′94)		317 cc (10.7 oz)	
(After '94)		311 cc (10.5 oz)	

Unit: mm (i				
ltem	Standard	Service Limit		
Front brake fluid brake pad wear indicator	DOT 3 or DOT 4	1.0 (0.04)		
MINIMUM THICKNESS INDICATOR 1 mm (0.04 in) REPLACE				
MINIMUM THICKNESS INDICATOR 1 mm (0.04 in) REPLACE WEAR INDICATOR GROOVES 1 mm (0.04 in)				
brake disc thickness brake disc warpage master cylinder I.D. master piston O.D. caliper cylinder I.D. caliper piston O.D. Rear brake fluid brake pad wear indicator	3.0 (0.12) 11.000-11.043 (0.4331-0.4348) 10.957-10.984 (0.4314-0.4324) 27.000-27.050 (1.0630-1.0650) 26.900-26.950 (1.0591-1.0610) DOT4	2.5 (0.10) 0.15 (0.006) 11.05 (0.435) 10.84 (0.427) 27.06 (1.065) 26.89 (1.059)		
MINIMUM THICKNESS INDICATOR 1 mm (0.04 in) REPLACE				
brake disc thickness brake disc warpage master cylinder I.D. master piston O.D. caliper cylinder I.D. caliper piston O.D.	4.5 (0.18) ————————————————————————————————————	4.0 (0.16) 0.15 (0.006) 12.76 (0.502) 12.64 (0.498) 27.06 (1.065) 26.89 (1.059)		

General Information

Ignition System —			
Spark plug	(Standard: CHAMPION)	QN-86	
	(Standard: NGK)	BR8EG	
	(Standard: NIPPONDENSO)	W24ESR-V	l
1	(Optional: CHAMPION)	QN-2G	
]	(Optional: NGK)	BR8EV	
	(Optional: NIPPONDENSO)	W24ESR-G	
Spark plug gap		0.5-0.6 (0.020-0.024)	
Ignition timing ("F" m	nark)	22° BTDC at 4,000 rpm	
Ignition coil resistance	e (at 20°C/68°F)		
	Primary	$0.4-0.6 \Omega$	
	Secondary with plug cap	13-23 kΩ	
	Secondary without plug cap	10-16 kΩ	
Alternator exciter coil	resistance (at 20°C/68°F)	1-40 Ω	
Ignition pulse generate	or coil resistance (at 20°C/68°F)	180-280 Ω	

Torque Values

Fastener Type N·m (kg-m, ft-lb)		Fastener Type	Torque N·m (kg-m, ft-lb)	
5 mm hex bolt and nut	5 (0.5, 3.6)	5 mm screw	4 (0.4, 2.9)	
6 mm hex bolt and nut	10 (1.0,7)	6 mm screw	9 (0.9, 6.5)	
8 mm hex bolt and nut	22 (2.2, 16)	6 mm flange bolt (8 mm head)	9 (0.9, 6.5)	
10 mm hex bolt and nut	35 (3.5, 25)	6 mm flange bolt (10 mm head) and nut	12 (1.2, 9)	
12 mm hex bolt and nut	55 (5.5, 40)	8 mm flange bolt and nut	27 (2.7, 20)	
		10 mm flange bolt and nut	40 (4.0, 29)	

Torque specifications listed below are for important fasteners. Others should be tightened to standard torque values listed above.

ltem	Q'ty	Thread dia. x Pitch (mm)	Torque N∙m (kg-m, ft-lb)	Remarks
Maintenance:				
Oil check bolt	1	6 x 1.0	10 (1.0, 7)	
Oil drain bolt	1	12 x 1.5	30 (3.0, 22)	
Fuel System:				
Carburetor insulator bolt	6	6 x 1.0	9 (0.9, 6.5)	
Reed valve stopper screw	4	3 x 0.5	1 (0.1, 0.7)	
Cooling System:				
Coolant drain bolt	2	6 x 1.0	10 (1.0, 7)	
Water pump cover bolt	4	6 x 1.0	12 (1.2, 9)	
Water pump impeller	1	7 x 1.0	12 (1.2, 9)	
Cylinder Head/Cylinder:				
Spark plug	1	14 x 1.25	18 (1.8, 13)	
Cylinder head nut	6	8 x 1.25	27 (2.7, 20)	
Cylinder mounting nut	4	10 x 1.25	40 (4.0, 29)	
Cylinder stud bolt	6	10 x 1.25	12 (1.2, 9)	
Clutch/Kickstarter/Gearshift Linkage:				
Clutch spring bolt	6	6 x 1.0	10 (1.0, 7)	
Clutch center lock nut	1	18 x 1.0	82 (8.2, 59)	
Shift drum center pin	1	8 x 1.25	22 (2.2, 16)	
Right crankcase cover bolt	10	6 x 1.0	10 (1.0, 7)	
Shift drum stopper arm bolt	1	6 x 1.0	12 (1.2, 9)	
Gearshift pedal pinch bolt	1	6 x 1.0	12 (1.2, 9)	
Kickstarter pedal bolt	1	8 x 1.25	27 (2.7, 20)	
Crankcase/Crankshaft/Transmission:				
Drive sprocket bolt	1	8 x 1.25	27 (2.7, 20)	
Countershaft bearing set plate bolt	2	6 x 1.0	10 (1.0, 7)	Note 1
Shift drum bearing set plate bolt	2	6 x 1.0	10 (1.0, 7)	
Primary drive gear bolt	1	10 x 1.25	45 (4.5, 33)	
Alternator:				
Alternator cover screw	4	6 x 1.0	4 (0.4, 2.9)	
Flywheel nut	1	12 x 1.25	55 (5.5, 34)	_ 1

Notes:

- 1. Apply a locking agent to the threads.
- 2. Apply oil to the threads and flange surface.
- 3. Stake.
- 4. U-nut.
- 5. UBS nut.

General Information

- Frame	Q'ty	Thread dia. x Pitch (mm)	Torque N⋅m (kg-m, ft-lb)	Remarks
Frame Body Panels/Exhaust System:				
Seat mounting bolt ('92 - '95)	2	8 x 1.25	22 (2.2, 16)	
(After '95)	2	8 x 1.25	27 (2.7, 20)	
Sub-frame mounting bolt	2	8 x 1.25	27 (2.7, 20)	
Silencer mounting bolt (rear)	1	6 x 1.0	14 (1.4, 10)	
		0 × 1.0	14 (1.4, 10)	
Engine Mounting:	2	10 × 1.25	65 (6.5, 47)	
Lower/Front mounting bolt	2	10 x 1.25		
Engine hanger plate bolt		8 x 1.25	27 (2.7, 20)	
Upper engine mounting bolt ('92)	1	10 x 1.25	43 (4.3, 31)	
(After '92)	1	10 x 1.25	40 (4.0, 29)	
Wheels/Tires:				
Front axle ('92 - '94)	1	14 × 1.5	87 (8.7, 63)	
(After '94)	1	16 x 1.5	88 (8.8, 64)	
Front axle holder bolt	4	8 x 1.25	20 (2.0, 14)	
Front rim lock nut	1	8 x 1.25	13 (1.3, 9)	
	36	BC3.5	3.8 (0.38, 2.7)	
Front spoke nipple	1		95 (9.5, 69)	Note 4
Rear axle nut		18 x 1.5		Note 5
Rear sprocket nut ('92 - '94)	6	8 x 1.25	33 (3.3, 24)	
(After '94)	6	8 x 1.25	33 (3.3, 24)	Note 4
Rear rim lock nut	2	8 x 1.25	13 (1.3, 9)	
Rear spoke nipple	32	BC4.0	3.8 (0.38, 2.7)	
Steering:				
Clutch lever bracket holder bolt	2	6 x 1.0	10 (1.0, 7)	
Clutch lever pivot bolt	1	6 x 1.0	2 (0.2, 1.5)	
Clutch lever pivot lock nut	1	6 x 1.0	10 (1.0, 7)	l
	i	4 × 0.7	1.5 (0.15, 1.1)	
Engine stop switch clamp screw				}
Front master cylinder holder bolt	2	6 x 1.0	10 (1.0, 7)	NI - A - A
Handlebar lower holder nut	2	10 x 1.25	35 (3.5, 25)	Note 4
Handlebar upper holder bolt	4	8 x 1.25	22 (2.2, 16)	ť
Throttle cable end cover screw	2	4 × 0.7	1.5 (0.15, 1.1)	
Throttle housing bolt	2	6 x 1.0	10 (1.0, 7)	1
Steering stem adjusting nut ('92 - '94)	1	26 x 1.5	2.0 (0.2, 1.4)	
(After '94)	1	26 x 1.0	13 (1.3, 9)	ļ.
Steering stem nut ('92)	1	24 x 1.5	118 (11.8, 85)	l
('93 – '94)	1	24 x 1.5		
	1		130 (13.0, 94)	
(After '94)		24 × 1.0	128 (12.8, 93)	1
Swingarm pivot bolt	1	16 x 1.5	90 (9.0, 65)	
Front Suspension:				
Fork top bridge pinch bolt ('92 – '95)	4	8 x 1.25	22 (2.2, 16)	
(After '95)	4	8 x 1.25	21 (2.1, 15)	
Fork bottom bridge pinch bolt	4	8 x 1.25	22 (2.2, 16)	
Fork cap ('92 – '94)	2	48 x 1.5	35 (3.5, 25)	
(After '94)	2	46 x 1.0	30 (3.0, 22)	
Fork cap lock nut ('92 – '94)	2	12 x 1.0		
	2	1	22 (2.2, 16)	
(After '94)		12 x 1.25	28 (2.8, 20)	N1-4 4
Fork center bolt	2	27 x 1.0	80 (8.0, 58)	Note 1
Fork protector mounting bolt	6	6 x 1.0	13 (1.3, 9)	Note 1
Rear Suspension:				
Shock absorber compression damping adjuster				
('92 – '94)	1	24 × 1.0	20 (2.0, 14)	
(After '94)	1	28 x 1.0	30 (3.0, 22)	
Shock absorber damper rod end nut ('92 – '94)	i	12 x 1.5	27 (2.7, 20)	
	i			
(After '94)		12 x 1.5	26 (2.6, 19)	
Shock absorber lower mounting bolt ('92)	1	10 x 1.25	43 (4.3, 31)	
('93)	1	10 x 1.25	45 (4.5, 33)	
(After '93)	1	10 x 1.25	43 (4.3, 31)	
Shock absorber spring lock nut ('92 - '94)	1	56 x 1.5	90 (9.0, 65)	
(After '94)	1	56 x 1.5	29 (2.9, 21)	
Shock absorber upper mounting bolt	1	10 x 1.25	45 (4.5, 33)	Note 4
Shock arm-to-shock link bolt	1	12 x 1.25	63 (6.3, 46)	Note 4
Shock arm-to-swingarm bolt ('92)	i	12 x 1.25	63 (6.3, 46)	Note 4
	1			
(After '92)	1	14 x 1.25	90 (9.5, 65)	Note 4
Shock link-to-frame bolt	1	12 x 1.25	63 (6.3, 46)	Note 4

- Notes:

 1. Apply a locking agent to the threads.
 2. Apply oil to the threads and flange surface.
 3. Stake.
 4. U-nut.
 5. UBS nut.

ltem	Q'ty	Thread dia. x Pitch (mm)	Torque N·m (kg-m, ft-lb)	Remarks
Brake System:				
Brake caliper bleed valve	2	8 x 1.25	6 (0.6, 4.3)	
Brake caliper pad pin	2	10 x 1.0	18 (1.8, 13)	
Brake caliper pad pin plug	2	10 x 1.0	3 (0.3, 2.2)	
Brake hose bolt	4	10 x 1.25	35 (3.5, 25)	
Brake hose guide ('92'94)	2	6 x 1.25	5.3 (0.53, 3.8)	
(After '94)	2	6 x 1.0	5.3 (0.53, 3.8)	
Brake lever adjuster lock nut	1	5 × 0.5	6 (0.6, 4.3)	
Brake lever pivot nut	1	6 x 1.0	6 (0.6, 4.3)	
Brake pedal pivot bolt	1	8 x 1.25	26 (2.6, 19)	
Front brake caliper mounting bolt	2	8 x 1.25	31 (3.1, 22)	Note 1
Front brake caliper pin bolt	1	8 x 1.25	23 (2.3, 17)	Note 1
bracket pin bolt ('92-'93)	1	8 x 1.25	13 (1.3, 9)	Note 1
(After '93)	1	8 x 1.25	23 (2.3, 17)	Note 1
Front brake disc mounting bolt ('92-'94)	4	6 x 1.0	20 (2.0, 14)	Note 1
(After '94)	4	6 x 1.0	16 (1.6, 12)	Note 4
Front brake disc cover mounting bolt	2	6 x 1.0	13 (1.3, 9)	Note 1
Front brake master cylinder holder bolt	2	6 x 1.0	10 (1.0, 7)	
Rear brake caliper pin bolt ('92-'94)	1	12 x 1.25	28 (2.8, 20)	Note 1
(After '94)	1	12 x 1.25	28 (2.8, 20)	
bracket pin bolt	1	8 x 1.25	13 (1.3, 9)	Note 1
Rear brake disc mounting bolt	4	8 x 1.25	43 (4.3, 31)	Note 1
Rear brake master cylinder mounting bolt				
('92-'94)	2	6 x 1.0	15 (1.5, 11)	Note 1
(After '94)	2	6 x 1.0	15 (1.5, 11)	
Rear disc guard screw	2	6 x 1.0	7 (0.7, 5.1)	Note 1
Others:				
Chain guide bolt	3	6 x 1.0	12 (1.2, 9)	Note 4
Chain tensioner roller bolt ('92-'94)	1	8 x 1.25	22 (2.2, 16)	
(After '94)	1	8 x 1.25	22 (2.2, 16)	Note 4

Notes:

- 1. Apply a locking agent to the threads.
- 2. Apply oil to the threads and flange surface.
- 3. Stake.
- 4. U-nut.
- 5. UBS nut.

Tools

• The newly designed tools are indicated with * mark in the list.

Description	Tool No.	Alternative	Tool No.	Ref. page
Fork slider spacer	07KMZ - KZ30101			
		or 07KMZ - KZ3010B		
		or 07KMZ – KZ3010A		
		(U.S.A. only)		
Seal case holder	07KMB - KZ30200			1
Oil seal driver ('92 – '95)	07KMD - KZ30100			
Oil seal driver attachment				1
(' 92 – ' 95)	07NMD - KZ30101			
*Oil seal driver (After '95)	07TMD - MAC0100			
Universal bearing puller	07631 - 0010000	Equivalent commercially		
Snap ring pliers	07914 - 3230001	available in U.S.A.		
Steering stem socket	07916 - KA50100			
Bearing remover	07936 - 3710300			
Bearing remover set, 20 mm	07936 - 3710001			
— Bearing remover	07936 - 3710600			
— Remover handle	07936 - 3710100			
— Remover weight	07741 - 0010201	Slider weight	07936 - 3710201	
Bearing remover set, 12 mm	07936 - 1660001	9		
— Remover weight	07741 - 0010201	Slider weight	07936 - 3710201	
— Remover head, 12 mm	07936 - 1660110			
— Remover shaft	07936 - 1660120			
Attachment, 28 x 30 mm	07946 - 1870100			
Crankcase puller	07937 - 4300001			
Water seal driver	07945 - KA30000			
Bearing race remover	07948 - 4630100			
Steering stem driver	07946 - MB00000			
Needle bearing driver	07946 - KA50000			
Assembly bolt	07965 - 1660200			1.0
Assembly collar	07965 - 1660302			
Threaded adapter	07965 - KA30000			
Bearing remover, 7 mm	07931 - KA30000			
Bearing driver, 7 mm	07946 - KA30100			
Spherical bearing driver	07HMF - KS60100			
Slider guide, 14 mm	07974 - KA40001			
Slider guide attachment				
('92 – '93)	07974 – KA50102			
Sleeve collar ('92 - '93)	07974 - KA30201			
Slider guide attachment				
(After '93)	07MAG - SP00102			
Driver head	07946 - KM40701			
Driver shaft	07946 - MJ00100			
Fork damper holder	07PMB - KZ40100	or 07PMB - KZ4010A		
		(U.S.A. only)		

Description	Tool No.	Alternative	Tool No.	Ref. page
Float level gauge	07401 - 0010000			
Spoke nipple wrench (Front)	07JMA - MR60100	- Equivalent commercially		
(Rear)	07701 – 0020400	☐ available in U.S.A.		
Retainer wrench body	07710 - 0010401			
Bearing retainer wrench B	07710 - 0010200			
Gear holder	07724 - 0010100	7		
Clutch center holder	07724 - 0050001	Equivalent commercially	p 1	
Universal holder	07725 - 0030000	☐ available in U.S.A.		
Flywheel puller	07733 - 0010000	Flywheel puller	07933 - 0010000	
Lock nut wrench, 20 x 24 mm	07716 - 0020100			84
Attachment, 32 x 35 mm	07746 - 0010100			
Attachment, 37 x 40 mm	07746 - 0010200			
Attachment, 42 x 47 mm	07746 - 0010300			
Attachment, 52 x 55 mm	07746 - 0010400			
Attachment, 62 x 68 mm	07746 - 0010500			
Attachment, 24 x 26 mm	07746 - 0010700			
Pilot, 12 mm	07746 - 0040200			
Pilot, 17 mm	07746 - 0040400			
Pilot, 20 mm	07746 - 0040500			1
Pilot, 22 mm	07746 - 0041000			
Pilot, 25 mm	07746 - 0040600			
Pilot, 28 mm	07746 - 0041100			
Bearing remover head, 17 mm	07746 - 0050500	7		
Bearing remover shaft	07746 - 0050100	Equivalent commercially		- 1
Bearing remover head, 20 mm	07746 - 0050600	☐ available in U.S.A.		
Driver	07749 - 0010000			

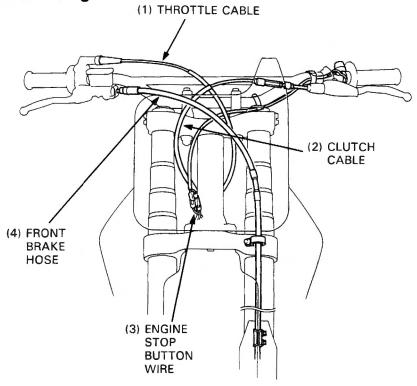
Optional ————————————————————————————————————	Tool No.	Remarks	Ref. page
Pin spanner A	89201 - KS - 810	x 2	

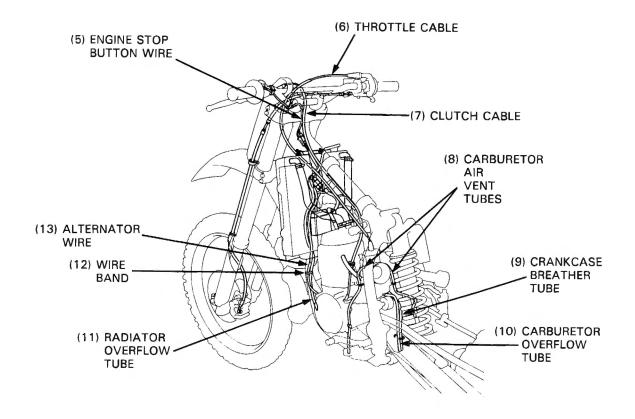
Lubrication & Seal Points

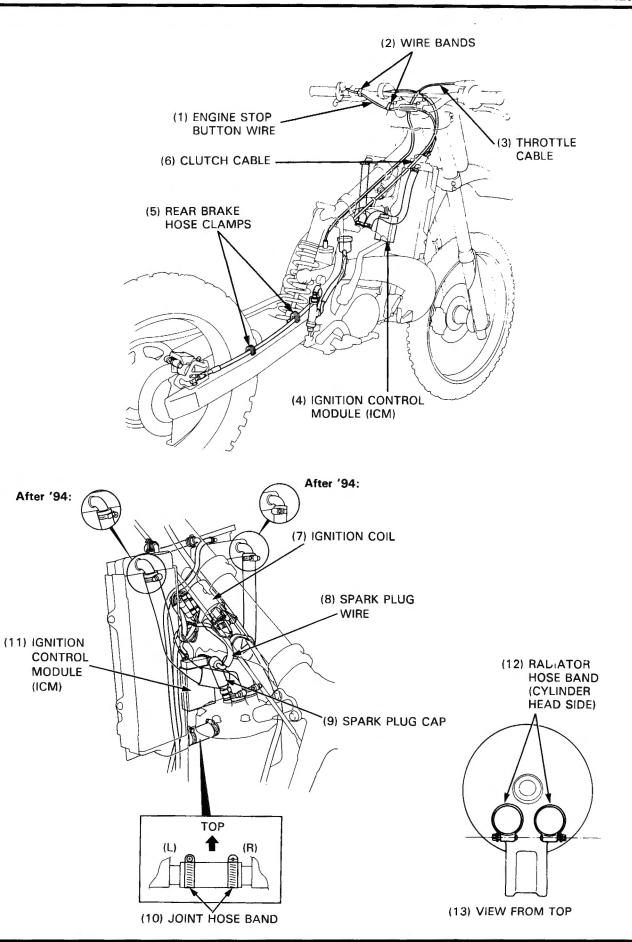
Location	Material	Remarks
Connecting rod big end Connecting rod small end needle bearing Crankshaft bearing Piston surface Piston pin outer surface Piston ring ends/outer surface	Honda HP2 2-Stroke Oil or equivalent	
Each bearing Transmission gear teeth/sliding surface	Pro Honda HP Trans Oil, Pro Honda GN4 4-Stroke Oil or an equivalent	
Mainshaft/countershaft spline Mainshaft/countershaft gear sliding surface Kickstarter spindle spline Kickstarter spindle gear sliding surface Water pump gear teeth	Molybdenum oil solution	
Oil seal lips Water seal lips	Multi-purpose grease	
Clutch lifter rod end	Molybdenum disulfide grease	
Clutch lifter	Molybdenum disulfide paste	
Cylinder stud bolt thread Kickstarter pedal bolt thread Countershaft bearing set plate screw	Hondalock 2 or equivalent	

Location	Material	Remarks
Throttle cable end Throttle grip sliding surface	Honda 4-Stroke Engine Oil or equivalent	
Throttle cable roller and collar sliding surface Steering stem bearing Wheel axle and swingarm pivot outer surface Swingarm bearings Brake pedal pivot sliding surface Gearshift pedal pin sliding surface Kickarm joint sliding surface Dust seal lips	Multi-purpose grease	Apply thin coat of grease
Brake lever pivot bolt sliding surface Brake lever adjusting bolt end Brake caliper pin bolt/pin bolt A Rear brake master cylinder push rod spherical surface/boot	Silicone grease	
Suspension linkage bearings	Molybdenum disulfide grease	
Shock absorber spherical bearing	Molybdenum disulfide paste	
Fork cap O-ring Fork oil seal lips	Pro Honda Suspension Fluid SS-7M or equivalent	
Fork protector mounting bolt Fort center bolt ('92—'94) Front brake caliper mounting bolt Front brake disc cover bolt (After '94) Front brake disc mounting bolt ('92—'94) Rear brake disc mounting bolt Brake hose guide screw Rear brake disc guard mounting screw Brake caliper pin bolt/pin bolt A Rear brake master cylinder mounting bolt	Hondalock 2 or equivalent	
Handlebar grip	Honda Hand Grip Cement	

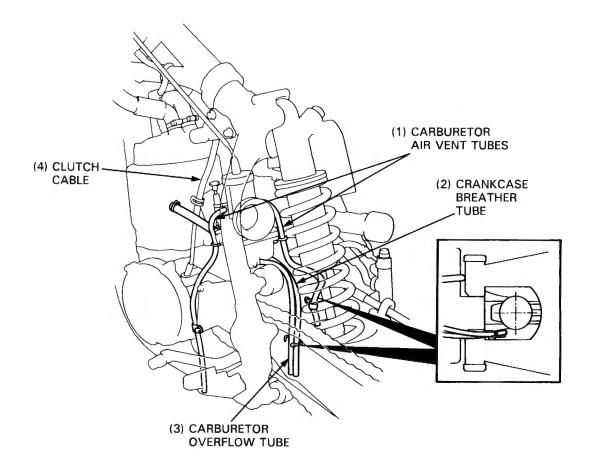
Cable & Harness Routing







(ICM)



Optional Parts

Engine Item			Remarks
Piston rings: Oversize piston ring Oversize pistons Optional		0.25 mm, 0.50 mm (2 size 0.25 mm, 0.50 mm (2 size The cylinder must be reborrings fitted if worn or seize rings with an oversize piste	es) red, and an oversize piston and piston ed. Use the correct oversize piston
		Oversize	Piston Manufacturing Tolerance
		0.25 mm (0.01 in)	89.180-89.200 (3.5110-3.5118
		0.50 mm (0.02 in)	89.430-89.450 (3.5209-3.5217
		NOTE: • After reboring, remove all ber as indicated below. 0.2-0.5 mm • Before reboring the cylind port bridge with your fing restored after boring. Rad a cutting stone. CAUTION • Failure to radius this bri	I burrs from each port edge and chan 1 burrs from each port edge and chan 1 0.7-1.0 mm 10°-20° 0.2-0.5 R 10-1.0 mm 10°-20° 10-1.0 mm 10-1.0 mm 10°-20° 10-1.0 mm 10-1.0 mm 10°-20° 10-1.0 mm 10-1.0 m
		37 mm FROM GAS	0.3-0.6 mm R 52.2 mm A-A 0.8-1.0 mm R 0.8-1.0 0.7-1.0 mm 0.2-0.5 mm 3 0.2-0.5 mm

	ltem			Remarks	
Carburetor: Main jet Jet Needles	Standard Optional Standard	#160-180 (ir			Size
	General flow characteristics	Jet needle number	O.D. (mm)	Taper angle	Specific flow characteristics
	Leaner than the stock R1368NS needle	R1369N	2.695	1°30′	Leaner only at 1/8 to 1/4 throttle
	Leaner than R1369N needle	R1370N	2.705	1°30′	Leaner only at 1/8 to 1/4 throttle
	Richer than the stock R1368NS needle	R1367N	2.675	1°30′	Richer only at 1/8 to 1/4 throttle
	Richer than R1367N needle	R1366N	2.665	1°30′	Richer only at 1/8 to 1/4 throttle
		R 13 68 N	jet needle i ER ANGLE: 2. <u>68</u> 5 mm	<u>1°3</u> 0′	NEEDLE Taper angle NUMBER O.D:
Jet needle o Slow jet	lip standard position Standard Optional	4th groove from #55 #50-60 (in in	,	f 2 or 3)	

lte	m		. Remarks
Maintenance: Workstand	B		For maintenance
Air pressure gauge Pin spanner	2		For checking tire air pressure Pin spanner A x 2 For rear shock absorber spring length (preload) adjustment (two required)
Seat		Standard Optional	Seat (A): Seat thickness 113 mm (4.4 in) Seat (B): Seat thickness 96 mm (3.8 in)
Drive Chain & sprocket:			105 mm (A) (B) (C) (B) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C
Driven sprocket		Standard Optional	49T (Aluminum) '92 – '95: 47T (Aluminum) After '95: 48T (Aluminum) '92 – '95: 51T (Aluminum) After '95: 50T (Aluminum)
Driven chain		Standard Optional	49T (Steel: for muddy or sandy track conditions) DID520DS5/114 links RK520KZ3/114 links DID520DS5/116 links
			RK520KZ3/116 links

ı	tem	Remarks		
Fork:				
Spring	′92−′94:			
	Туре	Spring range	Identification mark	
	Light	0.38 kg/mm (21.28 lb/in)	1-coil	
	Standard	0.40 kg/mm (22.40 lb/in)	2-coils	
	Heavy	0.42 kg/mm (23.52 lb/in)	slit	
	After '94:			
	Type	Spring range	Identification mark	
	Light	0.39 kg/mm (21.84 lb/in)	2 scribe marks on opposite sides	
	Standard	0.41 kg/mm (22.96 lb/in)	1 scribe mark and 2 scribe mark on opposite sides or No mark	
	Heavy	0.43 kg/mm (24.08 lb/in)	3 single scribe marks	
Rear shock absorber: Spring	′92–′94:			
opg	Туре	Spring range	Identification mark	
	Light	5.2 kg/mm (291.2 lb/in)	No mark	
	Standard	5.6 kg/mm (313.6 lb/in)	Green Mark	
	Heavy	6.0 kg/mm (336.0 lb/in)	Red Mark	
	After '94:			
	Туре	Spring range	Identification mark	
	Light	5.4 kg/mm (302.4 lb/in)	No mark	
	Standard	5.6 kg/mm (313.6 lb/in)	Blue Mark	
	Heavy	5.8 kg/mm (324.8 lb/in)	Green Mark	

МЕМО

2. Frame/Body Panels/Exhaust System

Service Information	2-1	Fuel Tank	2-2
Service information	2-1	i dei Talik	2-2
Troubleshooting	2-1	Exhaust System	2-3
Seat	2-2	Sub-frame	2-4
Side Cover	2-2		

Service Information

General

A WARNING

- Gasoline is extremely flammable and is explosive under certain conditions.
- · Serious burns may result if the exhaust system is not allowed to cool before components are removed or serviced.
- Work in a well ventilated area. Smoking or allowing flames or sparks in the working area or where gasoline is stored can cause a fire or explosion.
- · This section covers removal and installation of the frame body panels, fuel tank and exhaust system.
- · Always replace the exhaust pipe gasket when removing the exhaust pipe from the engine.
- · Always inspect the exhaust system for leaks after installation.

Torque Values

Seat mounting bolt	22 N·m (2.2 kg-m, 16 ft-lb)
Sub-frame mounting bolt	27 N·m (2.7 kg-m, 20 ft-lb)
Silencer mounting bolt (rear)	14 N·m (1.4 kg-m, 10 ft-lb)

Troubleshooting

Excessive exhaust noise

- Broken exhaust system
- · Exhaust gas system
- · Worn silencer glass wool packing

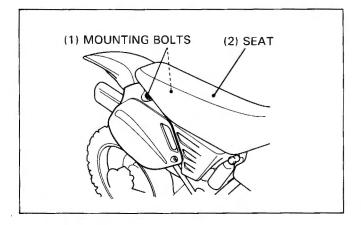
Poor performance

- Deformed exhaust system
- Exhaust gas leak
- Clogged muffler/silencer

Seat

Removal

Remove the two mounting bolts and seat.



Installation

Align the hook of the seat with the mounting screw on the fuel tank.

Also align the seat side prongs with the sub-frame tabs.

Install and tighten the seat mounting bolts.

Torque: 22 N·m (2.2 kg-m, 16 ft-lb)

Side Covers

Removal/Installation

Remove the seat (See above).
Remove the flange bolt and side cover.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

Fuel Tank

Removal/Installation

A WARNING

 Gasoline is extremely flammable and is explosive under certain conditions.

Remove the seat (See above).

Turn the fuel valve OFF, and disconnect the fuel line.

Remove the radiator shroud bolts and washers.

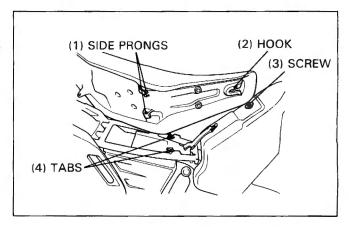
Remove the fuel tank mounting bolts, unhook the band and remove the fuel tank.

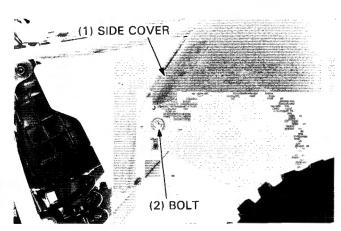
Remove the bolts and radiator shroud.

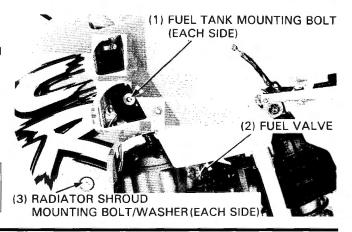
Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

NOTE

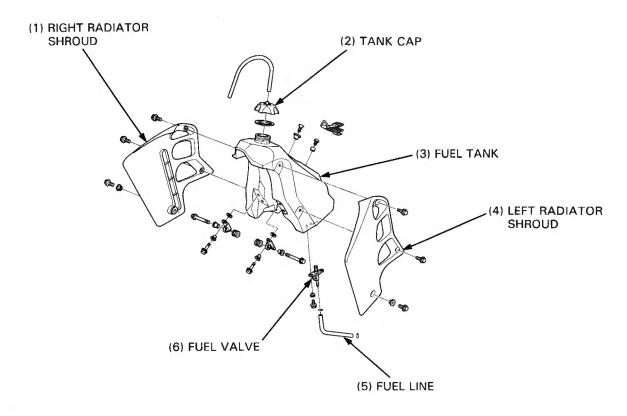
- · Before installation, make sure there are no fuel leaks.
- Install the breather tube into the stem nut.
- Fuel filter maintenance (See Owner's Manual).







Disassembly/Assembly



Exhaust System

Silencer Removal/Installation

Remove the seat and right side cover (page 2-2). Remove the silencer case mounting bolts, silencer case and sealing rubber.

Check the joint rubber for wear or damage. Replace the joint rubber if necessary. Glass wool packing maintenance (see page 3-15).

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

Torque: Silencer mounting bolt (rear) 14 N·m (1.4 kg-m, 10 ft-lb)

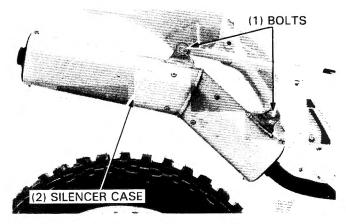
Expansion Chamber Removal/Installation

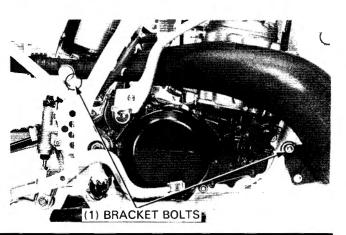
AWARNING

Do not service the exhaust system while it is hot.

Remove the seat and right side cover (page 2-2).

Loosen the chamber bracket bolts.

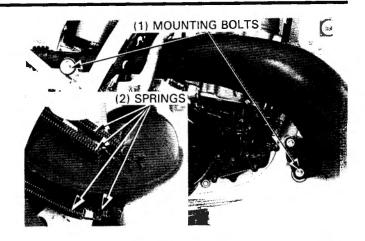




Frame/Body Panels/Exhaust System

Unhook and remove the chamber springs.
Remove the mounting bolts and expansion chamber.

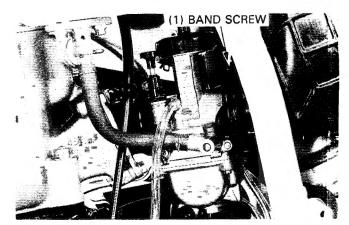
Installation is in the reverse order of removal.



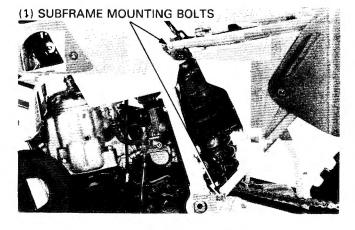
Sub-frame

Removal

Remove the seat (page 2-2). Loosen the air cleaner connecting tube band screw.



Remove the three sub-frame mounting bolts. Remove the sub-frame by pulling it straight backward.



Installation

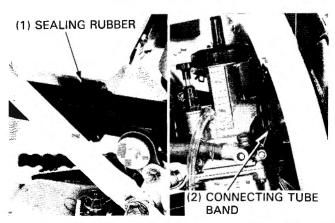
Loosely attach the upper and lower ends of the sub-frame to the main-frame while connecting the expansion chamber to the silencer pipe with the sealing rubber and air cleaner connecting tube to the carburetor.

Tighten the screw on the connecting tube band.

Align the sub-frame with the rear wheel and tighten the sub-frame mounting bolts and nut.

Torque: 27 N·m (2.7 kg-m, 20 ft-lb)

Install the seat.



3. Maintenance

		011111111	
Service Information	3-1	Drive/Driven Sprockets	3-11
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Transmission Oil	3-8	Swingarm/Shock Linkage	3-17
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Drive Chain Sliders	3-11	Wheels/Tires	3-18
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Service Information

General

Refer to Common Service Manual for items not included in this manual. Refer to specifications (Section 1) for maintenance data.

Specifications

ltem		Service Limit	
Transmission oil capacity	750 cc (25 US		
	680 cc (23 US		
Recommended transmission oil	Pro Honda HP Trans Oil, SAE 10W-40 or classification: SF or		
Clutch lever free play	10-20 mm (3/8-3/4 in)		
Throttle grip free play	3-5 mm (1/8-1/4 in)		
Recommended spark plug Standard	CHAMPION	QN-86 (QN-2G)	
(Optional)	NGK	BR8EG (BR8EV)	
	NIPPONDENSO	W24ESR-V (W24ESR-G)	
Spark plug gap	0.5-0.6 mm (0.020-0.024 in)		

Item		Standard	Service Limit	
Drive chain slack '92		35-40 mm (1-3/8-1-9/16 in)		
	After '92	35-45 mm (1-3/8-1-49/64)		
Chain roller O.D.			25.0 mm (0.98 in)	
Chain Slider (from uppe	er surface)		5.0 mm (0.19 in)	
Tire size Tire pressure	Front, Rear	80/100-21 51M, 110/100-18 64M		
	Front/Rear	15 psi (1.0 kg/cm², 100 kPa)		

Torque Values

Rear axle nut
95 N·m (9.5 kg-m, 69 ft-lb)
Front/Rear spoke nipple
3.8 N·m (0.38 kg-m, 2.7 ft-lb)
Front/Rear rim lock nut
13 N·m (1.3 kg-m, 9 ft-lb)
Chain tensioner roller bolt
22 N·m (2.2 kg-m, 16 ft-lb)

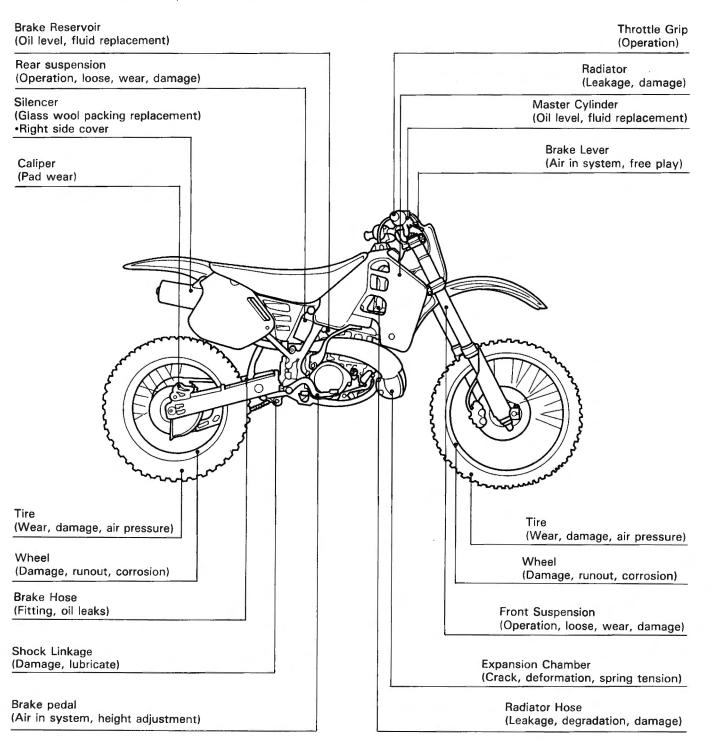
Special Tools

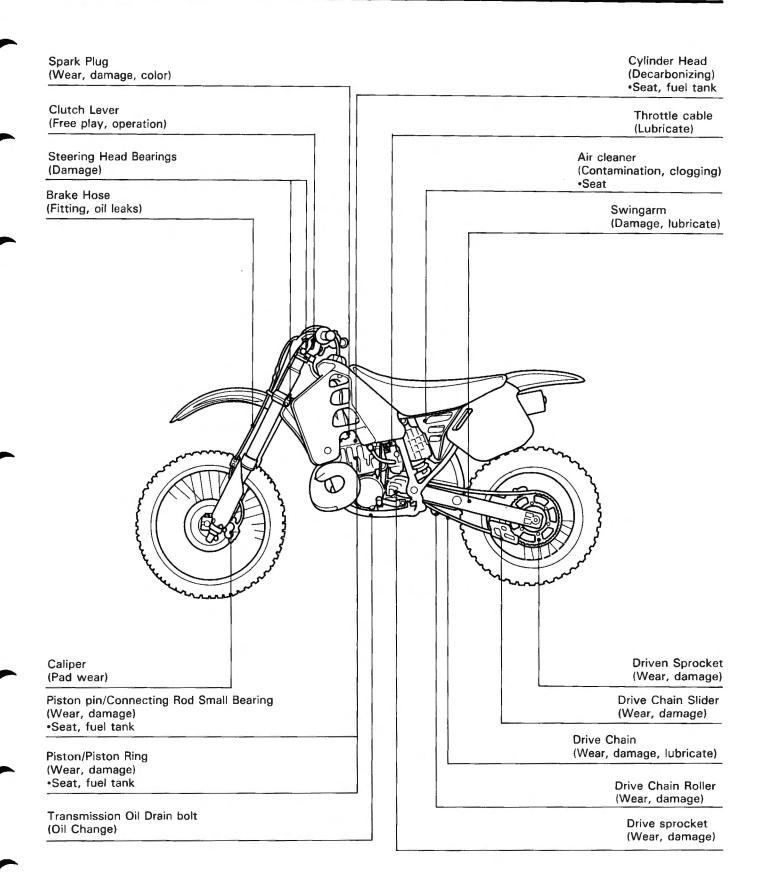
Common

Spoke nipple wrench 07JMA-MR60100 or equivalent commercially available in U.S.A.

Service Access Guide

- · The following shows the locations of the parts that must be removed for the maintenance items listed below.
- Refer to section 2 (Frame/body panels/exhaust system), for the parts that must be removed for service.
 For example: Air Cleaner (Contamination, clogging): Parts
 - Seat-The parts that must be removed for service.





Competition Maintenance Schedule

Perform the Pre-Ride Inspection in the Owner's Manual at each scheduled maintenance period. I: Inspect and Clean, Adjust, Lubricate or Replace if necessary. C: Clean. R: Replace. L: Lubricate.

FREQUENCY	NOTE	Each race or about 2.5 hours	Every 3 races or about 7.5 hours	Every 9 races or about 22.5 hours	Ref. page
THROTTLE OPERATION		1			3-6
AIR CLEANER	(NOTE 1)	С			3-6
SPARK PLUG		i	R		3-8
RADIATOR COOLANT	(NOTE 2)	1			3-8
COOLING SYSTEM		1			3-8
CYLINDER HEAD DECARBONIZING			. С		7-3
PISTON AND PISTON RINGS			R		7-5
PISTON PIN AND CONNECTING ROD SMALL END BEARING				R	7-5
TRANSMISSION OIL			R		3-8
DRIVE CHAIN		I, L	R		3-10
DRIVE CHAIN SLIDERS		I			3-11
DRIVE CHAIN ROLLERS		1			3-11
DRIVE SPROCKET		1			3-11
DRIVEN SPROCKET		1			3-11
BRAKE FLUID	(NOTE 2)	ı			3-12
BRAKE PADS WEAR		1			3-12
BRAKE SYSTEM		1			3-13
CLUTCH SYSTEM		1			3-13
CONTROL CABLES		I, L			3-14
EXPANSION CHAMBER/SILENCER		ı			3-15
SUSPENSION		1			3-16
SWINGARM/SHOCK LINKAGE			L		3-17, 11-29, 32
FORK OIL	(NOTE 3)		R		10-28
NUTS, BOLTS, FASTENERS		I			1-13, 3-17
WHEELS/TIRES					3-17
STEERING HEAD BEARINGS				1	3-18

This maintenance schedule is based upon average riding conditions. Machines subjected to severe use require more frequent servicing.

NOTE: 1. Clean after every moto for dusty riding conditions.

- 2. Replace every 2 years. Replacement requires mechanical skill.
- 3. Replace after the first break-in ride.

Additional Items Requiring Frequent Replacement

- Engine		
Item	Cause	Remark
Cylinder head gasket	Compression leak	Replace whenever disassembled
Reed valve	Damage or fatigue	
Clutch disc	Wear or discoloration	
Cylinder base gasket	Leakage	Replace whenever disassembled
Crankcase cover gaskets	Damage/Leakage	Replace whenever disassembled

Item	Cause	Remark
Front/rear tire	Wear	
Front/rear brake pads	Wear	Minimum thickness: 1 mm (0.04 in)
Sub frame mounting bolts	Fatigue or damage	
Chain guide sliders	Wear or damage	
Side cover	Damage	
Front number plate	Damage	
Front/rear fender	Damage	
Fork protectors	Damage	
Clutch lever/holder	Play or damage	
Brake lever	Play or damage	
Handlebar	Bent or cracked	
Throttle housing	Damage	
Grip rubber	Damage	
Gearshift pedal	Damage	
Brake pedal	Damage	
Chain adjuster/bolt	Damage	
Air cleaner	Damage	
Exhaust system spring/hook	Fatigue or damage	
Drive/driven sprocket	Wear or damage	
Drive chain	Wear	

NOTE: The parts replacement intervals shown in the above table are based upon average riding conditions. Machines subjected to severe use require more frequent servicing.

Throttle Operation

Check the throttle grip for smooth operation from full open to full closed. Be certain it closes automatically in all steering positions.

Inspect the throttle cable for deterioration, damage, or kinks.

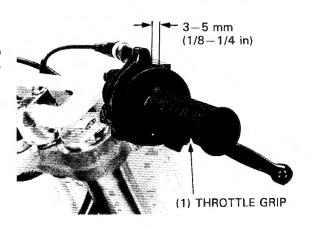
Replace the cable as required.

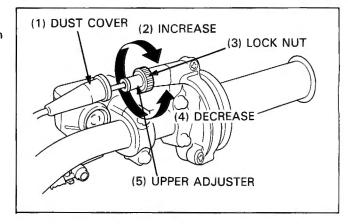
Measure throttle grip free play at the throttle grip flange.

Throttle Grip Free Play: 3-5 mm (1/8-1/4 in)

Minor adjustment is made with the adjuster at the housing. Slide the rubber protector down and loosen the lock nut, then turn the adjuster.

Tighten the lock nut.



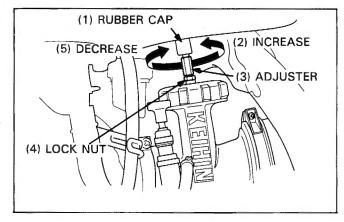


Major adjustments are made at the carburetor end of the cable.

Turn the adjuster at the throttle grip in all the way.

Pull the rubber cap up, loosen the lock nut, and turn the adjuster. Tighten the lock nut and reinstall the rubber cap.

Check that the throttle grip turns smoothly and returns completely in all steering positions.



Air Cleaner

Remove the seat (page 2-2).
Remove the air cleaner housing cover.

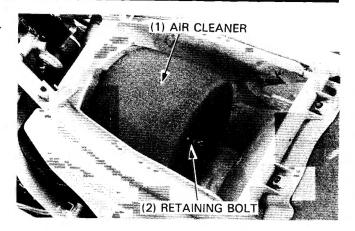
NOTE

 Use the air cleaner housing cover only when riding in wet conditions.



Loosen the air cleaner retaining bolt. Remove the air cleaner.

Remove the air cleaner from the holder.



Thoroughly wash the air cleaner in non-flammable or high flash point solvent. Then wash the air cleaner again in hot, soapy water and allow to dry. Clean the inside of the air cleaner housing.

A WARNING

Never use gasoline or low flash point solvents for cleaning the air cleaner. A fire or explosion could result.

NOTE

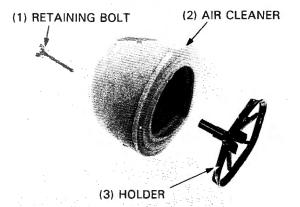
 The air cleaner is made in two pieces: inner and outer, which can't be separated.

Allow the air cleaner to dry thoroughly.

After drying, soak the air cleaner in clean Honda Foam Filter Oil or an equivalent.

Apply air filter oil to the entire surface of the air cleaner and rub it with both hands to saturate the element with oil. Gently squeeze out excess oil.

Apply a thin coat of Honda white lithium grease or an equivalent to the sealing surface.



Assemble the air cleaner and holder and put the air cleaner retaining bolt through the assembly.

Install the assembly into the air cleaner housing while aligning the tab on the air cleaner and index mark in the air cleaner housing. Tighten the retaining bolt securely.

Install the air cleaner housing cover.

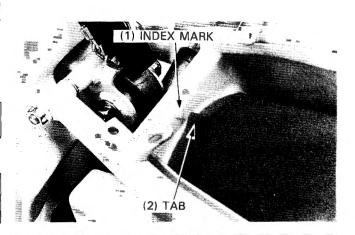
Install the seat (page 2-2).

NOTE

 The air cleaner housing cover should only be used when riding in wet conditions.

CAUTION

 If the air cleaner assembly is not installed correctly, dirt and dust may enter the engine resulting in wear of the piston ring and cylinder.



Spark Plug

Remove the spark plug and inspect it for damage. Discard the plug if the insulator is cracked or chipped.

Recommended Spark Plug (or equivalent):

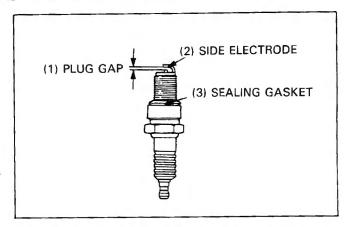
CHAMPION QN-86 (QN-2G)
NGK BR8EG (BR8EV)
NIPPONDENSO W24SR-V (W24ESR-G)

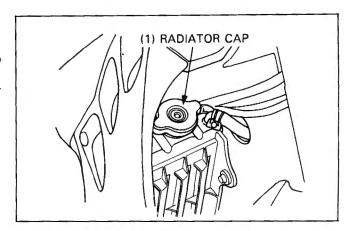
If necessary, adjust the gap by bending the side electrode carefully. Measure again, then reinstall the spark plug.

Spark Plug Gap: 0.5-0.6 mm (0.020-0.024 in)

Radiator Coolant

Check the coolant level with the engine cold; it should be up to the filler neck. Add coolant as required (page 5-3). Check that all cooling system components are in good condition, secure, and not leaking.





Cooling System

Remove the fuel tank (page 2-2).

Inspect the hoses for cracks and deterioration.

Replace, if necessary. Check the tightness of the hose clamps and radiator mounting bolts.

Use only water and a soft brush to rinse off any dirt that may be stuck in the radiator core.

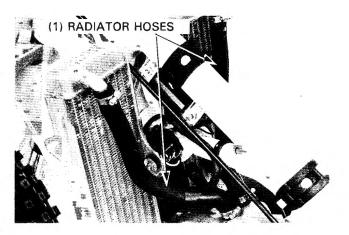
Transmission Oil

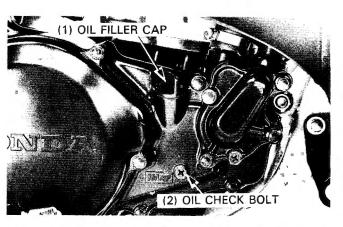
Inspecting & Adding Transmission Oil

- 1) Run the engine for three minutes, then shut it off.
- Wait three minutes after shutting off the engine to allow the oil to properly distribute itself in the clutch and transmission.
- 3) Support the CR in an upright position on a level surface.
- 4) Remove the oil filler cap and check bolt from the right crankcase cover. A small amount of oil should flow out of the check bolt hole. Allow any excess oil to flow out of the check bolt hole.
- 5) If no oil flows out of the check bolt hole, add oil slowly through the oil filler hole until oil starts to flow out of the check bolt hole. Install the oil check bolt and filler cap.
- 6) Repeat steps 1-4.
- After inspecting the oil level or adding oil, tighten the oil check bolt and filler cap securely.

Torque:

Oil Check Bolt: 10 N·m (1.0 kg-m, 7 ft-lb)





Replacing Transmission Oil

NOTE

- Transmission oil should be changed at least every 3 races or 7.5 hours of running to ensure consistent performance and maximum service life of both transmission and clutch components.
- Warm-up the engine before draining the oil.
 This ensures complete and rapid draining.

A WARNING

- If the engine must be running to do some work, make sure the area is well ventilated. Never run the engine in an enclosed area. The exhaust contains poisonous carbon monoxide gas that can cause loss of consciousness and may lead to death.
- 1) Run the engine for three minutes, then shut it off.
- 2) Support the CR in an upright position on a level surface.
- 3) Remove the oil filler cap from the right crankcase cover.
- 4) Place an oil drain pan under the engine to catch the oil. Then remove the drain bolt.

CAUTION

- Used transmission oil may cause skin cancer if repeatedly left in contact with the skin for prolonged periods.
 Although this is unlikely unless you handle used oil on a daily basis, it is still advisable to thoroughly wash your hands with soap and water as soon as possible after handling used oil.
- 5) After the oil has drained completely, install the drain bolt with a new sealing washer.

Torque: 30 N·m (3.0 kg-m, 22 ft-lb)

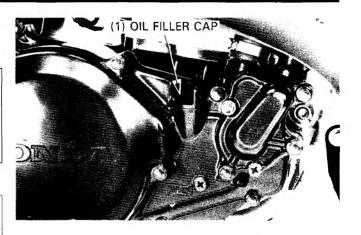
6) Add the recommended oil.

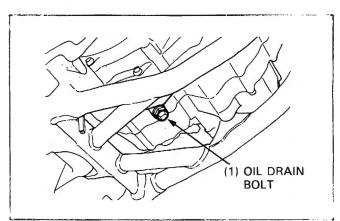
Capacity: 680 cc (23 US oz, 24 Imp oz) at oil change Recommended oil: Pro Honda HP Trans Oil, Pro Honda GN4 4-Stroke Oil, SAE 10W-40 or an equivalent.

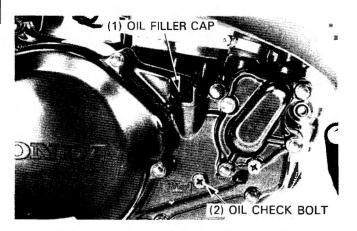
API Service classification: SF or SG

NOTE

- Use only high detergent, premium quality motor oil certified to meet or exceed USA automobile manufacturer's requirements for Service Classification SF or SG.
- Check the oil level by following the steps in Inspecting & Adding Transmission oil (page 3-8).







Drive Chain

NOTE

For maximum service life, the drive chain should be cleaned and lubricated before each outing.

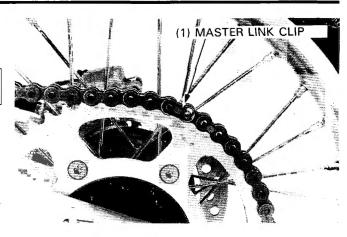
Stop the engine and shift to neutral. Place the engine on a work stand or box. Carefully remove the master link clip with pliers. Remove the master link and the drive chain.

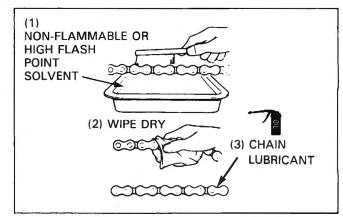
Clean the drive chain in non-flammable or high flash point solvent and wipe it dry.

Inspect the chain for possible wear or damage; replace any chain that has damaged rollers, loose fitting links, or otherwise appears unserviceable.

Reinstall the drive chain and lubricate with Honda chain lubricant, or its equivalent.

Note the direction of the master link clip. (Its open end should face in the opposite direction of wheel rotation.)





Adjustment

Raise the rear wheel off the ground by placing a work stand or box under the engine.

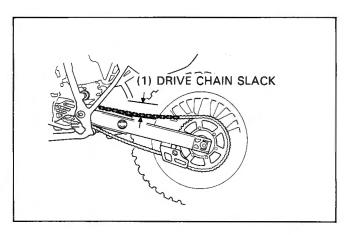
'92:35-40 mm (1-3/8-1-9/16 in) Chain slack: After '92: 35-45 mm (1-3/8-1-49/64)

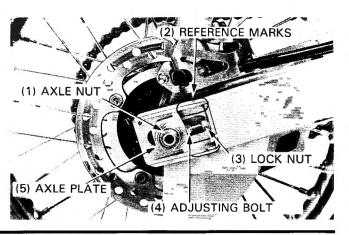
If the chain needs adjustment, loosen the axle nut and lock nuts, and turn the adjusting bolts to increase or decrease chain slack.

Align the front edges of the axle plates with the same reference marks on both sides of the swingarm. Tighten the axle nut.

Torque: 95 N·m (9.5 kg-m, 69 ft-lb)

After tightening the axle nut, seat the adjusting bolts snugly against the adjusting plate and tighten the lock nuts.

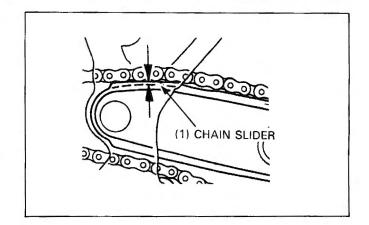




Drive Chain Sliders

Inspect the drive chain slider for excessive wear.

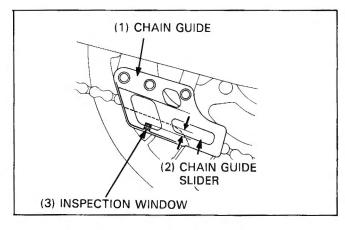
Service Limit: 5.0 mm (0.19 in) from upper surface



Check the chain guide slider and chain guide for alignments, wear or damage.

Replace the chain guide slider if the chain is visible through the wear inspection window.

Replace the chain guide if it is damaged or worn.



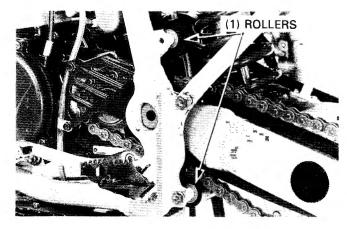
Drive Chain Rollers

Inspect the drive chain rollers for excessive wear and for smooth rolling condition.

Service Limit: Minimum roller O.D.: 25 mm (0.98 in)

Replace if necessary, then tighten the roller bolts.

Torque: 22 N·m (2.2 kg-m, 16 ft-lb)

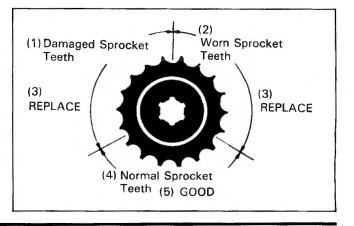


Drive/Driven Sprocket

Inspect the sprocket teeth for excessive wear or damage. Replace if necessary.

NOTE

 Never install a new drive chain on worn sprockets or a worn chain on new sprockets. Both chain and sprockets must be in good condition, or the new replacement chain or sprockets will wear rapidly.



Brake Fluid

Front Brake

Check the front brake fluid reservoir level. If the level is near the lower level mark, remove the cover and diaphragm.

CAUTION

- Do not remove the cover unless the reservoir is level because fluid may spill out.
- Do not mix different types of fluid, as they are not compatible with each other.
- Avoid spilling fluid in painted, plastic or rubber parts. Place a rag over these parts whenever the system is serviced.

Fill the reservoir with DOT 3 or DOT 4 brake fluid from a sealed container to the casting ledge.

If the level was low, check the entire system for leaks.

Rear Brake

Check the rear brake fluid reservoir level. If the level is near the lower level mark, remove the cap and fill the reservoir with DOT 4 brake fluid from a sealed container to the upper level mark.

CAUTION

- Do not remove the cover unless the reservoir is level because fluid may spill out.
- Do not mix different types of fluid, as they are not compatible with each other.
- Avoid spilling fluid in painted, plastic or rubber parts. Place a rag over these parts whenever the system is serviced.

If the level was low, check brake pad wear and the entire system for leaks.

Refer to section 12 for brake bleeding procedures.

Inspect the brake hose and fittings for deterioration, cracks or signs of leakage. Tighten any loose fittings.

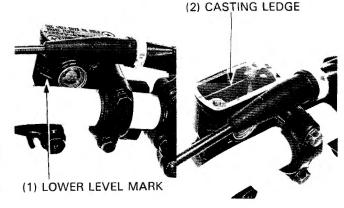
Replace hoses and fittings as required.

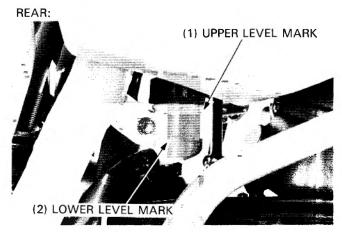
Brake Pads Wear

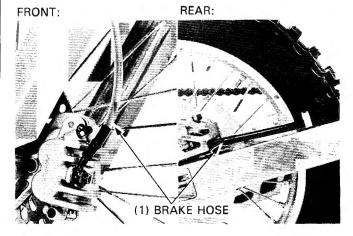
Check the brake pads for wear.

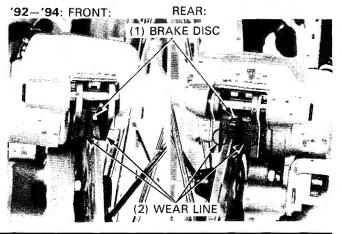
Replace the brake pads if either pad is worn to the bottom of the wear line (page 12-5).

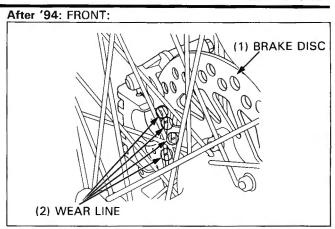












Brake System

Brake Lever Adjustment

The front brake lever position can be adjusted by loosening the lock nut and turning the adjuster. Turning the adjuster clockwise moves the brake lever farther away from the grip; turning the adjuster counter-clockwise moves the brake lever closer to the grip. Tighten the lock nut securely.

If the brake lever free play exceeds 20 mm (0.8 in), there is probably air in the brake system and it must be bled. Refer to the Common Service Manual.

CAUTION

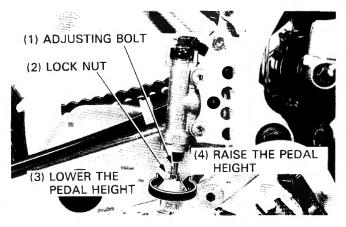
 Apply silicone grease to the contact faces of the adjuster bolt and piston.

Brake Pedal Adjustment

Adjust the brake pedal to the desired height by loosening the lock nut and turning the pedal height adjusting bolt. Tighten the lock nut.

If the brake pedal free play exceeds 30 mm (1.2 in), there is probably air in the brake system and it must be bled. Refer to the Common Service Manual.

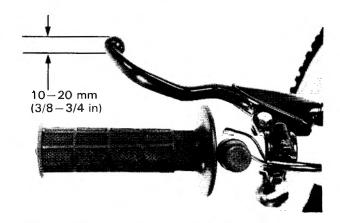
(1) LOCK NUT (3) LESS THAN 20 mm (0.8 in)



Clutch System

Measure the clutch free play at the lever end.

Free play: 10-20 mm (3/8-3/4 in)



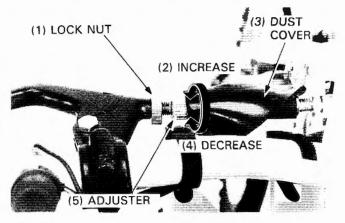
Adjust as follows:

Minor adjustments are made at the adjuster near the lever.

Pull the cover back.

Loosen the lock nut and turn the adjuster. Tighten the lock nut.

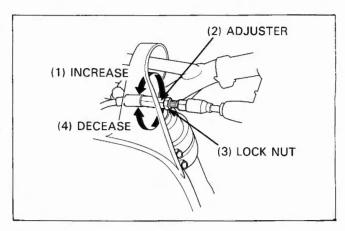
If the adjuster is threaded out near its limit and the correct free play cannot be obtained, turn the adjuster all the way in and back out one turn. Tighten the lock nut, install the dust cover and make a major adjustment as described on the following page:



Major adjustments are performed with the adjuster behind the front number plate.

Loosen the lock nut and turn the adjuster. Tighten the lock nut.

If proper free play cannot be obtained, or the clutch slips during the test ride, disassemble and inspect the clutch. (See section 8).

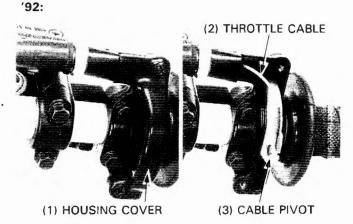


Control Cables

'92:

Remove the throttle cable end cover.

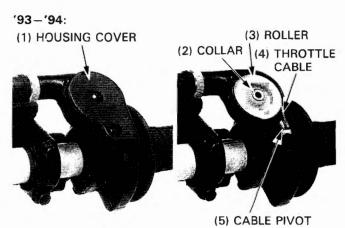
Disconnect the throttle cable upper end from the throttle grip.



'93-'94:

Remove the throttle cable end cover. Remove the throttle cable roller and collar.

Disconnect the throttle cable end from the throttle grip.



After '94:

Remove the throttle housing dust cover. Remove the throttle cable end cover. Remove the throttle cable roller and collar.

Disconnect the throttle cable end from the throttle grip.

Disconnect the clutch cable upper end from the clutch lever.

Lubrication

Thoroughly lubricate the cable pivot points with a commercially available cable lubricant.

After '92:

Apply a thin coat of grease to the sliding surface of the roller and collar.

NOTE

It is not necessary to lubricate the cables anywhere except the pivot points.

If clutch lever or throttle operation is not smooth, replace the cable.

CAUTION

 Be sure the throttle returns freely from fully open to fully closed automatically, in all steering positions.

Throttle Assembly

If there is any binding or gritty feeling to the throttle action, remove the throttle assembly and thoroughly clean the inside of the grip housing and the handlebar.

Apply a light coating of silicone spray to the handlebar and reinstall the assembly in the reverse order of removal.

CAUTION

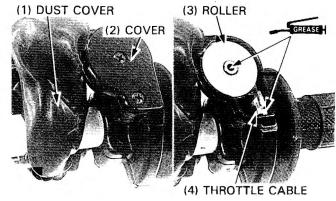
 Check that the throttle moves freely from full open to full close in all steering positions. Be sure the handlebar can move freely from stop to stop without cable interference.

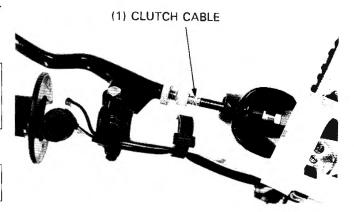
Expansion Chamber/Silencer

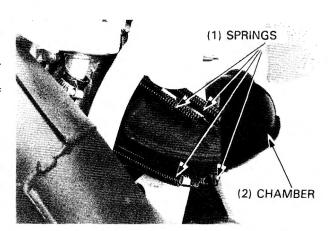
Check the expansion chamber for signs of cracks or defor-

Check the expansion chamber springs for damage or loss of tension.

After '94:







Silencer Glass Wool Replacement

Remove the silencer (page 2-3). Remove the silencer case bolts. Pull out the inner pipes.

NOTE

 Hold the stay of the silencer case gently in a vise with a shop towel or soft jaws to avoid damage.

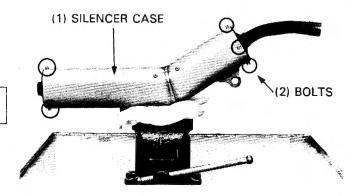
Remove the glass wool packing.

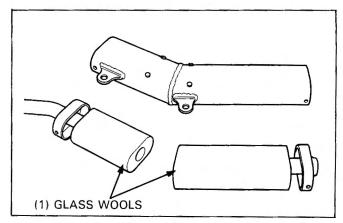
Remove the carbon deposits from the inner pipe using a wire brush.

Install the new glass wool packing material, opening the cut in the glass wool.

NOTE

· Be careful not to damage the glass wool packing.



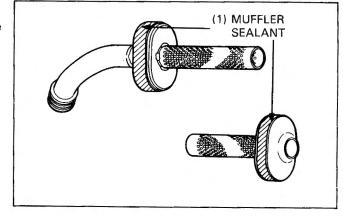


Apply muffler sealant where shown.

Insert the inner pipe into the silencer case, aligning each of the bolt holes.

Install and tighten the silencer case bolts.

Wipe off the excess sealant.



Suspension

Front

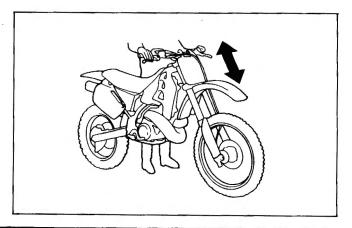
Check the action of the fork by compressing the front suspension several times.

Check the entire fork assembly for signs of leaks, damage or loose fasteners.

Remove any dirt that has accumulated on the bottom of the fork seals

Replace any components which are unserviceable.

See Section 10 for fork oil change.



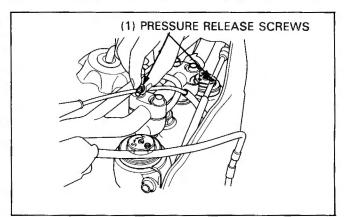
Air pressure acts as a progressive spring and affects the entire range of fork travel.

Air is an unstable gas; it increases in pressure as it is worked (such as in a fork), so the fork action on your CR will get stiffer as the race progresses.

Release build-up air pressure from the fork legs after practice and between heats.

Be sure the fork is fully extended with the front tire off the ground.

Loosen the pressure release screws fully, then tighten them securely



Rear

Bounce the rear of the motorcycle up and down to check for proper suspension operation.

Push and pull the rear wheel sideways to check for play in the swingarm bearing.

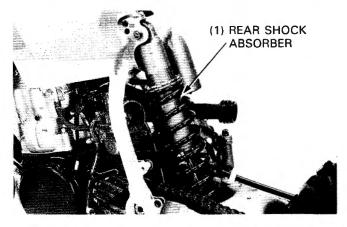


Remove the sub frame (page 2-4).

Check that the damper rod is not bent and oil is not leaking from the seal.

Check that the shock link and damper rod are not damaged.

Disassemble, clean, inspect and lubricate the swingarm and shock linkage pivot bearings each 3 races or about 7.5 hours of running (Section 10).



Swingarm/Shock Linkage

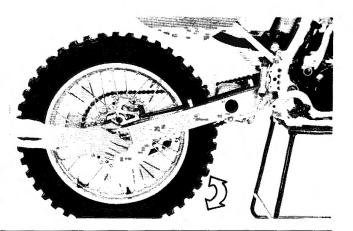
Place the motorcycle on a work stand or box to raise the rear wheel off the ground.

Move the rear wheel sideways with force to see if the swingarm bearings are worn.

Replace the bearings if excessively worn (page 11-33).

Check that the shock linkage, spherical bearing and needle bearings are not damaged.

After every 3 races or about 7.5 hours of operation: disassemble, clean, inspect for wear, and lubricate the swingarm and shock linkage pivot bearings and related seals (page 11-29 through 11-31).



Nuts, Bolts, Fasteners

Check that all chassis nuts and bolts are tightened to their correct torque values.

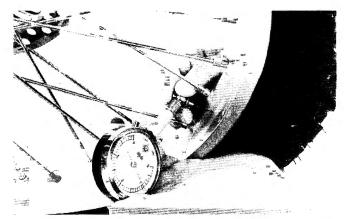
Check that all cotter pins and clips are in place and properly secured.

Wheels/Tires

Check the tires for cuts, embedded objects or excessive wear.

Tire pressure

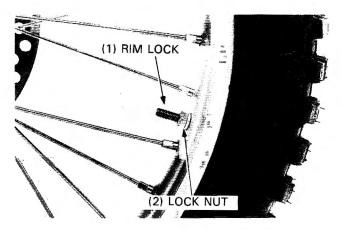
(front and rear): 15 psi (10 kg/cm², 100 kPa)



Inspect the wheel rims and spokes for damage. Tighten any loose spokes or rim lock.

Torque: Rim Lock: 13 N·m (1.3 kg-m, 9 ft-lb)

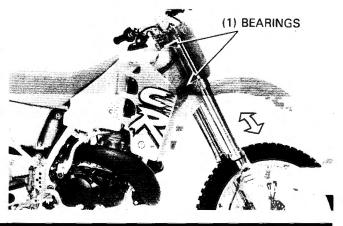
Check wheel runout (page 10-7 and 11-6).



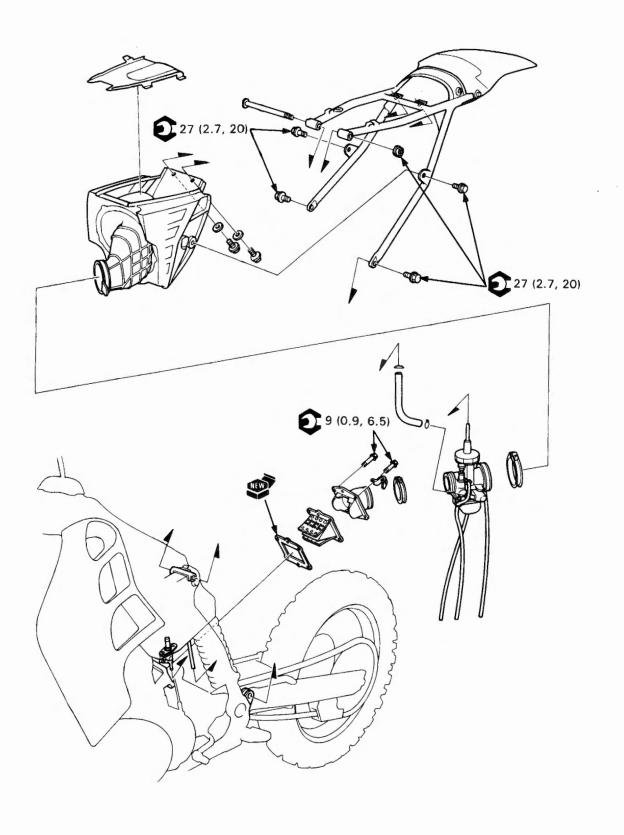
Steering Head Bearings

Raise the front wheel off the ground and check that the fork rotates freely from stop to stop. Check that the control cables do not interfere with fork rotation. If the fork moves unevenly, binds or has vertical movement, adjust the steering head bearings by turning the steering head adjusting nut (page 10-35).

Clean, inspect and if necessary replace the steering head bearings if there is a gritty or grinding feeling to the rotation of the fork. See page 10-33. If excessive play has developed, check the steering stem for cracks.



МЕМО



4. Fuel System

Service Information	4-1	Carburetor Removal/Disassembly	4-6
Troubleshooting	4-2	Carburetor Assembly/Installation	4-7
Minor Carburetor Adjustment	4-3	Reed Valve	4-9
Major Carburetor Adjustment	4-3	Air Cleaner Housing	4-10
Tuning For Special Conditions	4-5		

Service Information

General

AWARNING

- Gasoline is extremely flammable and is explosive under certain conditions.
- Bending or twisting the control cables will impair smooth operation and could cause the cables to stick or bind, resulting
 in loss of vehicle control.
- Work in a well ventilated area. Smoking or allowing flames or sparks in the work area or where gasoline is stored can cause
 a fire or explosion.
- Refer to section 2 for fuel tank removal/installation.
- · When disassembling fuel system parts, note the locations of the O-rings. Replace them with new ones on reassembly.
- Before disassembling the carburetor, place a suitable container under the carburetor drain plug, remove the plug and drain the carburetor.
- After removing the carburetor, wrap the intake port of the engine with a shop towel or cover it with tape to prevent any
 foreign material from dropping into the engine.

NOTE

If the vehicle is to be stored for more than one month, drain the float bowl. Fuel left in the flat bowl may cause clogged
jets, resulting in hard starting or poor driveability.

Specifications

ltem		Specification	
Fuel tank capacity		9.0 lit. (2.38 US gal, 1.98 lmp gal)	
Recommended fuel		Automobile gasoline with a pump octane number of 90 or higher	
Recommended engine oil		Pro Honda HP2 2-Stroke Oil or equivalent	
Fuel/Oil mixing ratio		32:1	
Carburetor identification mark	′92	PJ27J	
	′93	PJ27L	
	′94	PJ27M	
	'95	PJ27N	
	After '95 PJ27P		
Carburetor type		Piston valve	
Venturi diameter		38 mm (1.5 in)	
Float level		16.0 mm (0.63 in)	
Air screw initial opening		1-1/2 turns out	
Jet needle		R1368NS	
Main jet		#170	
Slow jet		#55	
Jet needle clip position		4th groove from top	

Fuel System

Torque Values

Carburetor insulator bolt Reed valve stopper bolt

9 N·m (0.9 kg-m, 6.5 ft-lb) 1 N·m (0.1 kg-m, 0.7 ft-lb)

Tool

Common

Float level gauge

07401 - 0010000

Troubleshooting

Engine won't start

- · No fuel to carburetor
 - Fuel filter clogged
 - Fuel tube clogged
 - Float valve stuck
 - Float level misadjusted
 - Fuel tank breather tube clogged
- Too much fuel getting to the engine
 - Air cleaner clogged
 - Flooded carburetor
- Intake air leak
- · Fuel contaminated/deteriorated
- Slow circuit clogged
- · No spark at plug (faulty spark plug or ignition malfunction)

Lean mixture

- Fuel jets clogged
- Fuel tank breather tube clogged
- · Fuel filter clogged
- Fuel line restricted
- Float valve faulty
- Float level too low
- Air vent tube clogged
- · Intake air leak
- Worn crankshaft seal (alternator side)
- Jetting incorrect for altitude/temperature conditions

Rich mixture

- · Choke knob (starting enrichment valve) in ON position
- Float valve faulty
- Float level too high
- Air jets clogged
- · Air cleaner element contaminated
- Flooded carburetor
- Worn crankshaft seal (clutch side)
- Jetting incorrect for altitude/temperature conditions

Engine stalls or runs poorly

- Faulty spark plug or ignition malfunction
- Low compression
- Rich mixture
- Lean mixture
- Air cleaner clogged
- Intake air leak
- Fuel contaminated/deteriorated

Minor Carburetor Adjustment

(Idle Mixture and Idle Speed)

NOTE

- The standard carburetor settings are ideal for the following conditions: 32-to-1 premix ratio using Honda HP2 2-stroke oil or its equivalent, sea level altitude, and 20°C (68°F) air temperature. If your conditions are different, you may need to adjust the carburetor settings using the turning information cart (page 4-3).
- Adjust the carburetor setting using the turning information cart (page 4-3).

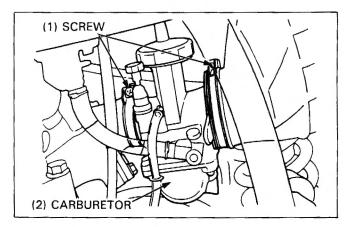
Standard settings:

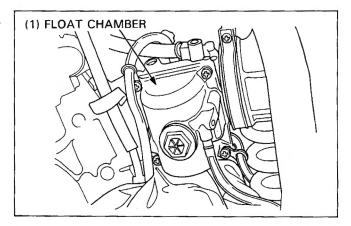
Float level: 16.0 mm (0.63 in)

Air screw initial opening: 1-1/2 turns out

Slow jet: #55
Main jet: #170
Jet needle: R1368NS
Jet needle clip position: 4th position

- When the engine is warm enough to run without the choke, push the choke knob down to its off position.
- 3. Turn the air screw to obtain the smoothest idle:
 - · To decrease idle speed, turn the screw counterclockwise.
 - · To increase idle speed, turn the screw clockwise.
- 4. Adjust the air screw to obtain the best off-idle performance.
 - If the engine rich exiting a corner, turn the air screw counterclockwise to lean the mixture.
 - If the engine lean exiting a corner, turn the air screw clockwise to richen the mixture.

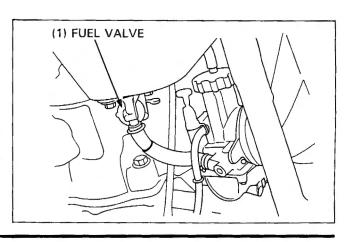




Major Carburetor Adjustment

(For Temperature and Altitude)

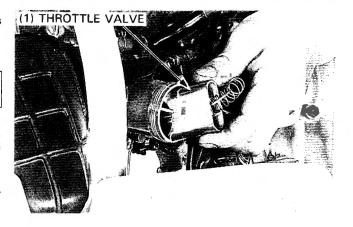
- 1. Warm up the engine.
- Make two or three laps of a course with the standard setting. Note engine acceleration and other engine conditions in relation to throttle opening. Verify the carburetor by removing the spark plug and reading it firing end.
- 3. Change the carburetor settings or select suitable carburetor jets, taking into consideration the engine conditions and tuning information chart for temperature and altitude (page 4-3).
- 4. Turn the fuel valve off, loosen the carburetor insulator clamp screw and connecting tube clamp screw.



5. Drain the gasoline from the carburetor. Remove the screws and float chamber and baffle plate.

A WARNING

- Gasoline is extremely flammable and is explosive under certain conditions.
- 6. Change the jets as required and reinstall the float chamber.
- 7. Remove the jet needle from the throttle valve (page 4-6) and change the jet needle clip position as required.
- 8. Reinstall the jet needle and carburetor top (page 4-7).
- Tighten the carburetor insulator clamp screw and connecting tube clamp screw.
- 10. Adjust the air screw opening as required.



Turning information chart

Temperature	Cent.	-35°~-18°	-17°~-7°	-6°~4°	3°~15°	14°~26°	25°~38°	37°~49°
Altitude	Fahr.	-21°~0°	-1°~20°	19°~40°	39°~60°	59°~80°	79°~100°	99°~120°
3000 m (10000 ft) to 2300 m (7500 ft)	AS: SJ: NC: MJ:	1¾ 55 4th 172	2.0 55 4th 168	2¼ 52 4th 165	2½ 52 4th 162	2¾ 50 3rd 155	3.0 50 3rd 152	3¼ 50 3rd 150
2299 m (7499 ft) to 1500 m (5000 ft)	AS: SJ: NC: MJ:	1½ 58 5th 175	1¾ 55 5th 172	2.0 55 4th 168	2¼ 52 4th 165	2½ 52 3rd 160	2¾ 50 3rd 158	3.0 50 3rd 155
1499 m (4999 ft) to 750 m (2500 ft)	AS: SJ: NC: MJ:	1.0 58 5th 180	1½ 58 5th 178	1¾ 55 4th 175	2.0 55 4th 170	2.0 52 4th 165	2½ 52 4th 162	2¾ 50 3rd 160
749 m (2499 ft) to 300 m (1000 ft)	AS: SJ: NC: MJ:	1/2 60 5th 182	1.0 58 5th 178	1.0 58 5th 175	1½ 55 4th 172	1¾ 55 4th 168	2.0 52 4th 165	1/4 52 4th 162
299 m (999 ft) to Sea Level	AS: SJ: NC: MJ:	1/2 60 5th 185	1/2 58 5th 180	1.0 58 5th 178	1 55 4th 175	Standard 170 14th 140 adjusting	2.0 55 4th 165	1/4 52 4th 162

Legends

AS: Screw Opening from fully seated

SJ: Slow Jet

NC: Needle Clip position

MJ: Main Jet

NOTE

- If you use the chart correctly, it shouldn't be necessary to adjust more than on jet size richer or leaner to fine tune your CR. If a very large adjustment is required, there may be something wrong elsewhere. Check for worn crankshaft seals, air leaks, blocked exhaust or fuel system, or dirty air cleaner element.
- The tuning information chart will get you very close to the ideal setting. However, because of differences in pressure
 and humidity, you may need to fine tune the carburetor for race day condition.
- · Just off idle:

Engine blubbers (rich): turn out the air screw 1/4 turn. Engine surges (lean): turn in the air screw 1/4 turn.

NOTE

- The minimum to maximum range of air screw adjustment is 1 to 3 turns out from the lightly seated position.
 If you exceed 3 turns out, the next smaller slow jet is needed.
 - If you are under 1 turn out, the next larger slow jet is needed.
- · On the top end:

Engine blubbers (rich): go to next smaller main jet. Engine surges (lean): go to next large main jet.

CAUTION

- · To prevent engine damage, always adjust the main jet (top end) before adjusting the jet needle (mid-range).
- · In the mid-range:

Engine blubbers (rich): lower the jet needle by raising the needle clip one position. Engine surges (lean): raise the jet needle by lowering the needle clip one position.

Turning For Special Conditions

Once you've adjust the carburetor for temperature and altitude, it shouldn't need major readjustment unless the race condition change drastically. Exclusive of the tuning information chart, there are some unique atmospheric conditions that may require additional adjustments. They are as follows:

Main Jet:

- Go richer on the main jet, by one number, when the track has a very long straightaway, steep climbs, a high percentage
 of sand, or the track is muddy.
- · Go leaner on the main jet, by one number, when it is very humid or raining, or it is very hot above 45°C (113°F).

Jet Needles:

Under normal circumstances, the standard jet needle can be adjusted to fit most situations. However, a peculiar condition
may require replacement of the standard jet needle. But before replacing the standard needle, complete all the carburetor
adjustments (page 4-3 through 5). If mid-range performance is still not satisfactory, try one of the optional jet needles.
See page 1-22.

Carburetor Removal/Disassembly

Removal

A WARNING

 Gasoline is extremely flammable and is explosive under certain condition.

Turn the handlebar to the left fully.

Turn the fuel valve OFF and disconnect the fuel line.

Unscrew the carburetor top.

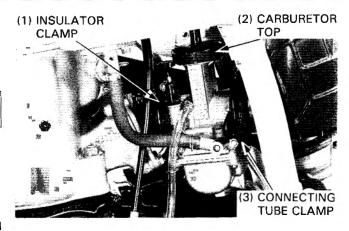
Loosen the carburetor insulator and connecting tube band screws, and lean the carburetor to the left.

Remove the carburetor top and pull the throttle valve out.

Remove the carubretor.

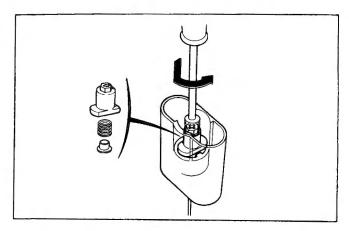
Disassembly

Remove the throttle cable from the cable holder. Remove the throttle valve spring from the carburetor top.



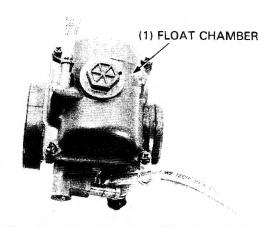


Remove the cable holder by pushing it in and turning it counterclockwise 90 degrees. Remove the set collar, spring and jet needle.

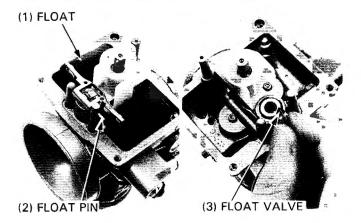


Remove the following:

- -carburetor overflow tube
- -carburetor air vent tubes
- -float chamber attaching screws
- air vent tube clamps
- -float chamber.



Remove the float pin, float and float valve.



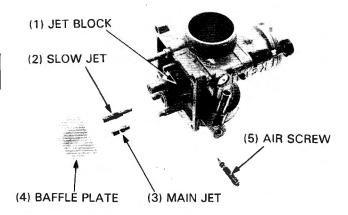
Remove the main jet, baffle plate and slow jet.

CAUTION

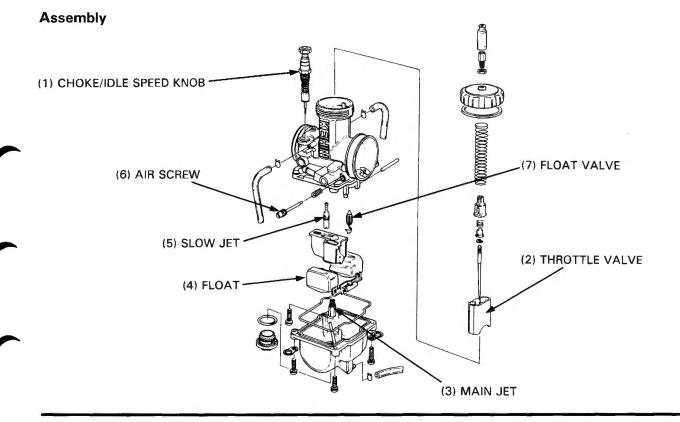
 Do not try to remove the jet block from the carburetor body.

Remove the air screw and spring.

Unscrew the lock nut and remove the choke/idle speed knob.



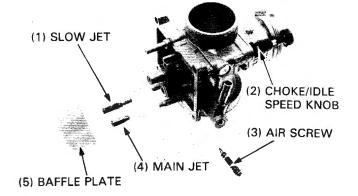
Carburetor Assembly/Installation



Install the choke/idle speed knob. Install the air screw and spring.

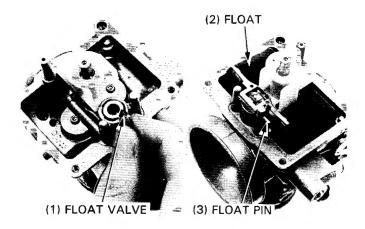
Standard air screw opening: 1-1/2 turns out

Install the slow jet, baffle plate and main jet.



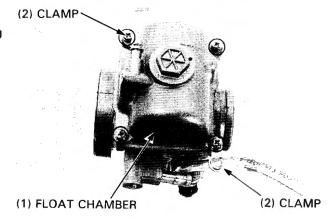
Install the float valve, float and float pin.

Measure the float level (Specification; page 4-1).



Install a new O-ring into the groove in the float chamber. Install the float chamber, air vent tube clamps and attaching screws.

Connect the air vent and overflow tubes to the carburetor.

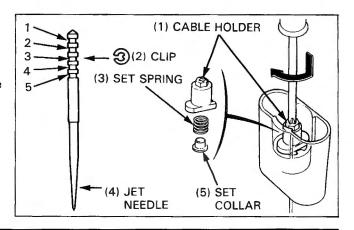


Install the needle clip on the jet needle.

Standard clip position: 4th groove

Install the set collar over the jet needle and clip, then install the set spring and cable holder.

Push the cable holder in and turn it clockwise 90 degrees.



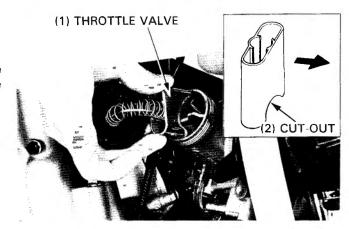
Compress the throttle valve spring and insert the throttle cable into the cable holder.



Installation

Loosely install the carburetor.

Twist the carburetor to the left and install the throttle valve assembly into the carburetor with the cut-out side facing the air filter.



Align the lug on the carburetor with the groove of the carburetor insulator.

Tighten the carburetor insulator and connecting tube band screws securely.

Tighten the carburetor top securely.

Connect the fuel line.

Turn the fuel valve ON and check that there are no fuel leaks.

After installation, check the following:

- -throttle grip free play (page 3-6)
- -air screw adjustment (page 4-3).

Reed Valve

Removal

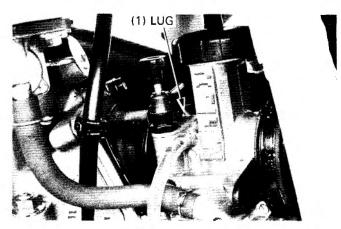
Remove the carburetor (page 4-6).

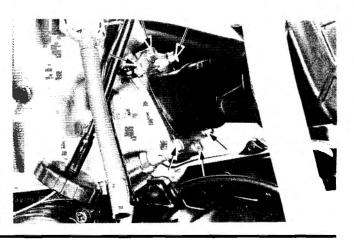
Remove the following:

- -insulator mounting bolts and clutch cable clamp
- -insulator
- -reed valve
- -gasket.

CAUTION

Be sure to replace the reed valve as an assembly.
 Disassembling or bending the reed stopper cause engine trouble.





Disassembly/Assembly (After '94)

Disassembly

Remove the screws and reed valve stopper. Remove the reed valve.

Assembly

Install the reed valve and reed valve stopper.

NOTE

 At installation, align the cut out of the reed valve with the cut out of the reed valve stopper.

Clean the screw threads.

Apply a little of locking agent to the tip of screw threads. Tighten the screws to the specified torque.

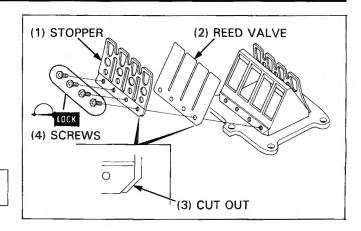
Torque: 1 N·m (0.1 kg-m, 0.7 ft-lb)

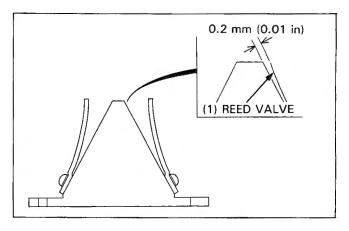
NOTE

· Do not apply a locking agent to the reed valve.

After installation, check for reed valve clearance.

Clearance: 0.2 mm (0.01 in)





Installation

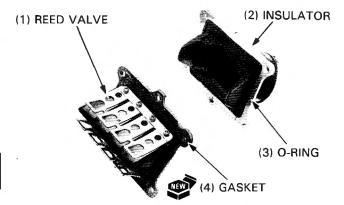
Check the insulator O-ring for damage and replace the insulator if necessary.

Reed valve installation is in the reverse order of removal.

Torque: Insulator bolts 9 N·m (0.9 kg-m, 6.5 ft-lb)

NOTE

 After installation, check for secondary air leaks around the reed cage and insulator.

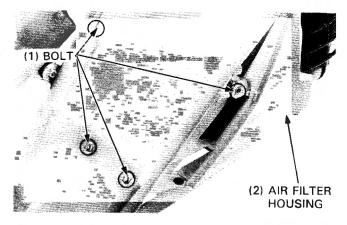


Air Cleaner Housing

Remove the air cleaner housing mounting bolts and the air cleaner housing.

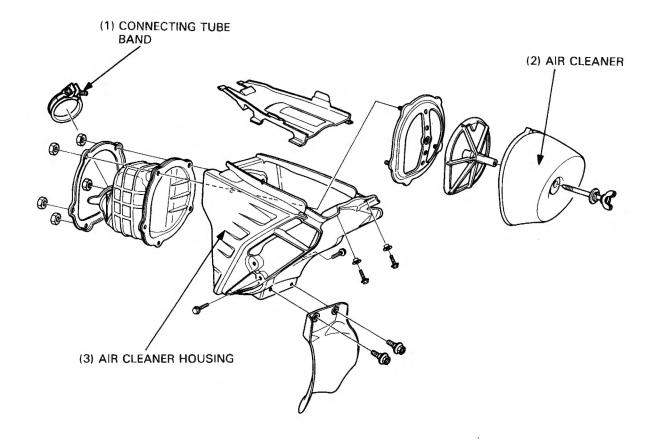
For air cleaner service, see page 3-6.

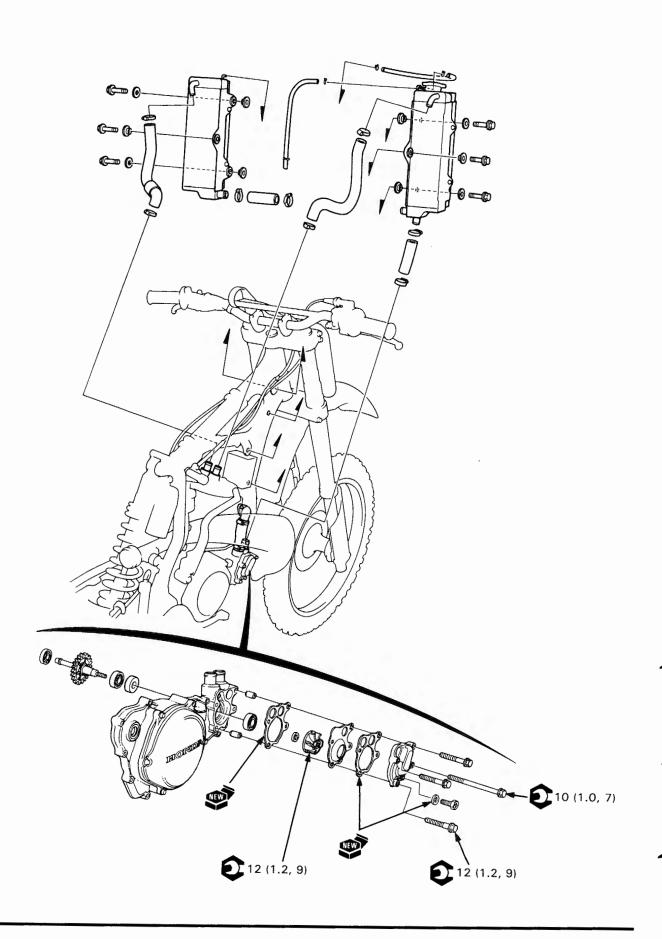
Check the carburetor connecting tube to see if it is sealing properly at the air cleaner.



Installation

Install the air cleaner in the reverse order of removal.





5. Cooling System

Service Information	5-1	Radiator	5-4
Troubleshooting	5-1	Water Pump	5-4
Coolant Replacement	5-3		

Service Information

General

AWARNING

- Wait until the engine is cool before slowly removing the radiator cap. Removing the cap while the engine is hot and the
 coolant is under pressure may cause serious scalding.
- Radiator coolant is toxic. Keep it away from eyes, mouth, skin and clothes.
 - If any coolant gets in your eyes, rinse them with water and consult a doctor immediately.
 - If any coolant is swallowed, induce vomiting, gargle and consult a physician immediately.
 - If any coolant gets on your skin or clothes, rinse thoroughly with plenty of water.
- KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.
- Keep out of reach of pets. Some pets are attracted to the smell and taste and can die if they drink it.
- · All cooling system service can be done with the engine in the frame.
- · After servicing the system, check for leaks with a cooling system tester.
- · Recycle used coolant in an ecologically correct manner.

Specifications

ltem	Specification
Recommended coolant	Use only a high quality ethylene glycol based anti-freeze containing corrosion protection inhibitors specifically recommended for use in aluminum engines. A 50/50 mixture of anti-freeze and distilled water is recommended for most operating conditions. (See anti-freeze container label for other mixture ratios).
Coolant capacity	1.22 lit. (1.29 U.S. qt., 1.07 lmp qt.) at disassembly 1.08 lit. (1.14 U.S. qt., 0.95 lmp qt.) at coolant change
Radiator cap relief pressure	110-140 kPa (1.1-1.4 kg/cm², 15.6-19.9 psi) [Radiator system pressure test: 200 kPa (2.0 kg/cm², 28.4 psi) max.]

Torque Values

Water pump impeller	12 N·m (1.2 kg-m, 9 ft-lb)
Coolant drain bolt	10 N·m (1.0 kg-m, 7 ft-lb)
Water pump cover bolt	12 N·m (1.2 kg-m, 9 ft-lb)

Tools

Special

Water seal driver	0/945-KA30000
Bearing remover set, 12 mm	07936-1660001
 Bearing remover head, 12 mm 	07936-1660110
 Remover weight 	07741-0010201 or 07936-3710200
 Remover shaft 	07936-1660120
Bearing remover, 7 mm	07931-KA30000
Bearing driver, 7 mm	07946-KA30100
Attachment, 28 x 30 mm	07946-1870100

Common

Driver 07749 – 0010000 Pilot, 12 mm 07746 – 0040200

Troubleshooting

Engine temperature too high

- · Faulty radiator cap
- Insufficient coolant
- · Passages blocked in radiator, hoses, or water jacket
- · Radiator air passages clogged with dirt
- · Air in system
- · Faulty water pump

Coolant leaks

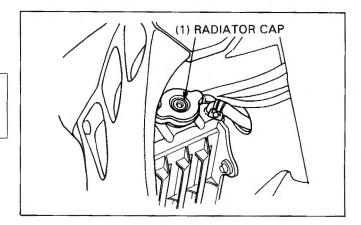
- · Faulty water pump mechanical seal
- Deteriorated O-rings
- Faulty radiator cap
- · Damaged or deteriorated gaskets
- · Loose hose connection or clamp
- · Damaged or deteriorated hoses

Coolant Replacement

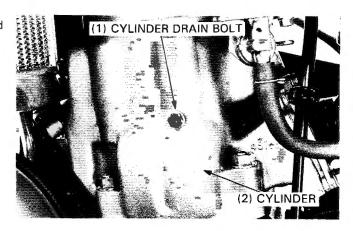
AWARNING

 Wait until the engine is cool before slowly removing the radiator cap. Removing the cap while the engine is hot and the coolant is under pressure may cause serious scalding.

Remove the radiator cap with the machine upright.

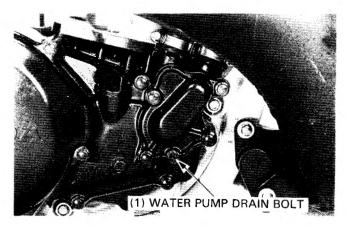


Remove the coolant drain bolts from the cylinder head and water pump, and drain the coolant.



Check that the drain bolt sealing washers are in good condition, then install the drain bolts.

Torque: 10 N·m (1.0 kg-m, 7 ft-lb)

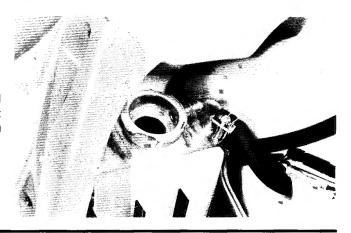


Pour the recommended 50/50 coolant mixture (page 5-1) slowly through the radiator filler hole up to the filler neck.

Capacity: 1.08 liters (1.14 US qt, 0.95 Imp qt)

Lean the machine approximately 20° right and left several times to bleed air trapped in the cooling system. If the coolant level drops, add more coolant and repeat air bleeding procedure.

Install the radiator cap securely.



Radiator

Removal

Drain the radiator coolant (page 5-3).

Remove the fuel tank (page 2-2).

Remove the radiator joint hose.

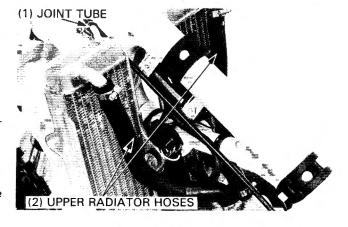
Loosen the upper radiator hose bands and disconnect the upper radiator hoses from the radiators.

Loosen the joint tube clamp and disconnect the joint tube.

Remove the radiator mounting bolts.

Loosen the lower radiator hose bands and disconnect the lower radiator hose from the right radiator.

Remove the radiators from the frame.



Installation

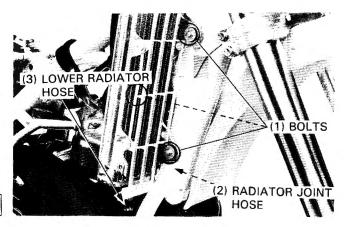
Install the radiators in the reverse order of removal.

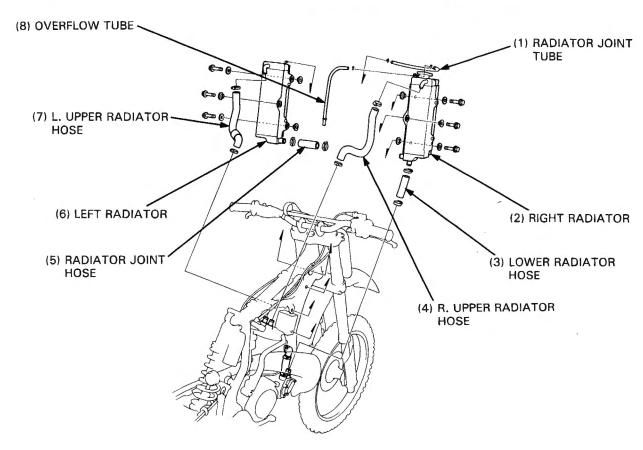
Pour the recommended 50/50 coolant mixture up to the filler neck (page 5-3).

After installation, check the radiator and radiator hoses for leaks.

NOTE

· Note the direction of the hose bands (page 1-20).

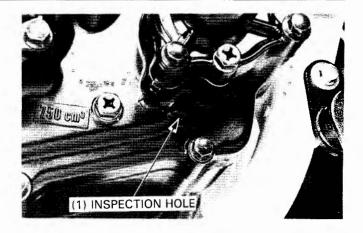




Water Pump

Water Seal Inspection

Inspect the inspection hole for signs of coolant leakage. Replace the water seal if coolant is leaking (page 5-6). Replace the oil seal if transmission oil is leaking (page 5-6).

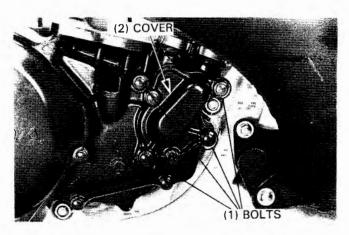


Disassembly

Drain the radiator coolant (page 5-3).

Remove the following:

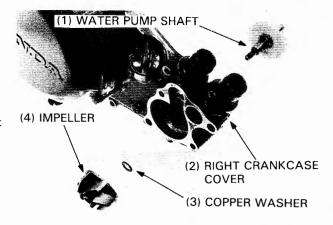
- -water pump cover bolts.
- -water pump cover.
- -outer gasket.
- -plate.
- -dowel pins.



Remove the following:

- -inner gasket.
- -impeller by turning it counterclockwise.
- -copper washer.
- -right crankcase cover (page 8-3).
- -water pump shaft from the right crankcase cover.

Check the water pump shaft/gear to be sure they are not bent or damaged.



S. TOOL (1) BEARING REMOVER SET, 12 mm

Bearing Replacement

Right Crankcase Cover Side:

Remove the bearing using the special tools.



Bearing remover set, 12 mm

07963-1660001

- Bearing remover handle

-Bearing remover weight



Cooling System

Drive new bearing into the right crankcase cover.

S. TOOL

Driver

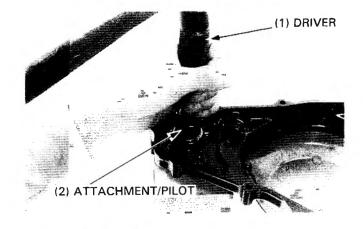
07746-0010000

Attachment, 28 x 30 mm

07946-1870100

Pilot, 12 mm

07764-0040200



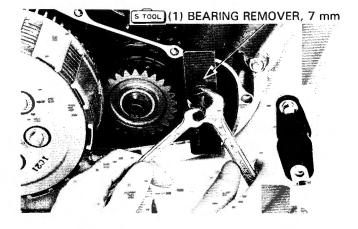
Right Crankcase Side:

Remove the bearing using the special tool as shown.

S. TOOL

Bearing remover, 7 mm

07931-KA30000

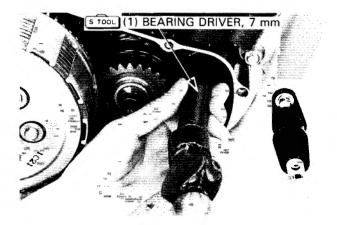


Drive a new bearing into the right crankcase.

S. TOOL

Bearing driver, 7 mm

07946-KA30100

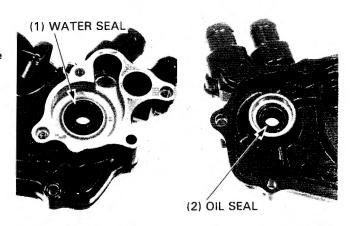


Water Seal/Oil Seal Replacement

Remove the water pump bearing from the right crankcase cover (page 5-5).

Remove the oil seal.

Drive out the water seal out of the right crankcase cover.



Drive in a new water seal using the special tools.

NOTE

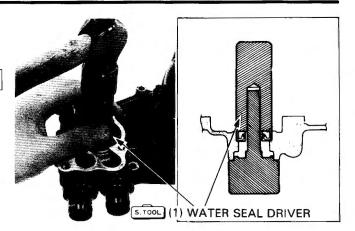
· Do not damage the water seal lips.



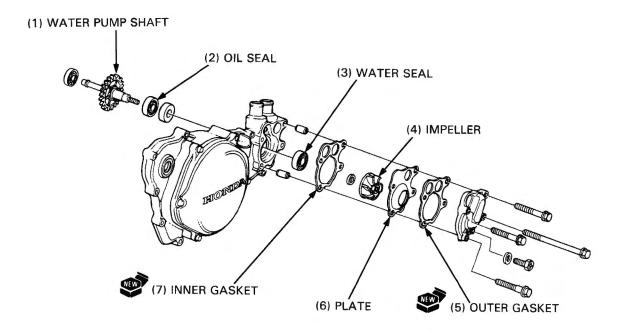
Water seal driver

07945-KA30000

Apply grease to the lip of a new oil seal and install it. Install a new water pump bearing (page 5-6).



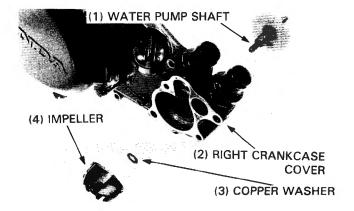
Assembly



Install the following:

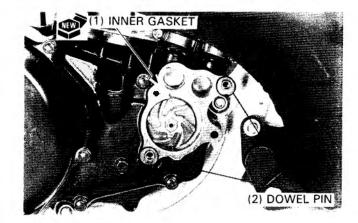
- $-\,\mbox{water}$ pump shaft/gear into the right crankcase cover.
- -right crankcase cover (page 8-3).
- copper washer.
- -impeller by turning it clockwise and tighten it.

Torque: 12 N·m (1.2 kg-m, 9 ft-lb)



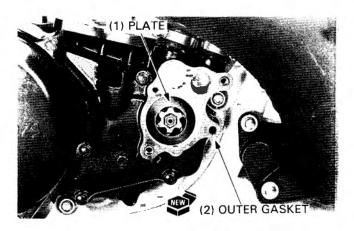
Install the following:

- new inner gasket.
- -two dowel pins.



Install the following:

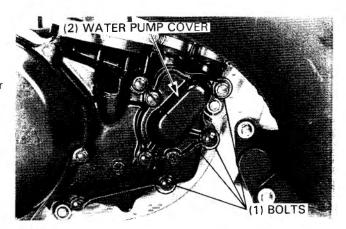
- -plate.
- -new outer gasket.



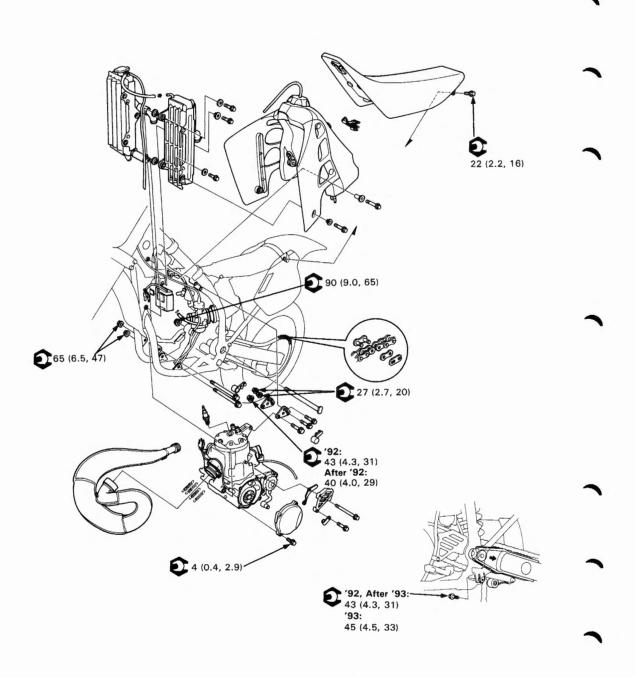
Install the water pump cover and tighten the bolts.

Torque: 12 N·m (1.2 kg-m, 9 ft-lb)

Pour the recommended 50/50 coolant mixture up to the filler neck and bleed the air (page 5-3).



		MEMO	
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6

6. Engine Removal/Installation

Service Information	6-1	Engine Installation	6-3
Engine Removal	6-2		

Service Information

General

- During removal and installation, support the motorcycle securely on a work stand.
- · The following components can be serviced with the engine installed in the frame:
 - Alternator (Section 13)
 - Clutch/gearshift linkage (Section 8)
 - Cylinder head/cylinder/piston (Section 7)
- · The following components require engine removal for service:
 - Crankshaft/transmission (Section 9)
 - Shift forks/shift drum (Section 9)

Specifications

ltem	Specification
Engine dry weight	27.1 (59.8 lb)
Recommended transmission oil	Honda GN4 4-Stroke Oil SAE 10 W-40 or equivalent API Service classification: SF or SG
Transmission oil capacity	750 cc (25 US oz, 26 Imp oz) at disassembly 680 cc (23 US oz, 24 Imp oz) at oil change
Coolant capacity	1.22 lit. (1.29 US qt, 1.07 Imp qt) at disassembly 1.08 lit. (1.14 US qt, 0.95 Imp qt) at coolant change

Torque Values

Lower/front engine mounting bolts		65 N·m (6.5 kg-m, 47 ft-lb)
Engine hanger plate bolts		27 N·m (2.7 kg-m, 20 ft-lb)
Upper engine mounting bolt	('92)	43 N·m (4.3 kg-m, 33 ft-lb)
	(After '92)	40 N·m (4.0 kg-m, 29 ft-lb)
Swingarm pivot bolt		90 N·m (9.0 kg-m, 65 ft-lb)
Shock absorber lower mounting bolt	('92, After '93)	43 N·m (4.3 kg-m, 31 ft-lb)
	('93)	45 N·m (4.5 kg-m, 33 ft-lb)
Alternator cover screws		4 N·m (0.4 kg-m, 2.9 ft-lb)
Seat mounting bolts		22 N·m (2.2 kg-m, 16 ft-lb)

Engine Removal

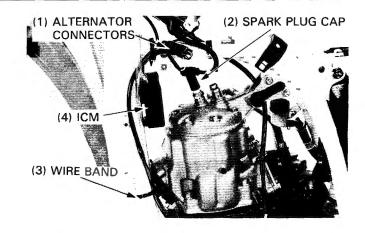
Drain the transmission oil. Drain the coolant (page 5-3).

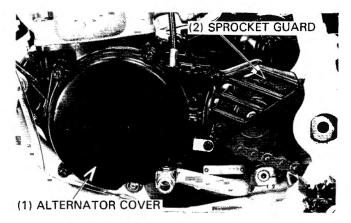
Place a work stand or box under the engine.

Remove the following:

- seat and fuel tank (page 2-2)
- expansion chamber (page 2-3)
- radiator (page 5-4)
- carburetor (page 4-6)
- spark plug cap
- wire band
- alternator connectors
- ignition control module (ICM).

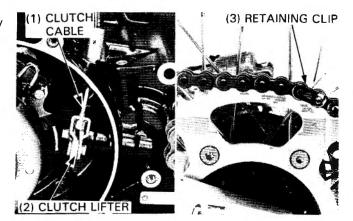
Remove the alternator cover and sprocket guard.





Disconnect the clutch cable from the clutch lift lever by loosening the clutch cable adjusters.

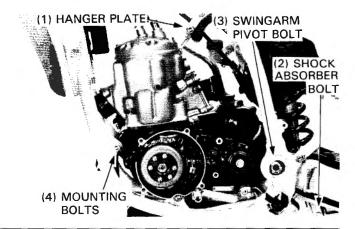
Remove the retaining clip and disconnect the drive chain.



Remove the following:

- upper engine mounting bolts and hanger plate
- front and lower mounting bolts
- lower shock absorber mounting bolt
- swingarm pivot bolt.

Remove the engine.



Engine Installation

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

Always install a new seal between the expansion chamber and the cylinder.

Torque:

Swingarm pivot bolt: 90 N·m (9.0 kg-m, 65 ft-lb)

Shock absorber lower mounting bolt:

'92, After '93: 43 N·m (4.3 kg-m, 31 ft-lb)

'93: 45 N·m (4.5 kg-m, 33 ft-lb)

Lower/front engine mounting bolt:

65 N·m (6.5 kg-m, 47 ft-lb)

Upper engine mounting bolt:

'92: 43 N·m (4.3 kg-m, 31 ft-lb)

After '92: 40 N·m (4.0 kg-m, 29 ft-lb)

Hanger plate bolt: 27 N·m (2.7 kg-m, 20 ft-lb)

Alternator cover screw: 4 N·m (0.4 kg-m, 2.9 ft-lb)

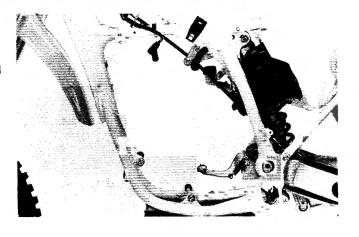
NOTE

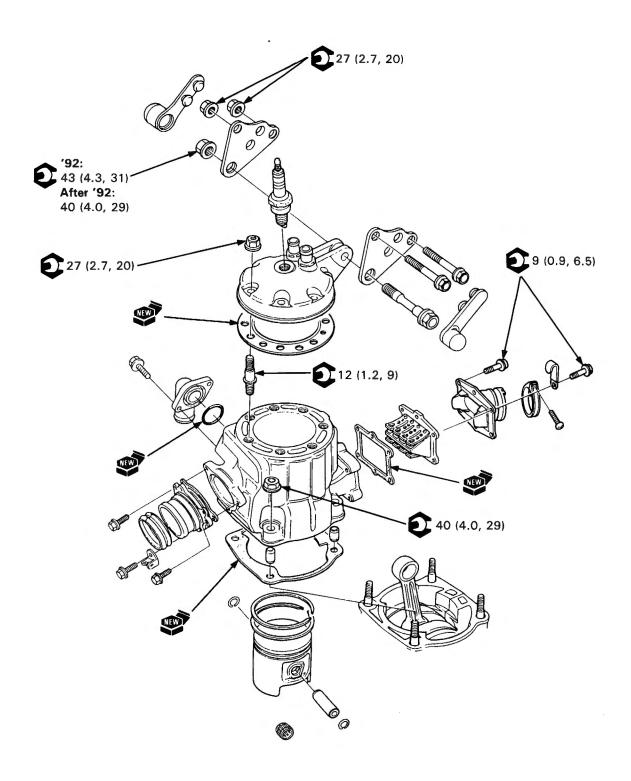
- · Route the wires and cables properly (page 1-20).
- Note the direction of the engine mounting bolts and swingarm pivot bolt.

After installing the engine, perform the following inspections and adjustments:

- transmission oil level
- radiator coolant
- throttle grip free play adjustment
- drive chain slack
- clutch lever free play.

Check that exhaust gas is not leaking past the expansion chamber connection.





7. Cylinder Head/Cylinder/Piston

Service Information	7-1	Cylinder Head	7-3
Troubleshooting	7-2	Cylinder/Piston	7-5

Service Information

General

- This section covers maintenance of the cylinder head, cylinder and piston. These procedure can be done with the engine in the frame.
- Before disassembling, clean the engine thoroughly to keep dirt from entering the engine.
- · Do not use a screwdriver to remove the cylinder head.
- Clean all parts before inspecting.
- · Before assembling, apply clean recommended 2-stroke engine oil to all sliding surfaces.
- Under racing conditions, the piston and piston ring should be replaced after 7.5 hours of running. The piston pin and connecting rod small end bearing should be replaced after 22.5 hours of running.
- · Refer to section 4 for reed valve servicing.

Specifications

mm (in)

	Item	Standard	Service Limit
Cylinder head	Warpage	_	0.05 (0.002)
Cylinder	I.D.	89.020-89.035 (3.5047-3.5053)	89.07 (3.507)
	Taper	_	0.05 (0.002)
	Out of round	_	0.05 (0.002)
	Warpage across top	_	0.05 (0.002)
Piston, piston	Piston O.D.	88.93-88.95 (3.501-3.502)	88.88 (3.499)
pin, piston	Piston pin bore	20.002-20.008 (0.7875-0.7877)	20.02 (0.788)
ring	Piston pin O.D.	19.994-20.000 (0.7872-0.7874)	19.992 (0.7871)
	Piston-to-pin clearance	0.002-0.014 (0.0001-0.0006)	0.02 (0.0008)
	Piston ring end gap	0.3-0.5 (0.012-0.020)	0.02 (0.02)
	Piston-to-ring groove clearance	0.045-0.080 (0.0018-0.0031)	0.09 (0.004)
Cylinder-to-pist	on clearance	0.070-0.105 (0.0027-0.0041)	0.12 (0.005)
Connecting rod small end I.D.		25.002-25.014 (0.9843-0.9848)	25.025 (0.9852)

Torque Values

 Cylinder head nuts
 27 N·m (2.7 kg-m, 20 ft-lb)

 Cylinder mounting nuts
 40 N·m (4.0 kg-m, 29 ft-lb)

 Cylinder stud bolts
 12 N·m (1.2 kg-m, 9 ft-lb)

 Spark plug
 18 N·m (1.8 kg-m, 13 ft-lb)

 Upper engine mounting bolt
 ('92)
 43 N·m (4.3 kg-m, 31 ft-lb)

 (After '92)
 40 N·m (4.0 kg-m, 29 ft-lb)

 Engine hanger plate bolts
 27 N·m (2.7 kg-m, 20 ft-lb)

 Carburetor insulator bolt
 9 N·m (0.9 kg-m, 6.5 ft-lb)

Troubleshooting

Compression too low, hard starting or poor performance at low speed

- · Blown cylinder head gasket
- · Warped or cracked cylinder head
- · Loose spark plug
- · Worn, stuck or broken piston rings
- · Worn or damaged cylinder and piston
- · Faulty reed valve
- · Blown crankcase gasket
- Damaged crankshaft oil seals

Compression too high, overheating or knocking

Excessive carbon build-up in combustion chamber or on top of piston

Abnormal noise-piston

- · Worn or cracked piston
- Worn cylinder and piston
- · Worn piston pin or piston pin hole
- · Worn connecting rod small end bearing

Abnormal noise-piston ring

- · Worn, stuck or broken piston rings
- · Worn or damaged cylinder

Contaminated coolant

· Leaking cylinder head gasket

Cylinder Head

Removal

Drain the radiator coolant (page 5-3). Remove the fuel tank (page 2-2). Remove the expansion chamber (page 2-3).

Loosen the radiator hose bands and remove the radiator hoses from the cylinder head.

Remove the spark plug cap and spark plug.

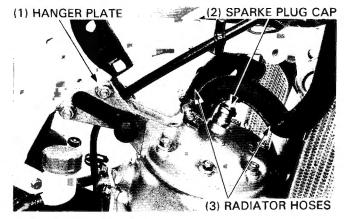
Remove the rubber cap from the right engine hanger plate. Remove the upper engine mounting bolt, hanger plate bolts and hanger plates.

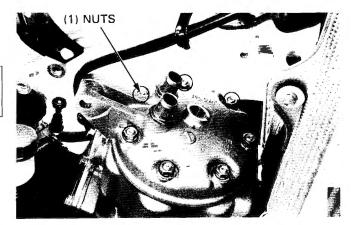
Remove the seven cylinder head nuts and the cylinder head.

CAUTION

 To avoid warping the cylinder head, use a crisscross pattern to loosen each nut about 1/4 turn at a time, then remove the nuts.

Remove the cylinder head gasket.





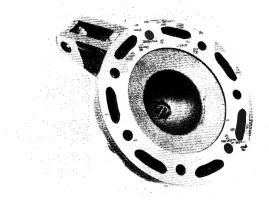
Combustion Chamber Decarbonizing

Remove the carbon deposits from the combustion chamber.

Clean the head gasket surface of any gasket material.

CAUTION

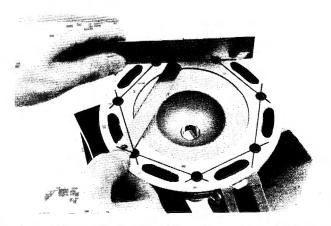
 Use care not to scratch the combustion chamber or the head gasket surface.



Inspection

Check the cylinder head for warpage in diagonal directions with a straight edge and a feeler gauge.

Service Limit: 0.05 mm (0.0002 in)



Installation

Install a new cylinder head gasket with the "UP" mark facing up and its locating tab facing rearward.



Place the cylinder head on the cylinder.

Install the seven cylinder head nuts and tighten them to the specified torque in a crisscross pattern in 2 or 3 steps.

Torque: 27 N·m (2.7 kg-m, 20 ft-lb)

Install the engine hanger plates, hanger plate bolts/nuts and upper engine mounting bolt/nuts, and tighten the nuts.

Torque:

Engine hanger plate nut: 27 N·m (2.7 kg-m, 20 ft-lb)

Upper engine mounting nut:

'92: 43 N·m (4.3 kg-m, 31 ft-lb) After '92: 40 N·m (4.0 kg-m, 29 ft-lb)

NOTE

· Route the clutch cable between the hanger plates.

Install and tighten the spark plug.

Torque: 18 N·m (1.8 kg-m, 13 ft-lb)

Install the spark plug cap.

Connect the radiator hoses to the cylinder head and tighten the hose clamps.

NOTE

 Note the position and alignment of the hose bands shown at right.

Torque: 0.8 N·m (0.08 kg-m, 0.6 ft-lb)

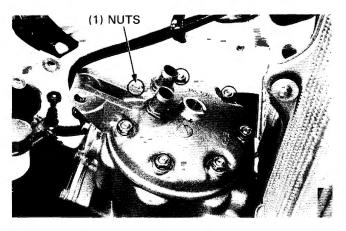
CAUTION

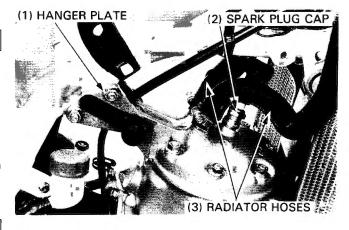
 The clamp screws must be in line with one another and toward the rear of the cylinder head as shown.

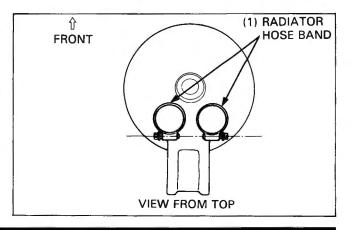
Install the following:

- expansion chamber (page 2-3).
- fuel tank and seat (page 2-2).

Pour the recommended coolant mixture up to the correct level (page 5-3).





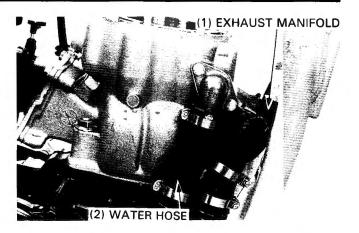


Cylinder/Piston

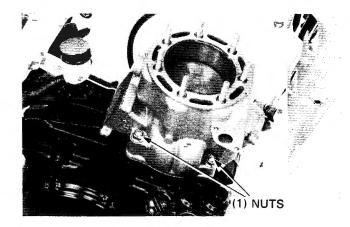
Cylinder Removal

Remove the following:

- cylinder head (page 7-3)
- reed valve (page 4-9)
- radiators (page 5-4)
- ignition control module (ICM)
- exhaust manifold
- water hose from the cylinder and right crankcase cover.



Remove the four cylinder mounting nuts and the cylinder. Remove the cylinder gasket and dowel pins.

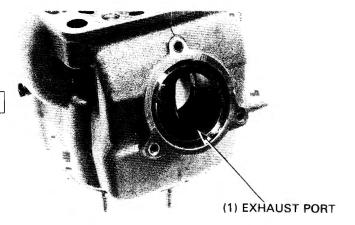


Cylinder Inspection

Clean carbon deposits from the exhaust port area.

CAUTION

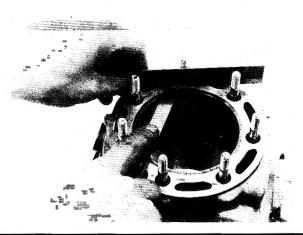
· Do not damage the cylinder bore.



Inspect the top of the cylinder for warpage.

Use a straight edge and feeler gauge to check the head gasket surface on the cylinder for warpage. If warpage is beyond the service limit, correct or replace as necessary.

Service Limit: 0.05 mm (0.0002 in)



Cylinder Head/Cylinder/Piston

Check that the cylinder studs are tight. If any are loose, remove them, clean their threads with contact cleaner, then reinstall them using Honda Anaerobic Thread Lock, or an equivalent.

Use a micrometer and dial bore gauge to check for cylinder wear.

Service Limit: 89.07 mm (3.507 in)

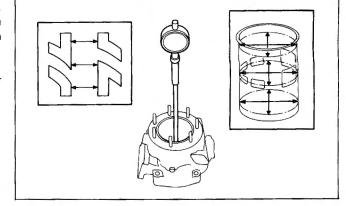
Calculate the cylinder to piston clearance.

Service Limit: 0.07-0.105 mm (0.0027-0.0041 in)

Inspect for out of round.

Service Limit: 0.05 mm (0.0002 in)

Rebore the cylinder if it is worn or seized. There are two oversize pistons and piston rings;



Piston Oversize	Piston Manufacturing Tolerance	Cylinder-to-Piston Clearance
0.25 mm (0.01 in)	89.270-89.285 mm (3.5146-3.5152 in)	0.070-0.105 mm (0.0027-0.0041 in)
0.50 mm (0.02 in)	89.520-89.535 mm (3.5244-3.5250 in)	0.070-0.105 mm (0.0027-0.0041 m)

Piston Removal

NOTE

 Place a clean shop towel over the crankcase to prevent the possibility of a clip falling into the crankcase.

Remove the piston pin clip using a pair of pliers. Press the piston pin out of the piston.

NOTE

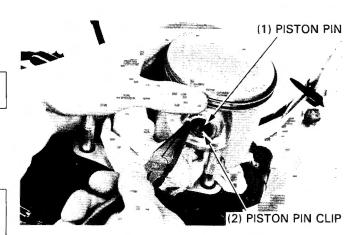
- · Do not damage or scratch the piston.
- · Do not apply side force to the connecting rod.
- Do not let the clips fall into the crankcase.

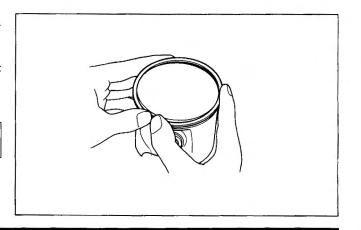
Remove the needle bearing from the small end of the connecting rod.

Spread each piston ring and remove by lifting it up at a point just opposite the gap.

CAUTION

 Do not damage the piston rings by spreading the ends too far.





Piston/Piston Pin Inspection

Measure the piston 0.D. 25 mm (0.39 in) from the bottom of the skirt and at a right angle to the piston pin hole.

Service Limit: 88.88 mm (3.499 in) [Standard bore]

If the O.D. is under the service limit, replace the piston with a new one.

Calculate the piston-to-cylinder clearance.

Service Limit: 0.12 mm (0.0047 in)

Measure the piston pin bore I.D.

Service Limit: 20.02 mm (0.788 in)

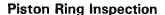
Check the piston pin for wear and excessive discoloration.

Measure the piston pin O.D.

Service Limit: 19.992 mm (0.7871 in)

Calculate the piston pin-to-piston clearance.

Service Limit: 0.02 mm (0.0008 in)



Insert the piston rings into the cylinder. Use the piston to square the ring in the cylinder.

Measure each piston ring's end gap with a feeler gauge.

Service Limit: 0.6 mm (0.02 in)

If the end gap is still over the service limit with a new ring, the cylinder must be rebored and fitted with a new oversize piston and ring.

If the end gap is below the standard (0.3-0.5 mm), you have the incorrect rings for your bore size.

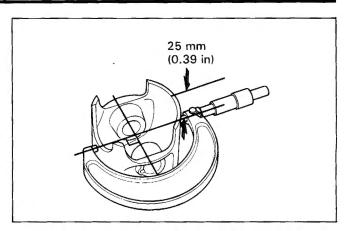
Connecting Rod Inspection

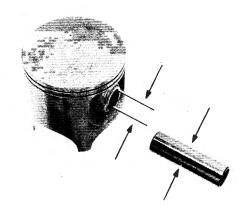
Install the bearing and piston pin in the connecting rod small end and check for excessive play. If it feels loose, measure the small end I.D.

Service Limit: 25.025 mm (0.9852 in)

If not over the service limit, replace the piston pin and small end bearing.

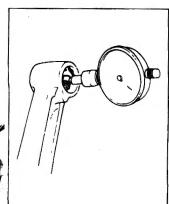
If over the service limit, the crankshaft assembly must be replaced.











Piston Installation

Clean the piston ring grooves.

Lubricate the piston rings and piston ring grooves with clean recommended 2-stroke oil.

Install the piston rings on the piston with the marks facing up.

NOTE

 Locate the piston ring end gaps on the pins in the ring grooves.

Coat the needle bearing and piston pin with clean recommended 2-stroke oil.

Install the needle bearing in the small end of the connecting rod.

Install the piston with the "IN" mark facing the intake side and the piston pin.

NOTE

 Place a clean shop towel over the crankcase to prevent the clips from falling into the crankcase.

Install new piston pin clips.

NOTE

- · Do not let the clips fall into the crankcase.
- · Set the piston pin clip in the groove properly.
- Do not align the clip's end gap with the piston cutout.

Cylinder Installation

Clean off any gasket material from the cylinder surface.

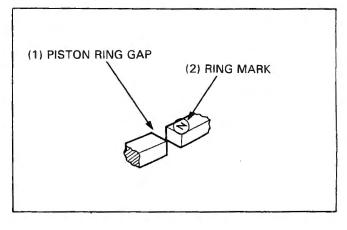
NOTE

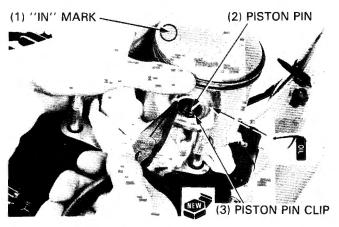
Be careful not to remove any metal from the gasket surface or let gasket material fall into the crankcase.

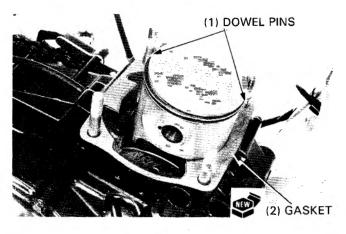
Check that the cylinder base (hold down) studs are tight. If any are loose, remove them, clean their threads with contact cleaner, then reinstall using Honda Aerobic Thread Lock, or its equivalent.

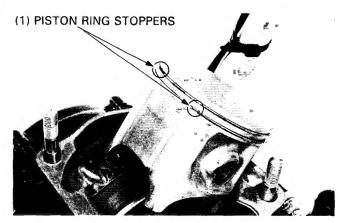
Place the cylinder base gasket and dowel pins on the crankcase.

Align each ring end gap with the piston ring stoppers in the ring grooves.





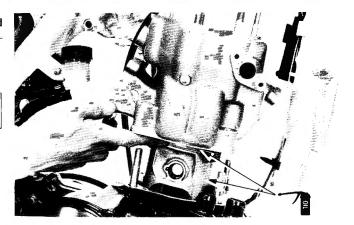




Lubricate the piston and rings with clean recommended 2-stroke oil and slip the cylinder over the piston while compressing the piston rings.

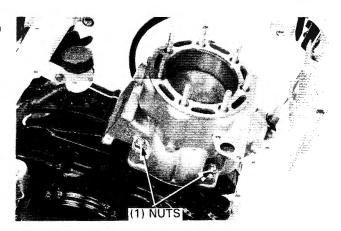
CAUTION

 Do not rotate the cylinder, since this may cause the piston rings to snag a cylinder port and break.



Install the four cylinder mounting nuts and tighten them in a crisscross pattern in 2 to 3 steps to the specified torque.

Torque: 40 N·m (4.0 kg-m, 29 ft-lb)



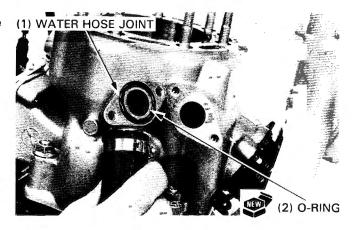
Install a new O-ring to the water hose joint and connect the water hose to the cylinder and right crankcase cover.

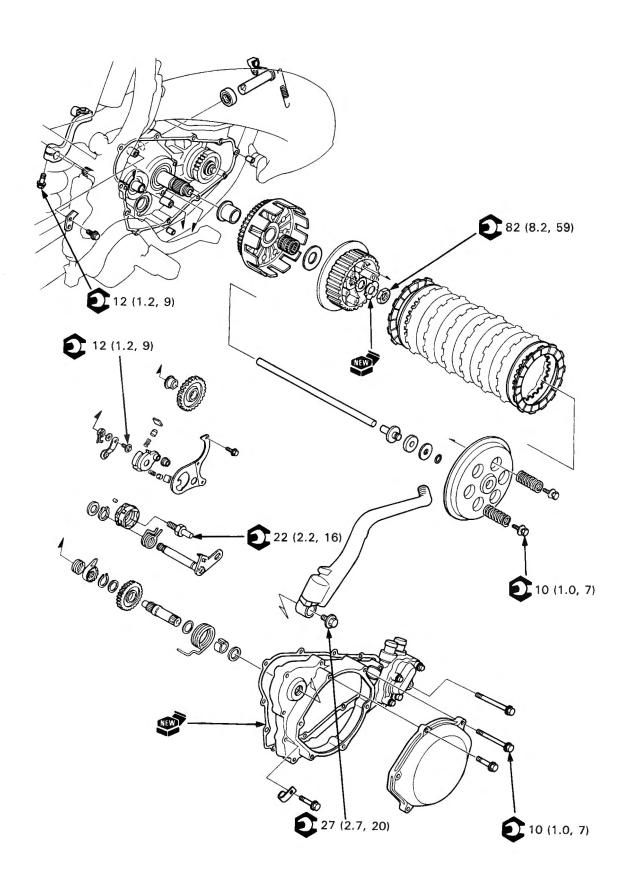
Install the following:

- CDI unit
- radiators (page 5-4)
- reed valve and carburetor (page 4-7)
- exhaust manifold and expansion chamber (page 2-3)
- cylinder head (page 7-4).

Check for the following:

- compression leaks
- abnormal engine noise
- secondary air leak
- coolant leaks.





8. Clutch/Kickstarter/Gearshift Linkage

Service Information	8-1	Clutch	8-4
Troubleshooting	8-2	Kickstarter	8-7
Right Crankcase Cover	8-3	Gearshift Linkage	8-8

Service Information

General

- The clutch, kickstarter and gearshift linkage can be serviced with the engine in the frame.
- Transmission oil viscosity and level have an effect on clutch disengagement. When the clutch does not disengage or the vehicle creeps with clutch pulled in, inspect the transmission oil level before servicing the clutch system.

Specifications

mm (in)

Item		Standard	Service Limit	
Clutch lever free play		10-20 (3/8-3/4)		
Clutch spring	Free length	44.20 (1.740)	42.2 (1.66)	
Clutch plate warpage			0.20 (0.008)	
Clutch disc thickness		2.92-3.08 (0.115-0.121)	2.85 (0.112)	
Kickstarter spindle O.D).	21.959-21.980 (0.8645-0.8654)	21.95 (0.864)	
Kickstarter pinion rear	I.D.	20.020-20.041 (0.7882-0.7890)	20.06 (0.790)	
Kickstarter idler gear	Countershaft O.D.	16.966-16.984 (0.6680-0.6687)	16.95 (0.667)	
	Gear I.D.	20.020-20.041 (0.7882-0.7890)	20.07 (0.790)	
	Bushing O.D.	19.979-20.000 (0.7866-0.7874)	19.94 (0.785)	
Bushing I.D.		17.000-17.018 (0.6693-0.6700)	17.04 (0.671)	
Clutch outer guide O.D. Clutch outer I.D.		27.987-28.000 (1.1019-1.1024)	27.97 (1.101)	
		32.009-32.034 (1.2602-1.2612)	32.054 (1.2620)	

Torque Values

Clutch spring bolt	10 N·m (1.0 kg-m, 7 ft-lb)
Clutch center lock nut	82 N·m (8.2 kg-m, 59 ft-lb)
Shift drum center pin	22 N·m (2.2 kg-m, 16 ft-lb)
Right crankcase cover bolt	10 N·m (1.0 kg-m, 7 ft-lb)
Shift drum stopper arm bolt	12 N·m (1.2 kg-m, 9 ft-lb)
Gearshift pedal pinch bolt	12 N·m (1.2 kg-m, 9 ft-lb)
Kickstarter pedal bolt	27 N·m (2.7 kg-m, 20 ft-lb)
Brake pedal pivot bolt	26 N·m (2.6 kg-m, 19 ft-lb)

Tool

Common

Clutch center holder 07724-0050001 or Equivalent commercially available in U.S.A.

Troubleshooting

Clutch lever too hard

- · Damaged, kinked or dirty clutch cable
- Damaged clutch lifter mechanism
- · Faulty clutch lifter plate bearing

Clutch will not disengage or motorcycle creeps with clutch disengaged

- Too much clutch lever free play
- Warped plate
- · Loose clutch lock nut
- · Transmission oil level too high, improper oil viscosity or oil additive used

Clutch slips

- · Clutch lifter sticking
- · Worn clutch discs
- · Weak clutch springs
- · No clutch lever free play
- Transmission oil level too low or oil additive used.

Hard to shift

- · Improper clutch operation
- · Incorrect transmission oil viscosity
- Incorrect clutch adjustment
- Bent shift forks
- · Bend shift fork shaft
- Bent fork claw
- · Damaged shift drum cam grooves
- Bent or damaged gearshift spindle

Transmission jumps out of gear

- · Worn gear dogs or slots
- Bent shift fork shaft
- · Broken shift drum stopper arm
- · Worn or bent shift forks
- · Broken shift linkage return spring

Right Crankcase Cover

Removal

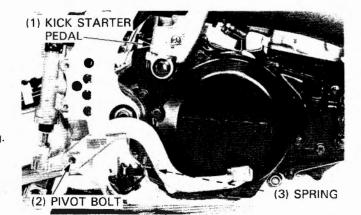
Drain the coolant (page 5-3).

Drain the transmission oil.

Remove the expansion chamber (page 2-3).

Remove the kickstarter pedal.

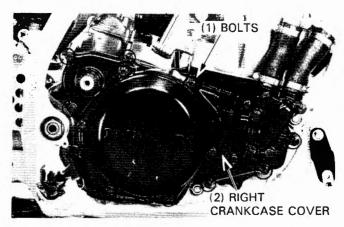
Remove the rear brake pedal pivot bolt, pedal and return spring.



Remove the right crankcase cover bolts and the cover.

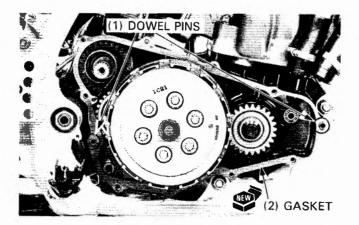
Disconnect the radiator hoses from the right crankcase cover.

Remove the gasket and dowel pins.



Installation

Install the dowel pins and a new gasket.



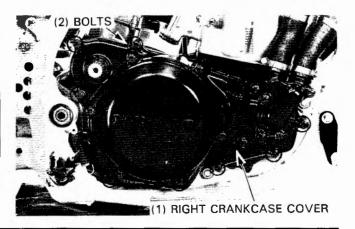
Install the right crankcase cover and tighten the bolts.

Torque: 10 N·m (1.0 kg-m, 7 ft-lb)

NOTE

- Install the right crankcase cover while engaging the water pump gear with the primary drive gear.
- Clamp the air vent tube with the right crankcase cover bolt.

Connect the radiator hoses to the right crankcase cover and tighten the hose clamps securely.



Clutch/Kickstarter/Gearshift Linkage

Apply grease to the sliding surface of the rear brake pedal pivot

Install the rear brake pedal, return spring and pivot bolt, and tighten the pivot bolt.

Torque: 26 N·m (2.6 kg-m, 19 ft-lb)

Clean the kickstarter pedal bolt thread and apply Honda Aerobic Thread Lock or equivalent and tighten the bolt.

Torque: 27 N·m (2.7 kg-m, 20 ft-lb)

Install the expansion chamber (page 2-3).

Fill the transmission with the recommended transmission oil to the correct level.

Pour the recommended coolant mixture into the radiator up to the correct level (page 5-3).

Check and adjust the rear brake pedal height (page 3-13). Start the engine and check for leaks.

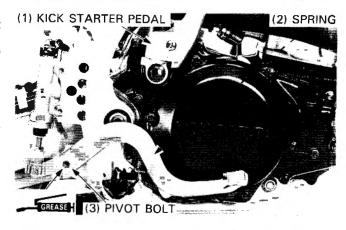
Clutch

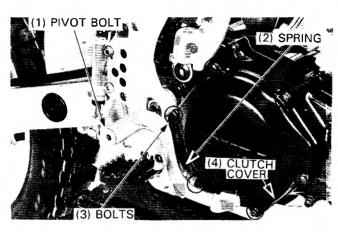
Clutch Removal

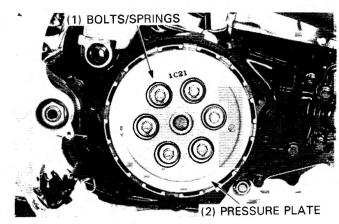
Remove the rear brake pedal pivot bolt, pedal and return spring. Remove the clutch cover bolts and the cover.

Loosen the clutch spring bolts in a crisscross pattern in 2 or 3 steps, and remove the bolts and clutch springs.

Remove the clutch pressure plate.

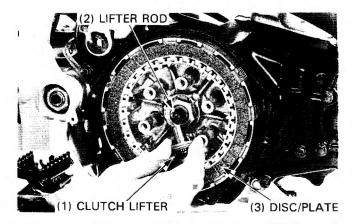




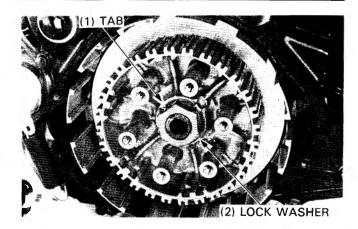


Remove the clutch lifter and lifter rod.

Remove the eight clutch discs and seven plates.



Straighten the tabs of the lock washer.



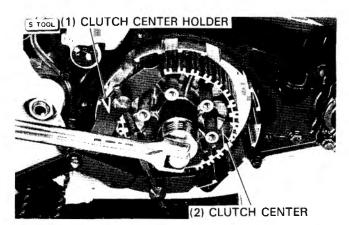
Hold the clutch center with the clutch center holder. Remove the clutch center lock nut, lock washer and thrust washer.

S. TOOL

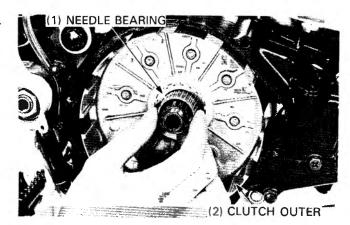
Clutch center holder

07724-0050001 or equivalent commercially available in U.S.A.

Remove the clutch center and thrust washer.



Pull out the needle bearing and remove the clutch outer and outer guide.

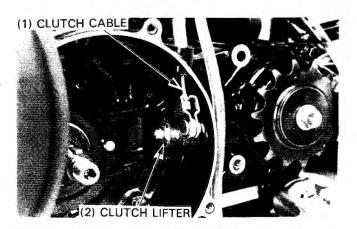


Clutch Lifter Lever Removal

Remove the flywheel and stator (page 13-5).

Loosen the clutch cable adjusters and disconnect the clutch cable from the clutch lifter lever.

Remove the clutch lifter lever from the left crankcase.



Clutch Lifter Lever Installation

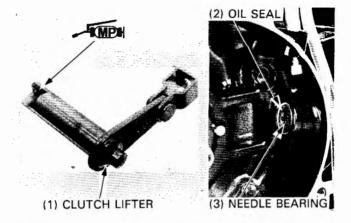
Check the oil seal and needle bearings for wear or damage. Coat the clutch lifter lever with grease, then install the clutch lifter lever.

Connect the clutch cable and adjust the clutch lever free play.

Install the stator and flywheel (page 13-6).

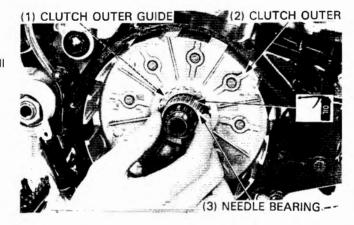
After installation, check the following:

- ignition timing (page 13-7)
- clutch operation.



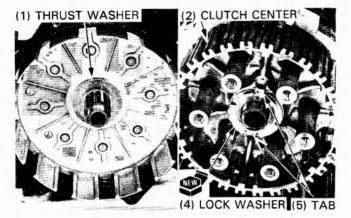
Clutch Installation

Install the clutch outer guide onto the mainshaft. Coat the needle bearing with clean transmission oil and install it and the clutch outer.



Install the thrust washer.

Install clutch center and thrust washer onto the mainshaft. Install a new lock washer, aligning the tab of the washer with the groove in the clutch center.



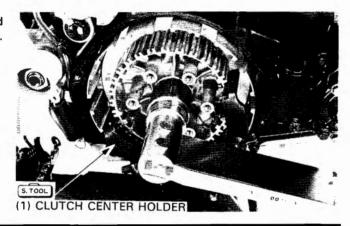
Install the clutch center lock nut and tighten it to the specified torque by holding the clutch center with the clutch center holder.



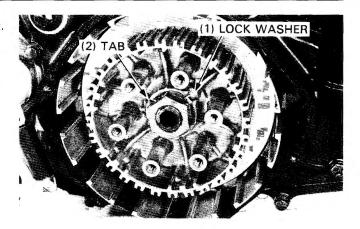
Clutch center holder

07724-0050001 or equivalent commercially available in U.S.A.

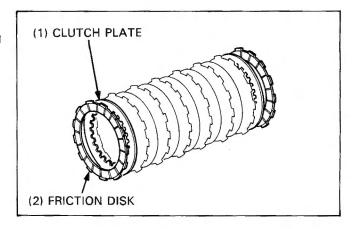
Torque: 82 N·m (8.2 kg-m, 59 ft-lb)



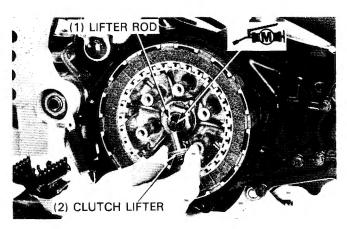
Bend the lock washer tabs up against the clutch center lock nut.



Coat the clutch plates with clean with clean transmission oil. Install the eight clutch discs and seven plates alternately, starting with a disc.

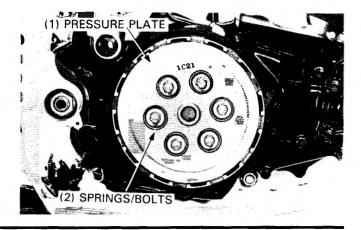


Apply molybdenum disulfide grease to the clutch lifter rod and insert it into the mainshaft. Install the clutch lifter.



Install the clutch pressure plate.
Install the six clutch spring and bolts.
Tighten the bolts in a crisscross pattern in 2 or 3 steps.

Torque: 10 N·m (1.0 kg-m, 7 ft-lb)

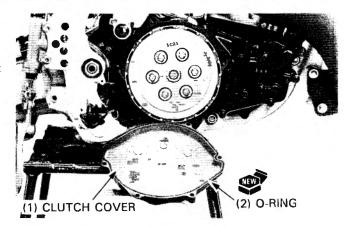


Install a new O-ring into the groove in the clutch cover. Install the clutch cover and tighten the cover bolts securely.

Apply grease to the sliding surface of the rear brake pedal pivot bolt.

Install the rear brake pedal, return spring and pivot bolt, and tighten the pivot bolt to the specified torque.

Torque: 26 N·m (2.6 kg-m, 19 ft-lb)



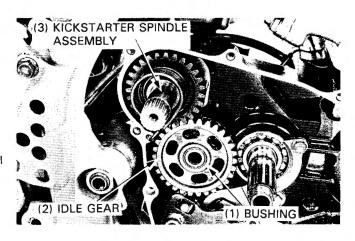
Kickstarter

Disassembly

Remove the right crankcase cover (page 8-3). Remove the clutch (page 8-4).

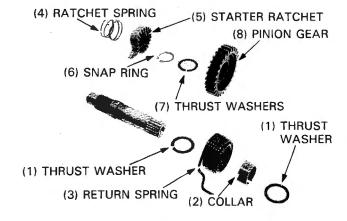
Remove the kickstarter idle gear and bushing.

Unhook the kickstarter return spring from the crankcase and pull the kickstarter spindle assembly out.



Disassemble the kickstarter spindle by removing the following:

- thrust washer and collar
- return spring
- ratchet spring and starter ratchet
- snap ring, thrust washers and pinion gear.



Assembly

Apply oil to the sliding surface of the pinion gear and starter ratchet.

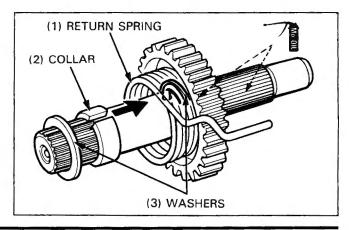
Install the pinion gear, thrust washer and snap ring.

Install the thrust washer.

Insert the return spring end into the spring hook hole in the kickstarter spindle.

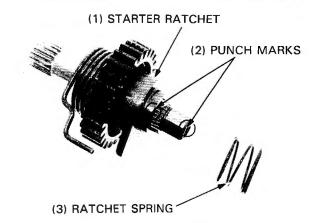
Install the collar, aligning the groove of the collar with the spring

install the thrust washer.



Install the starter ratchet, aligning the punch marks on the ratchet and spindle.

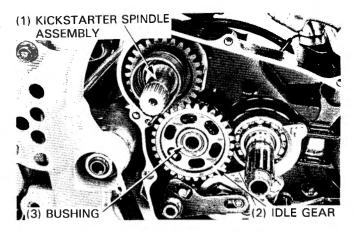
Install the ratchet spring.



Install the kickstarter idle gear bushing with the flanged section facing inward.

Install the kickstarter spindle assembly into the crankcase and hook the return spring end to the crankcase as shown.

Install the clutch (page 8-6). Install the right crankcase cover (page 8-3).

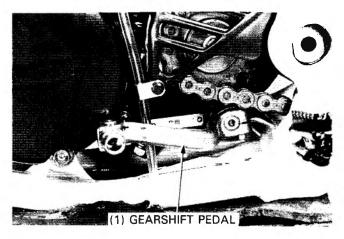


Gearshift Linkage

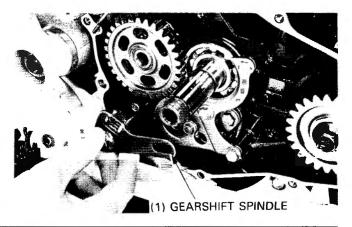
Removal

Remove the right crankcase cover (page 8-3). Remove the clutch (page 8-4).

Remove the gearshift pedal.

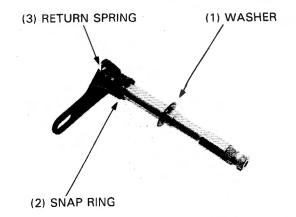


Pull the gearshift spindle out of the crankcase.



Clutch/Kickstarter/Gearshift Linkage

Remove the washer, snap ring and return spring from the gear-shift spindle.

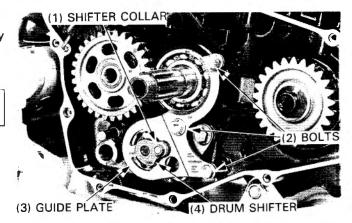


Remove the shifter collar.

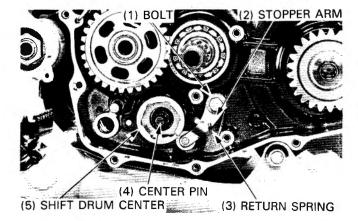
Remove the guide plate and drum shifter as an assembly by removing the three bolts.

NOTE

 Do not let the ratchet pawl fall when removing the guide plate and drum shifter.



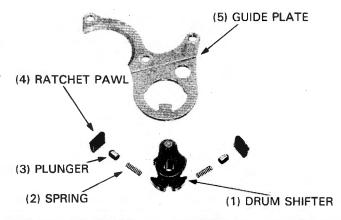
Remove the bolt, stopper arm and return spring. Remove the shift drum center pin and shift drum center.



Installation

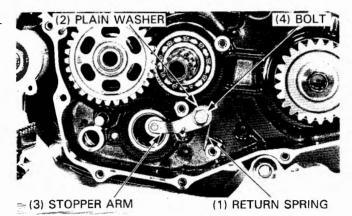
Apply clean transmission oil to the ratchet pawls, springs and plungers.

Assemble the drum shifter, springs, plungers and ratchet pawls in the guide plate.



Install the return spring, plain washer and stopper arm and tighten the stopper arm bolt.

Torque: 12 N·m (1.2 kg-m, 9 ft-lb)

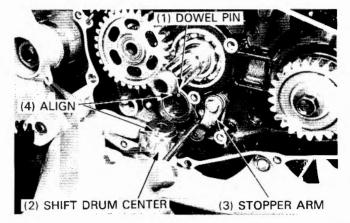


Install the dowel pin into the shift drum.

Install the drum center aligning the hole with the dowel on the shift drum while holding the stopper arm down with the screw-driver.

Install and tighten the shift drum center pin.

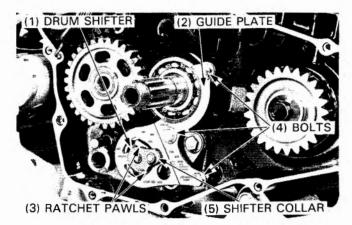
Torque: 22 N·m (2.2 kg-m, 16 ft-lb)



Set the drum center in a position other than neutral. Install the drum shifter with the guide plate while holding onto the ratchet pawls.

Install and tighten the guide plate bolts.

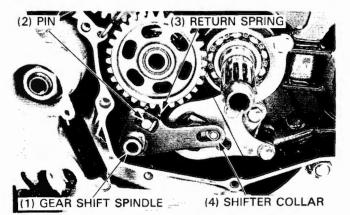
Install the shifter collar onto the drum shifter.



Assemble and install the gearshift spindle, aligning the return spring ends with the pin and the hole in the spindle with the shifter collar.

NOTE

 Do not forget to install the thrust washer onto the gearshift spindle.



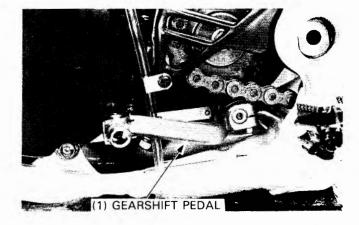
Clutch/Kickstarter/Gearshift Linkage

Install the gearshift pedal and tighten the pinch bolt.

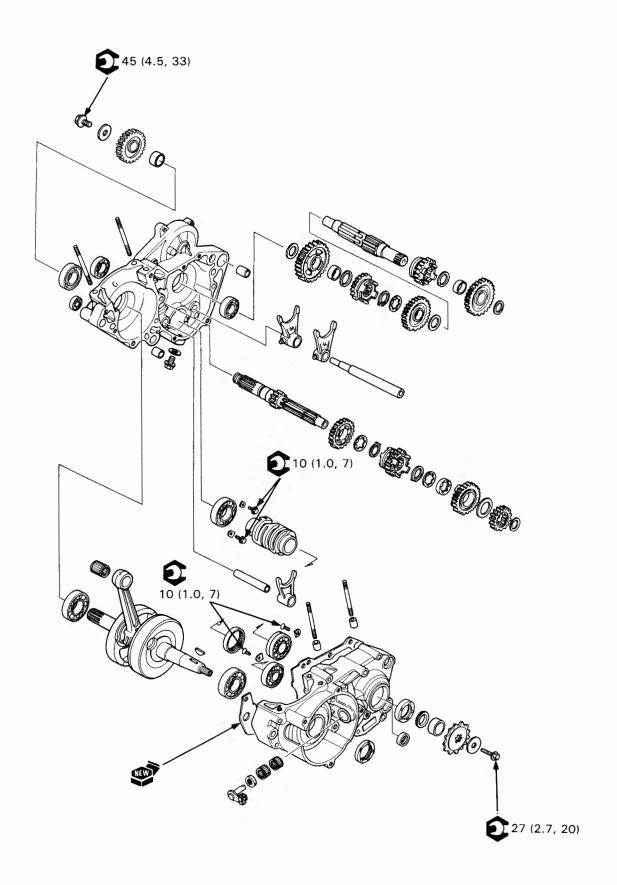
Torque: 12 N·m (1.2 kg-m, 9 ft-lb)

Check the gearshift linkage operation.

Install the clutch (page 8-6).
Install the right crankcase cover (page 8-3).



	MEMO	



9. Crankcase/Crankshaft/Transmission

Service Information	9-1	Crankshaft Removal	9-6
Troubleshooting	9-2	Crankcase Bearings/Replacement	9-7
Crankcase Separation	9-3	Crankshaft Installation	9-9
Transmission	9-4	Crankcase Assembly	9-10

Service Information

General

- · The crankcase halves must be separated to service the transmission and crankshaft.
- The following parts must be removed before separating the crankcase:
 - -Cylinder head/cylinder/piston (Section 7)
 - -Clutch/kickstarter/gearshift linkage (Section 8)
 - Alternator (Section 13)

Specifications

mm (in)

ltem			Standard	Service Limit
Shift fork I.D.	С		11.003-11.021 (0.4332-0.4339)	11.04 (0.435)
	R/L		12.041 – 12.056 (0.4741 – 0.4746)	12.07 (0.475)
Shift fork pawl thickness			4.93-5.00 (0.194-0.197)	4.8 (0.19)
Shift fork shaft O.D.	С		10.966-10.984 (0.4317-0.4324)	10.95 (0.431)
	R/L		11.983-11.994 (0.4718-0.4722)	11.98 (0.472)
Gear I.D.	M4 gear	′92	28.007-28.028 (1.1026-1.1035)	28.05 (1.104)
		After '92	28.000-28.021 (1.1024-1.1032)	28.05 (1.104)
	M5 gear		25.020-25.041 (0.9850-0.9859)	25.07 (0.987)
	C1 gear		22.020-22.041 (0.8669-0.8678)	22.07 (0.869)
	C2 gear		27.020-27.041 (1.0638-1.0646)	27.07 (1.066)
	C3 gear		25.020-25.041 (0.9850-0.9859)	25.07 (0.987)
Mainshaft O.D. at M5 gear			24.959-24.980 (0.9826-0.9835)	24.94 (0.982)
Gear-to-shaft clearance at M5 gear			0.040-0.082 (0.0016-0.0032)	0.130 (0.0051)
Countershaft O.D.	At C3 gear		24.959-24.980 (0.9826-0.9835)	24.94 (0.982)
	At C2 gear		26.959-26.980 (1.0614-1.0622)	26.94 (1.061)
	At C1 bushing		18.959-18.980 (0.7464-0.7472)	18.94 (0.746)
Bushing I.D.	C1		19.000-19.021 (0.7480-0.7489)	19.04 (0.750)
	C2		27.000-27.021 (1.0630-1.0638)	27.04 (1.065)
Bushing O.D.	C1		21.979-22.000 (0.8653-0.8661)	21.95 (0.864)
	C2		26.979-27.000 (1.0622-1.0630)	26.95 (1.061)
	M4		27.959-27.980 (1.1007-1.1016)	27.94 (1.100)
Gear-to-bushing clearance	C1/C2		0.020-0.062 (0.0008-0.0024)	0.120 (0.0047)
	M4		0.270-0.069 (0.0106-0.0027)	0.110 (0.0043)
Gear bushing-to- shaft clearance	- 11111		0.020-0.062 (0.0008-0.0024)	0.100 (0.0039)
Connecting rod big end side clearance			0.4-0.8 (0.016-0.031)	0.9 (0.04)
Connecting rod big end axial/radial play			0.008-0.020 (0.0003-0.0008)	0.03 (0.001)
Crankshaft journal runout				0.05 (0.002)

Crankcase/Crankshaft/Transmission

Torque Values

Primary drive gear bolt 45 N·m (4.5 kg-m, 33 ft-lb)
Drive sprocket bolt 27 N·m (2.7 kg-m, 20 ft-lb)

Countershaft bearing set plate screw 10 N·m (1.0 kg-m, 7 ft-lb) Apply locking agent to the threads.

Tools

Special

Assembly collar 07965-1660301 Assembly bolt 07965 - 1660200Threaded adapter 07965-KA30000 Crankcase puller 07937-4300000 Universal bearing puller 07631-0010000 or Equivalent commercially available in U.S.A. Bearing remover 07936-3710300 07936-3710100 Remover handle 07741-0010201 or 07936-3710200 Remover weight

Common

07746-0010200 Attachment, 37 x 40 mm 07746-0010400 Attachment, 52 x 55 mm 07746-0010500 Attachment, 62 x 68 mm 07746-0040400 Pilot, 17 mm Pilot, 25 mm 07746-0040600 07746-0041100 Pilot, 28 mm Driver 07749-0010000 Universal holder 07725-0030000 or Equivalent commercially available in U.S.A. 07724-0010100 or Equivalent commercially available in U.S.A. Gear holder

Troubleshooting

Engine noise

- · Worn connecting rod big end bearing
- Worn crankshaft bearing(s)
- · Worn transmission bearing(s)

Transmission jumps out of gear

- · Worn gear dogs or slots
- Bent shift fork shaft
- Broken shift drum stopper
- Worn or bent shift forks
- Broken gearshift linkage return spring

Hard to shift

- · Improper clutch operation
- Incorrect transmission oil viscosity
- · Incorrect clutch adjustment
- Bent shift fork
- Bent shift fork shaft
- Damaged shift drum cam grooves
- · Bent gearshift spindle

Engine vibration

Excessive crankshaft runout

Crankcase Separation

Remove the engine from the frame (Section 6).

NOTE

 Refer to Service Information (page 9-1) for removal of necessary parts before separating the crankcase.

Hold the drive sprocket with the universal holder and loosen the drive sprocket bolt.

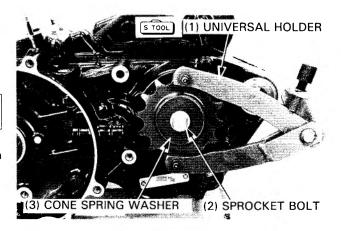
S. TOOL

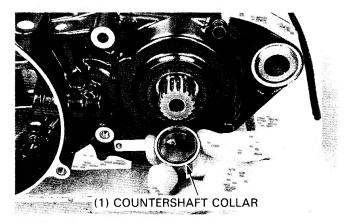
Universal holder

07725-0030000 or Equivalent commercially available in U.S.A.

Remove the cone spring washer and drive sprocket.

Remove the collar on the coutershaft.





Temporarily install the clutch outer guide, needle bearing and clutch outer onto the mainshaft.

Attach the gear holder between the primary drive and driven gears.

Remove the primary drive gear bolt, then remove the lock washer and drive gear.

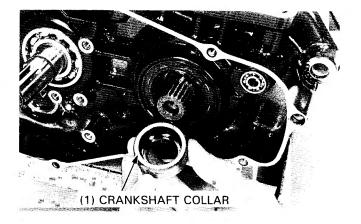
S. TOOL

Gear holder

07724-0010100 or Equivalent commercially available in U.S.A.

(1) CLUTCH OUTER (2) GEAR HOLDER
(3) PRIMARY DRIVE GEAR

Remove the collar on the crankshaft.



Remove the crankcase bolts.

(1) BOLTS

Attach the crankcase puller to the left crankcase and separate the left crankcase from the right crankcase.

NOTE

 Separate the right and left crankcases from each other while tapping them at several locations with a soft hammer.

CAUTION

 Do not pry the crankcase halves apart with the end of a screwdriver.



Crankcase puller

07937-4300000

Remove the gasket and dowel pins.

Transmission

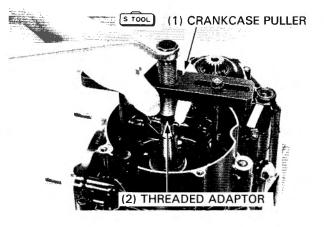
Disassembly

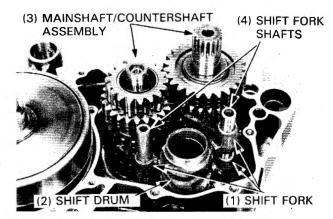
Separate the crankcase (page 9-3).

Remove the shift fork shafts and shift forks. Remove the shift drum.

Remove the mainshaft and countershaft assemblies as a set from the right crankcase.

Disassemble the mainshaft and countershaft assemblies.



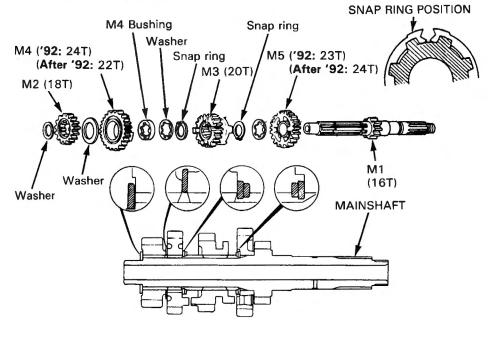


Assembly

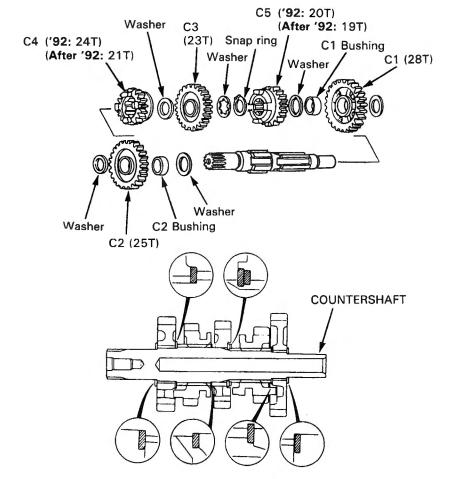
Apply molybdenum oil solution for the mainshaft and countershaft.

Assemble the mainshaft and countershaft gears.

Mainshaft



Countershaft



Coat each gear with transmission oil and check for smooth movement.

Lubricate the transmission bearings in the right crankcase with clean transmission oil.

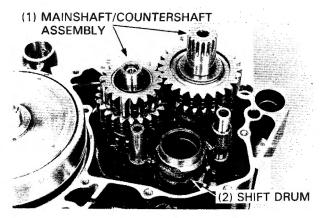
Engage the mainshaft and countershaft gears and place into the right crankcase.

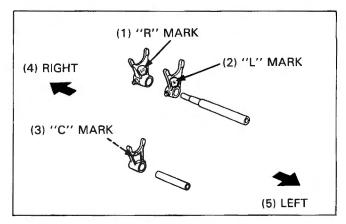
Install the shift drum.

Install the shift forks into the shifter gear grooves with the "R"/"L" marks facing up and the "C" mark facing down. Slide the shift fork shafts through the shift forks, and into the crankcase.

After installing, check for smooth transmission operation.

Assemble the left crankcase onto the right crankcase (page 9-8).





Crankshaft Removal

NOTE

 When removing, installing and inspecting the crankshaft, be careful not to dent or nick the crank weights.

Separate the crankcase (page 9-3). Remove the transmission (page 9-4).

Remove the crankshaft from the right crankcase using a hydraulic press as shown.

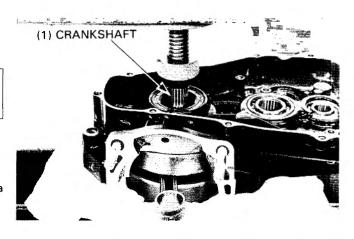
Remove the crankshaft oil seals and bearings from both crankcases.

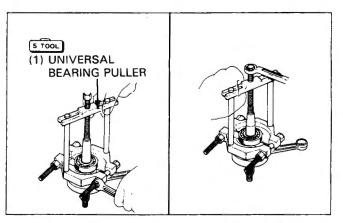
If the crankshaft bearings are left on the crankshaft, remove them using the bearing puller.



Universal bearing puller

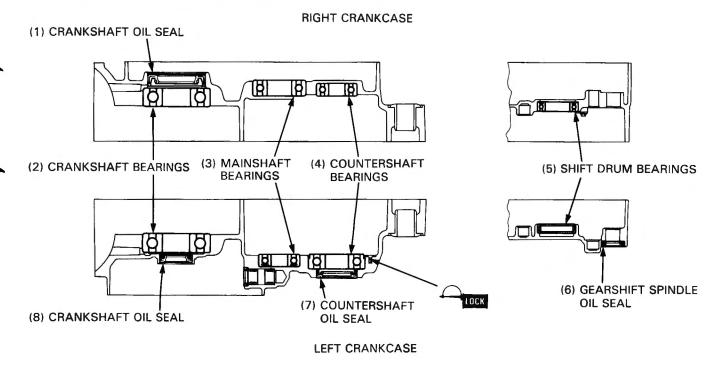
07931 – 0010000 or Equivalent commercially available in U.S.A.





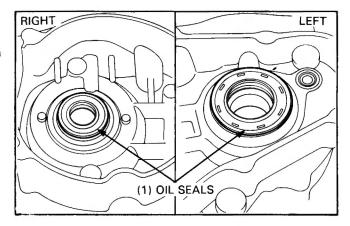
Crankcase Bearings/Replacement

Crankcase Bearing/Oil Seal Locations



Crankshaft Bearings

Remove the crankshaft oil seals and bearings from the both crankcase halves.



Drive new crankshaft bearings into both cases using the special tools.

NOTE

 Drive the bearings into the cases sequarely; do not allow the bearings to tilt.



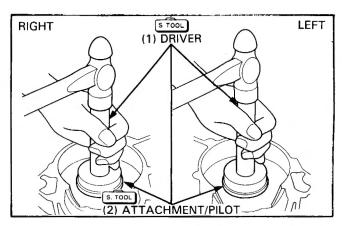
Driver 07746-0010000

Attachment, 62 x 68 mm 07746-0010500

Pilot, 28 mm 07746-0041100

Pack grease into the seal lip cavity of a new right crankshaft oil

Install the crankshaft oil seal into the right crankcase.



Transmission Bearings

Left Crankcase Bearings

Remove the mainshaft bearing using the special tools.

S. TOOL

 Bearing remover
 07936-3710300

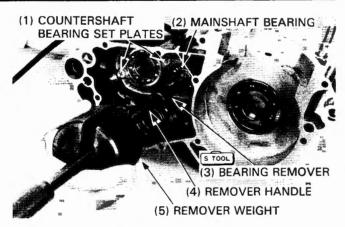
 Remover handle
 07936-3710100

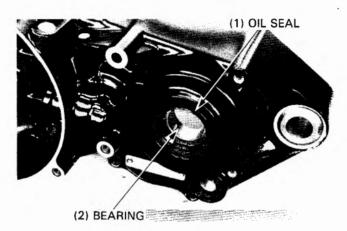
 Remover weight
 07741-0010201 or

07936-3710200

Remove the countershaft bearing set plates by removing the screws.

Remove the countershaft bearing. Remove the gearshift drum bearing. Remove the countershaft oil seal and bearing.





Drive in a new countershaft bearing.

S. TOOL

Driver 07749-0010000 Attachment, 52 x 55 mm 07746-0010400

Apply a locking agent to the countershaft bearing set plate screws. Then torque the screws against the set plates.

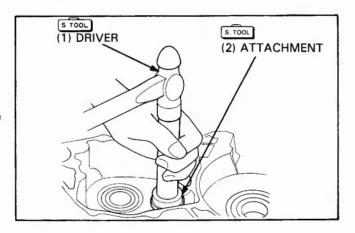
Torque: 10 N·m (1.0 kg-m, 7 ft-lb)

Drive in a new mainshaft bearing.

S. TOOL

Driver 07749-0010000 Attachment, 37 x 40 mm 07746-0010200

Apply grease to the lip of the countershaft oil seal and install it.



Right Crankcase Bearings

Remove the mainshaft and countershaft bearngs.

Remove the shift drum bearing set plates and drive out the shift drum bearing toward the inside of the case.

Drive in a new mainshaft bearing.



Driver 07749-0010000 Attachment, 52 x 55 mm 07746-0010600 Pilot, 25 mm 07746-0040600

Drive in a new gearshift drum bearing.

S. TOOL

Driver 07749-0010000 Attachment, 37 x 40 mm 07746-0010200

Install the gearshift drum set plates and tighten the bolts securely.

Torque: 10 N·m (1.0 kg-m, 7 ft-lb)

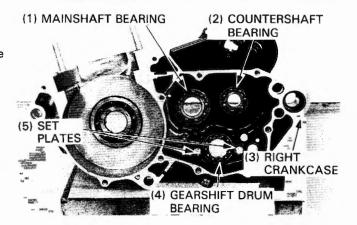
Drive in a new countershaft bearing.

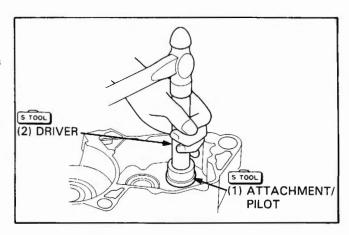
S. TOOL

 Driver
 07749-0010000

 Attachment, 37 x 40 mm
 07746-0010200

 Pilot, 17 mm
 07746-0040400





Crankshaft Installation

or damage before assembling.

Pack grease into the seal lip cavity of a new right crankshaft oil seal, and install the seal into the right crankcase.

Clean the both crankcase mating surfaces and check for wear

NOTE

 If there is minor roughness or irregularities on the crankcase mating surfaces, dress them with an oil stone.

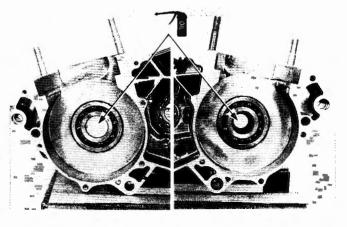
After cleaning, lubricate the crankshaft bearings with clean 2-stroke oil of the recommended type.

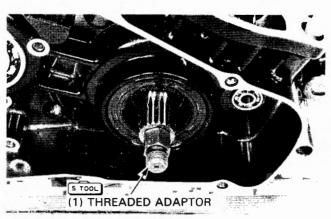
Install the threaded adaptor onto the crankshaft.

S. TOOL

Threaded adaptor

07965-KA30000

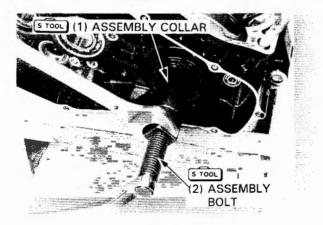




Install the crankshaft into the right crankcase using the special tool.

S. TOOL

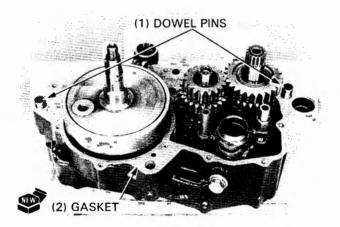
Assembly bolt Assembly collar 07965-1660200 07965-1660301



Crankcase Assembly

Install the crankshaft (page 9-9). Install the transmission (page 9-5).

Install the dowel pins and a new gasket.

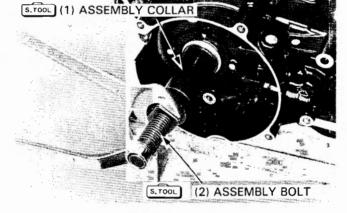


Install the crankcase breather tube onto the left crankcase. Lubricate the transmission bearings in the left crankcase.

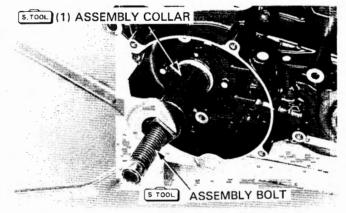
Place the left crankcase onto the right crankcase and assemble the crankcase halves using the special tool.

S. TOOL

Assembly bolt Assembly collar 07965-1660200 07965-1660301



Pack grease into the seal lip cavity of a new left crankcase oil seal, and press the seal into the crankcase with the special tool until the seal is flush with the case.

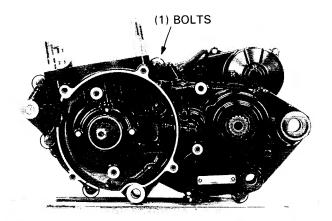


Install and tighten the crankcase bolts in a crisscross pattern in 2 or 3 steps.

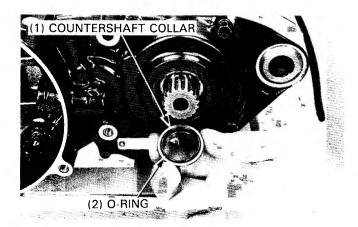
Carefully trim the protruding gasket material from the cylinder base gasket surface.

CAUTION

- · Do not let gasket material fall into the crankcase.
- · Do not damage the base gasket surface.



Coat the O-ring and the inside of the collar with grease. Install the O-ring and collar onto the countershaft.



Install the drive sprocket onto the countershaft with its stepped side facing out.

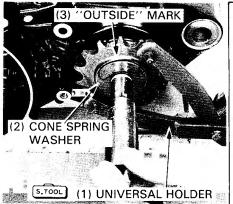
Install the cone spring washer with the "OUTSIDE" mark facing out.

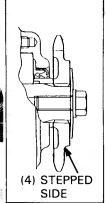
Hold the drive sprocket with the universal holder and tighten the sprocket bolt.



Universal holder

07725-0030000 or Equivalent commercially available in U.S.A.





Install the collar onto the crankshaft.

Install the primary drive gear and lock washer.



Crankcase/Crankshaft/Transmission

Install the clutch outer guide, needle bearing and clutch outer onto the mainshaft.

Attach the gear holder between the primary drive and driven gears.

S. TOOL

Gear holder

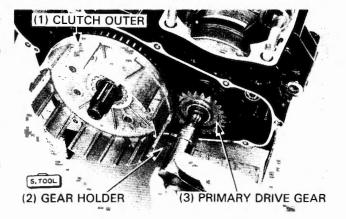
07724-0010100 or Equivalent commercially available in U.S.A.

Install and tighten the primary drive gear bolt to the specified torque.

Torque: 45 N·m (4.5 kg-m, 33 ft-lb)

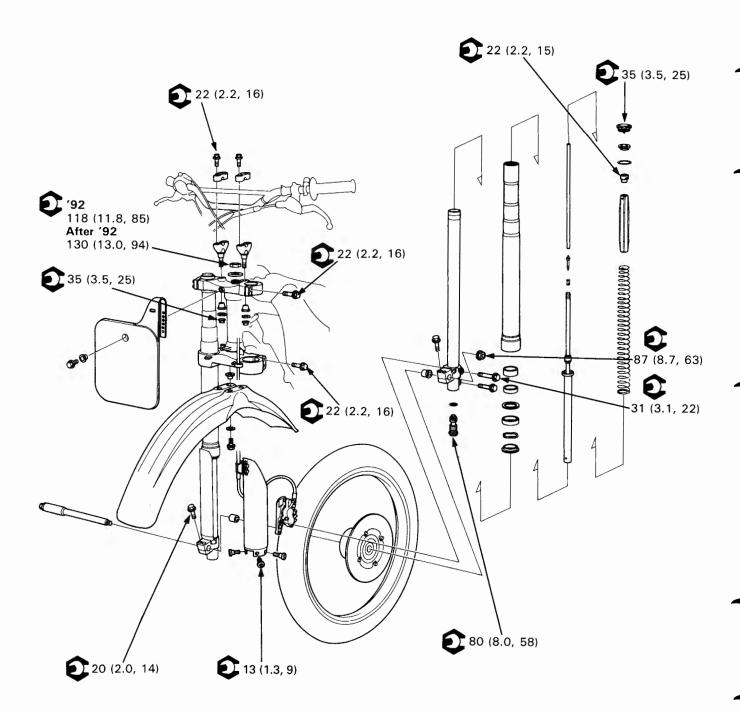
Install the remaining parts in the reverse order of removal.

Install the engine in the frame (Section 6).



MEI	мо
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'92-'94:



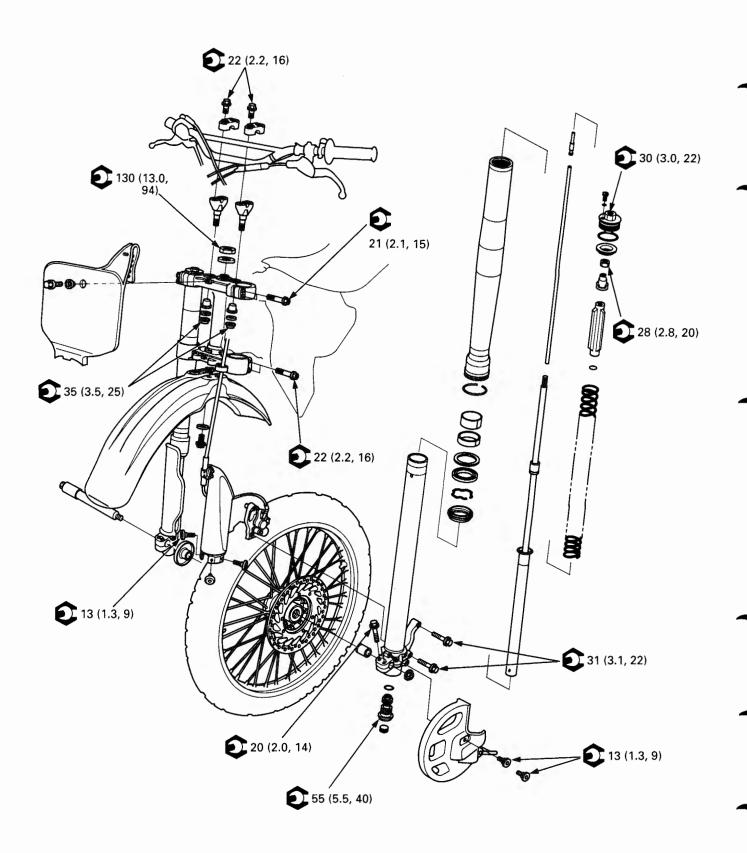
10

10. Front Wheel/Suspension/Steering

22 (2.2, 16) 30 (3.0, 22) 130 (13.0, 94) 28 (2.8, 20) 22 (2.2, 16) 10 000000 35 (3.5, 25) 22 (2.2, 16) 13 (1.3, 9) O 31 (3.1, 22) 20 (2.0, 14) 55 (5.5, 40) 13 (1.3, 9)

'95:

After '95:



Service Information	10-3	Fork (After '94)	10-21
Troubleshooting	10-5	Handlebar	10-31
Front Wheel	10-6	Steering Stem	10-33
Fork ('92-'94)	10-13		

Service information

General

Brake dust may contain asbestos fibers. Never use an air hose or dry brush to clean brake assemblies.

A WARNING

· Inhaled asbestos fibers have been found to cause respiratory disease and cancer.

Keep grease off of brake pads and disc.

A WARNING

- A contaminated brake disc or pads reduce stopping power. Discard contaminated pads and clean contaminated disc with a high quality brake degreesing agent.
- · This section covers maintenance of the front wheel, fork and steering stem.
- Optional lighter and heavier than standard springs are available. Refer to General Information, Section 1 for details.
- A box or work stand is required to support the motorcycle.
- For optimum performance, the fork should be completely disassembled and cleaned after the first three hours of riding.
 Thereafter it should be disassembled and cleaned on a regular basis to ensure maximum performance and service life.
- Refer to Section 12 for brake system information.

Specifications

Unit: mm (in)

Item Axle runout		Standard	Service Limit
			0.20 (0.008)
Front wheel rim runout	Radial		2.0 (0.08)
	Axial		2.0 (0.08)
Fork spring free length	′92 – ′94	512 (20.2)	504.4 (19.86)
	' 95	490 (19.3)	487 (19.2)
	After '95	470 (18.5)	467 (18.4)
Fork tube runout			0.20 (0.008)
Fork oil capacity (Std.)	′92	582 cc (19.7 oz)	
	′93	572 cc (19.3 oz)	
	′94	567 cc (19.2 oz)	
	′95	525 cc (17.8 oz)	
	After '95	636 cc (21.5 oz)	
Fork oil level (Std.)	′92	95 (3.74)	
,	′93	105 (4.13)	
	′94	110 (4.33)	
	′95	98 (3.86)	
	After '95	92 (3.62)	
Recommended fork oil		Pro Honda Suspension Fluid SS-7M or equivalent	

Torque Values

Steering stem nut ('92)	118 N·m (11.8 kg-m, 85 ft-lb)
(After '92)	130 N·m (13.0 kg-m, 94 ft-lb)
Steering stem adjusting nut ('92 - '94)	2.0 N·m (0.2 kg-m, 1.4 ft-lb)
(After '94)	13 N·m (1.3 kg-m, 9 ft-lb)
Fork top bridge pinch bolts ('92 – '94)	22 N·m (2.2 kg-m, 16 ft-lb)
(After '95)	21 N·m (2.1 kg-m, 15 ft-lb)
Fork bottom bridge pinch bolts	22 N·m (2.2 kg-m, 16 ft-lb)
Handlebar upper holder bolts	22 N·m (2.2 kg-m, 16 ft-lb)
Handlebar lower holder nuts	35 N·m (3.5 kg-m, 25 ft-lb)
Front axle ('92 – '94)	87 N·m (8.7 kg-m, 63 ft-lb)
(After '94)	88 N·m (8.8 kg-m, 64 ft-lb)
Front axle holder bolts	20 N·m (2.0 kg-m, 14 ft-lb)
Spoke nipple	3.8 N·m (0.38 kg-m, 2.7 ft-lb)
Fork protector mounting bolts	13 N·m (1.3 kg-m, 9.4 ft-lb)
Fork cap ('92 – '94)	35 N·m (3.5 kg-m, 25 ft-lb)
(After '94)	30 N·m (3.0 kg-m, 22 ft-lb)
Fork center bolt	80 N·m (8.0 kg-m, 58 ft-lb) Apply locking agent to the threads
Rim lock nut	13 N·m (1.3 kg-m, 9 ft-lb)
Front brake disc mounting bolts ('92 - '94)	20 N·m (2.0 kg-m, 14 ft-lb) Apply locking agent to the threads
(After '94)	16 N·m (1.6 kg-m, 12 ft-lb)
Front disc cover mounting bolt	13 N·m (1.3 kg-m, 9 ft-lb)
Front brake caliper mounting bolts	31 N·m (3.1 kg-m, 22 ft-lb)
Fork cap lock nut ('92 – '94)	22 N·m (2.2 kg-m, 16 ft-lb)
(After '94)	28 N·m (2.8 kg-m, 20 ft-lb)
Clutch lever bracket holder bolts	10 N·m (1.0 kg-m, 7 ft-lb)
Engine stop switch clamp screw	1.5 N·m (0.15 kg-m, 1.1 ft-lb)
Front master cylinder holder bolts	10 N⋅m (1.0 kg-m, 7 ft-lb)
Throttle cable end cover screw	1.5 N·m (0.15 kg-m, 1.1 ft-lb)
Throttle housing bolts	10 N·m (1.0 kg·m, 7 ft-lb)

Tools

Special

Bearing race remover	07948 – 4630100
Steering stem driver	07946 - MB00000
Steering stem socket	07916 - KA50100
Fork damper holder	07PMB – KZ40100
Fork slider spacer	07KMZ - KZ30101
Oil seal driver ('92 - '95)	07KMD - KZ30100
Oil seal driver attachment ('92 - '95)	07NMD - KZ30100
Oil seal driver (After '95)	07TMD - MAC0100

Common

Attachment, 32 x 35 mm	07746 – 0010100
Attachment, 42 x 47 mm	07746 - 0010300
Attachment, 52 x 55 mm	07746 – 0010400
Driver	07749 - 0010000
Pilot, 17 mm ('92 – '94)	07746 - 0040400
Pilot, 20 mm (After '94)	07746 - 0040500
Bearing remover head, 17 mm ('92 - '94)	07746 - 0050500
Bearing remover head, 20 mm (After '94)	07746 – 0050600 — or Equivalent commercially
Bearing remover shaft	07746 – 0050100 — available in U.S.A.
Spoke nipple wrench	07JMA – MR60100 [→]

Troubleshooting

Hard steering

- · Steering adjusting nut too tight
- · Faulty steering head bearings
- · Insufficient tire pressure

Steers to one side or does not track straight

- · Bent fork tube
- Bent front axle
- · Wheel installed incorrectly
- · Unequal oil quantity in each fork tube
- · Faulty steering head bearing
- Bent frame
- Worn wheel bearing
- · Worn swingarm pivot components

Front wheel wobbling

- Bent rim
- Worn front wheel bearings
- Bent spokes
- · Faulty tire
- · Axle not tightened properly

Soft suspension

- · Insufficient fluid in fork
- · Fork oil viscosity too thin
- Weak fork springs if free length is OK, go to optional stiffer spring

Hard suspension

- · Fork oil level too high (too much oil)
- · Fork oil viscosity too thick
- · Fork tube(s) bent and/or fork sliders are damaged

Front suspension noise

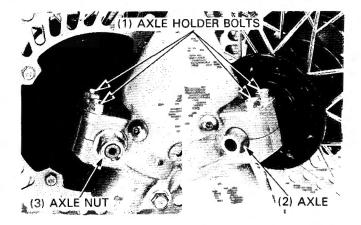
- · Slider binding
- · Insufficient fluid in fork
- Loose fork fasteners

Front Wheel

Removal

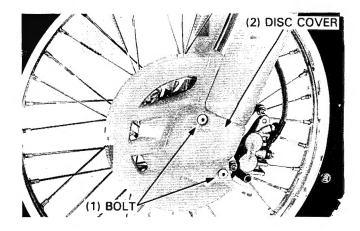
'92-'94:

Remove the axle nut and loosen the axle holder bolts. Remove the axle, then remove the front wheel.



After '94:

Remove the front brake disc cover mounting bolts.

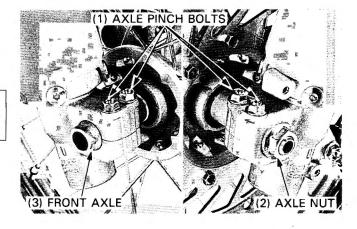


Remove the axle nut.

Remove the axle pinch bolts and pull out the axle. Remove the front wheel assembly.

NOTE

Do not depress the brake lever after the front wheel is removed. The caliper piston will move out and make reassembly difficult.



Disassembly

'92-'94:

Remove the following:

- Side collars
- Dust seals
- Brake disc bolts and disc/wheel hub cover.

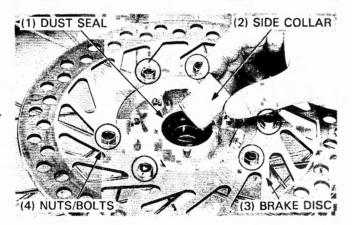


After '94:

Remove the following:

- Side collars
- Dust seals
- Brake disc nuts, bolts and disc

If necessary, remove the tire, tube, rim band and the rim lock.

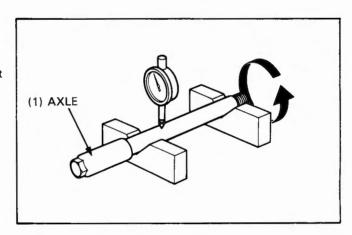


Inspection

Axle

Set the axle in V blocks and measure the runout. Actual runout is 1/2 the total indicator reading.

Service Limit: 0.2 mm (0.008 in)



Wheel Bearings

Turn the inner race of each bearing with your finger.

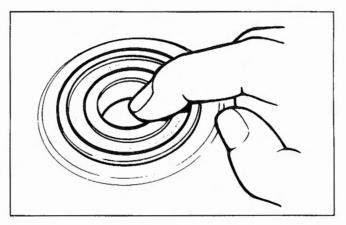
The bearings should turn smoothly and quietly.

Also check that the bearing outer races fit tightly in the hub.

Remove and discard the bearings if the races do not turn smoothly, quietly, or if they fit loosely in the hub (page 10-6).

NOTE

Replace wheel bearings in pairs.



Wheel Rim

Check the rim runout by placing the wheel on a truing stand. Then rotate the wheel by hand, and read the runout using a dial indicator.

Actual runout is 1/2 the total indicator reading.

Service Limits: Radial: 2.0 mm (0.08 in)

Axial: 2.0 mm (0.08 in)

Check the spokes and tighten any that are loose.

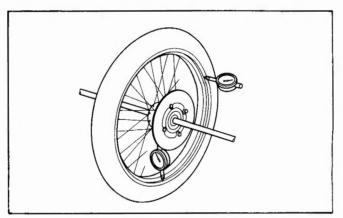


Spoke nipple wrench

07JMA-MR60100 or Equivalent commercially

available in U.S.A.

Torque: 3.8 N·m (0.38 kg-m, 2.7 ft-lb)



Remove the wheel bearings and distance collar from the wheel bub

S TOOL

Bearing remover head, 17 mm

('92-'94)

07746 - 0050500 or Equivalent commercially

available in U.S.A.

Bearing remover head, 20 mm

Bearing remover shaft

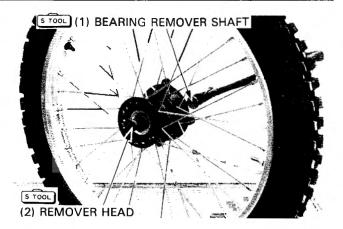
(After '94)

07746 – 0050600 or Equivalent commercially available in U.S.A.

07746-0050100 or

Equivalent commercially

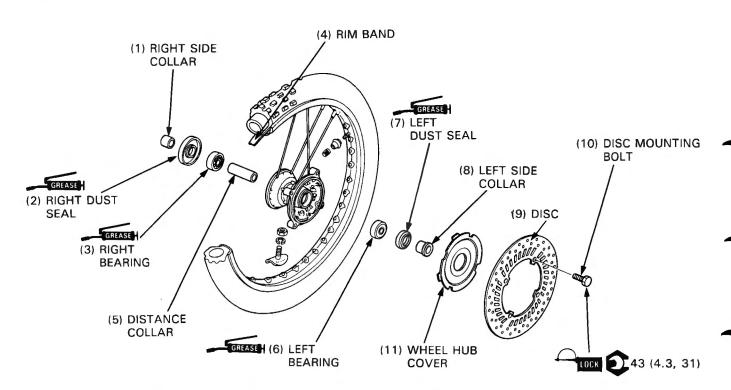
available in U.S.A.



NOTE

- Never install old bearings; once the bearings have been removed, they must be replaced with new ones.
- · Replace wheel bearings in pairs.

Assembly ('92-'94)



Place the rim on the work bench.

Place the hub with the right side down and begin lacing with new spokes.

Adjust the hub position so that the distance from the hub left end surface to the side of rim is 20.0 mm (0.79 in)/23.25 mm (0.915 in) as shown.

Tighten the spokes in 2 or 3 progressive steps.



Spoke nipple wrench

07JMA—MR60100 or Equivalent commercially available in U. S. A.

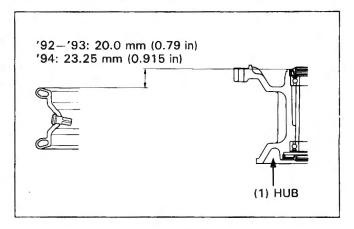
Torque: 3.8 N·m (0.38 kg-m, 2.7 ft-lb)

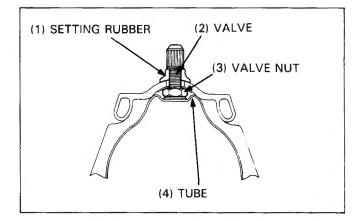
Check the rim runout (page 10-7).

Install the rim band, tube and tire.

Tighten the rim lock to the specified torque.

Torque: 13 N·m (1.3 kg-m, 9 ft-lb)





Pack new bearing cavities with grease.

Drive the right wheel bearing into the hub.



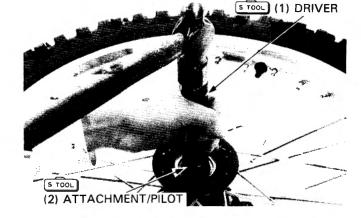
Driver

Attachment, 32 x 35 mm

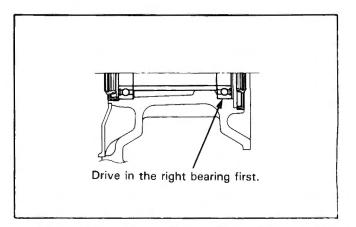
07749 – 0010000 m 07746 – 0010100

Attachment, 32 x 35 mm Pilot, 17 mm

07746-0040400



Install the distance collar. Then drive the right wheel bearing into the hub using the same tools.



Install the brake disc and wheel hub cover onto the wheel hub with the minimum thickness marking (MIN TH $2.5\ mm$) facing out.

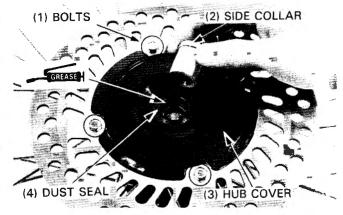
Clean and apply a Honda Aerobic Thread Lock or equivalent to the brake disc mounting bolts.

Tighten the brake disc mounting bolts to the specified torque.

Torque: 20 N·m (2.0 kg-m, 14 ft-lb)

Pack the left dust seal lip with grease and install the left dust seals to the front wheel hub.

Install the side collar.



Pack the right dust seal lip with grease and install the right dust seals to the front wheel hub.
Install the side collar.



(4) LEFT WHEEL BEARING

After '94) (1) RIGHT WHEEL BEARING (2) LEFT DUST SEAL (3) BRAKE DISC (6) RIGHT DUST SEAL (5) DISTANCE COLLAR (13) 13 (1.3, 9)

Place the rim on the work bench.

Place the hub with the right side down and begin lacing with new spokes.

Adjust the hub position so that the distance from the hub disc mounting surface to the side of rim is 27.25 mm (1.07 in) as shown.

Tighten the spokes in 2 or 3 progressive steps.



Spoke nipple wrench

07JMA-MR60100 or Equivalent commercially available in U. S. A.

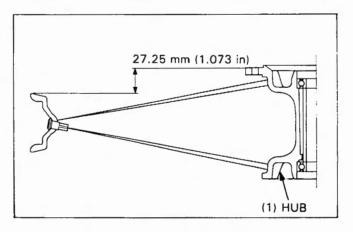
Torque: 3.8 N·m (0.38 kg-m, 2.7 ft-lb)

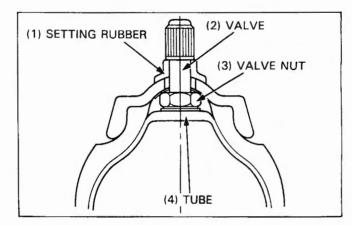
Check the rim runout (page 10-7).

Install the rim band, tube and tire.

Tighten the rim lock to the specified torque.

Torque: 13 N·m (1.3 kg-m, 9 ft-lb)





Pack new bearing cavities with grease. Drive the left wheel bearing into the hub.



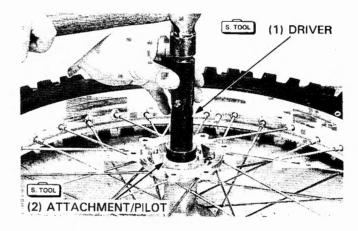
Driver

Attachment, 32 x 35 mm

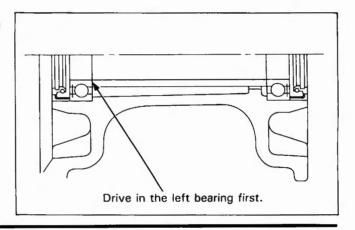
Pilot, 20 mm

07749-0010000 07746-0010100

07746-0040500



Install the distance collar. Then drive the right wheel bearing into the hub using the same tools.



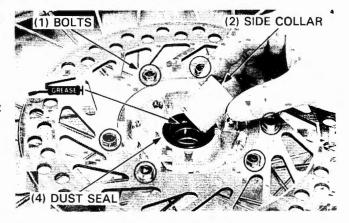
Install the brake disc onto the wheel hub with the minimum thickness marking (MIN TH 2.5 mm) facing out.

Tighten the brake disc mounting bolts to the specified torque.

Torque: 16 N·m (1.6 kg-m, 12 ft-lb)

Pack the left dust seal lip with grease and install the left dust seals to the front wheel hub.

Install the side collar.



Pack the right dust seal lip with grease and install the right dust seals to the front wheel hub. Install the side collar.



Installation

Clean the surfaces where the axle and axle clamps contact each other

Place the front wheel between the fork legs.

CAUTION

 Fit the brake caliper over the disc, taking care not to damage the brake pads.

Apply thin layer of grease to the axle and insert the axle from the right side.

Make sure the axle is seated firmly onto the left fork leg clamp inner surface.

Install the tighten the axle nut to the specified torque.

Torque: '92-'94: 87 N·m (8.7 kg-m, 63 ft-lb) After '94: 88 N·m (8.8 kg-m, 64 ft-lb)

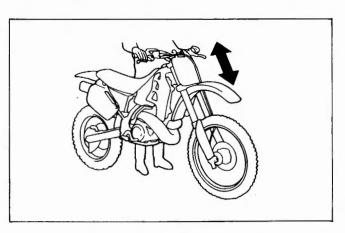
Tighten the left axle holder bolts alternately first.

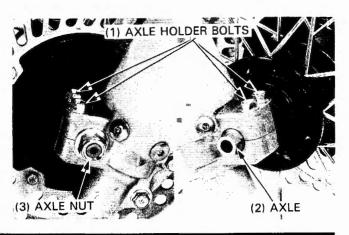
Torque: 20 N·m (2.0 kg-m, 14 ft-lb)

With the front brake applied, pump the fork up and down several times to seat the axle and check front brake operation.

While keeping the fork parallel, alternately tighten the right axle holder bolts.

Torque: 20 N·m (2.0 kg-m, 14 ft-lb)



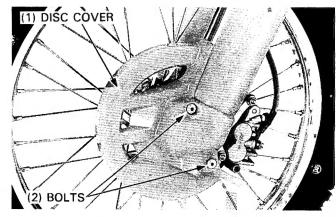


After '94:

Clean and apply a locking agent to the brake disc cover bolt threads.

Install and tighten the front brake disc cover mounting bolts.

Torque: 13 N·m (1.3 kg-m, 9 ft-lb)



Fork ('92-'94)

Removal

Unwrap the front number plate strap from the handlebar. Remove the handlebar upper holders and temporarily move the handlebar.

Loosen the upper pinch bolts.

Loosen the brake caliper mounting bolts, but do not remove them yet.

Loosen the fork caps, but do not remove them yet.

CAUTION

- Do not use an or adjustable wrench to loosen the fork caps: it may damage the caps.
- Loosen the pinch bolts before loosening the fork caps to avoid damage the fork caps.
- · Do not support the brake caliper by the brake hose.

Remove the front wheel (page 10-6). Remove the fork protector and caliper.

Loosen the lower pinch bolts, and pull the fork tube down and out.

Disassembly

Clean the fork—especially the sliding surface of the fork slider and the bottom of the fork slider around the center bolt—before disassembling the fork.

CAUTION

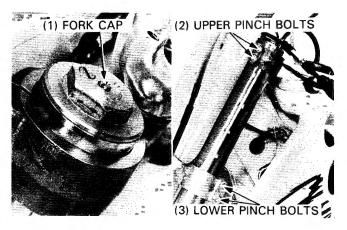
 Be careful not to scratch the slider or damage the dust seal.

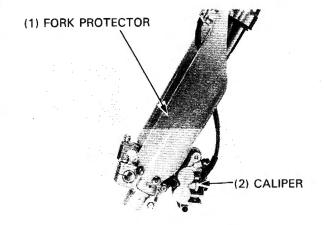
Install the fork slider spacer on the axle holder of the fork slider. Hold the fork tube, remove the fork cap and slide the fork tube down onto the slider spacer.

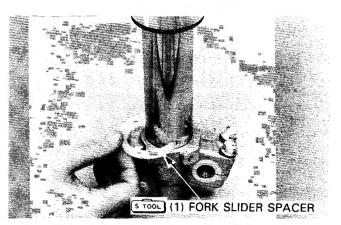


Fork slider spacer

07KMZ-KZ30101 or 07KMZ-KZ3010B or 07KMZ-KZ3010A (U.S.A. only)

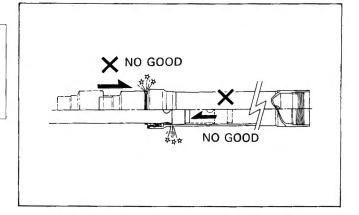






CAUTION

 When the fork cap is removed from the piston rod, the fork slider can move up and down freely in the fork tube.
 Always hold both the fork tube and fork slider with your hands after removing the fork cap, or the guide and slide bushings might be damaged and fork oil will leak from the fork slider.

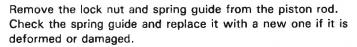


Pull the fork spring down to access the lock nut with a wrench. Hold the lock nut and remove the fork cap from the piston rod.

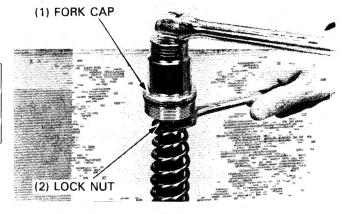
CAUTION

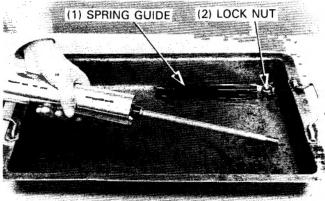
When removing the fork cap, turn the rebound damping adjuster counterclockwise to the softest position to prevent the needle of the adjuster from being damaged (Record the number of clicks to the softest position).

Remove the spring seat from the fork cap. Remove the fork spring.



Pour out the fork oil.



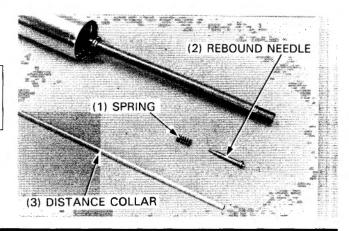


Remove the distance collar, needle and spring.

CAUTION

 Handle the needle carefully to prevent it from being damaged or bent.

If the needle is damaged or bent, the rebound damping force will be impaired.



Clamp the lower end (axle holder) of the fork slider in a vise with the shop towel or soft jaws to prevent damage.

Insert the fork damper holder into the fork tube and hold the fork damper by aligning the projections of the holder with the holes of the damper.

S TOOL

Fork damper holder

07PMB-KZ40100 or 07PMB-KZ4010A (U.S.A. only)

CAUTION

· Do not damage the axle holder by overtightening the vise.

Slowly loosen and remove the center bolt and sealing washer.

CAUTION

 When removing the center bolt, turn the compression damping adjuster counterclockwise to the softest position to avoid damaging the adjuster needle (Record the number of clicks to the softest position).

Remove the fork from the vise.

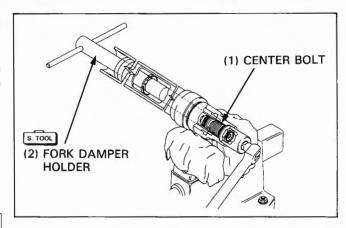
Remove the fork damper from the fork slider.

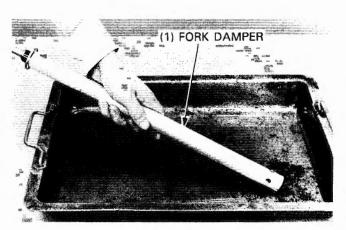
Empty the fork oil out of the fork damper by pumping the piston rod 8-10 times.

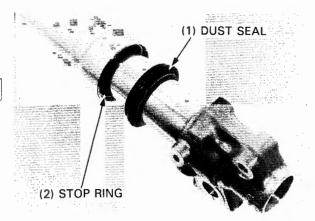
Remove the fork slider spacer from the fork end. Remove the dust seal and stop ring.

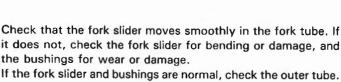
CAUTION

· Be careful not to scratch the fork slider.







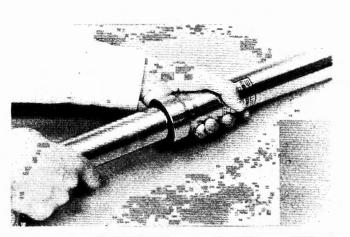


In quick successive motions, pull the fork slider out of the fork tube.

NOTE

 The guide bushing is pressed into the fork tube and must be forced out.

Slide the slider bushing off the fork slider by carefully prying the bushing ends open with a screwdriver.



CAUTION

- · Be careful not to scratch the teflon coating of the bushing.
- · Do not pry open the bushing more than necessary.

Remove the following from the fork slider:

- guide bushing
- back-up ring
- oil seal
- stop ring
- dust seal.

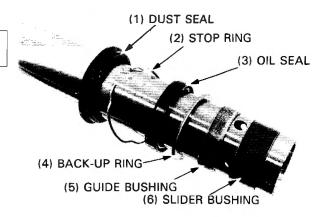
Inspection

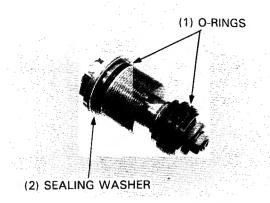
Center bolt

Check the center bolt assembly for damage.

Check that the sealing washer is in good condition, replace if necessary.

Replace the O-ring with new one.





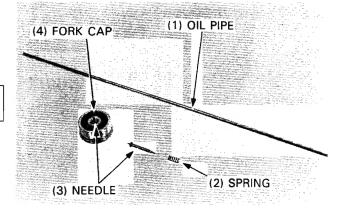
Distance Collar/Rebound Needle

Check the distance collar for damage.

Check the needles for bend or damage.

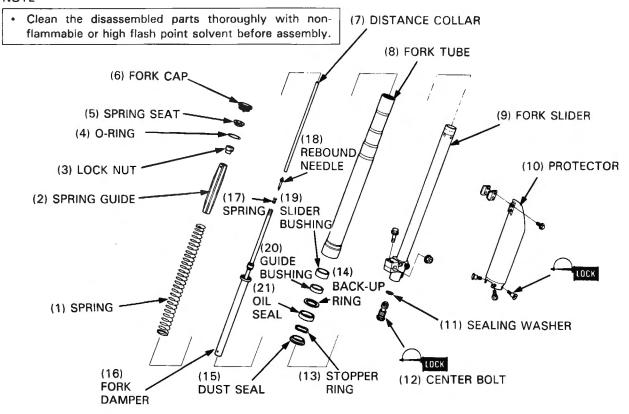
CAUTION

 If the needle is bent or damaged, the rebound damping force will be impaired.



Assembly

NOTE



Wrap the end of the slider with tape. Coat the new oil seal lips with recommended fork oil.

Install the following onto the slider:

- dust seal
- stop ring
- oil seal
- back-up ring
- guide bushing.

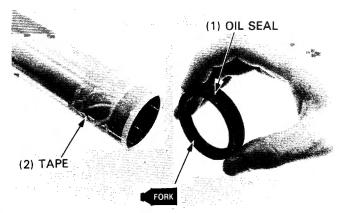
Remove the tape and install the slider bushing.

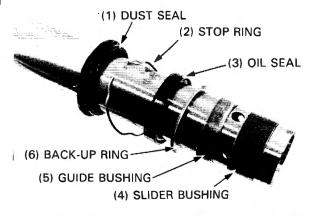
NOTE

Remove the any burrs from the slider bushing mating surface, being careful not to peel off its teflon coating.

Tape or tie the dust seal and stop ring, so they won't get in the way.

Coat the slider and guide bushing with the recommended fork oil and install the fork slider into the fork tube.





Drive the guide bushing and back-up ring into the fork tube, using the oil seal driver.

Drive in a new oil seal until the stop ring groove is visible, using the special tool.

S. TOOL

Oil seal driver Oil seal driver attachment 07KMB-KZ30100 07NMD-KZ30100

Install the stop ring into the fork tube groove. Install a new dust seal.

To avoid damaging the fork dust seal, slider bushing and guide bushing, install the fork slider spacer (page 10-13).

Install the fork damper into the fork slider.

Hold the axle holder of the fork slider in a vise with a shop towel or soft jaws.

CAUTION

Do not damage the axle holder by overtightening the vise.

Apply locking agent to the center bolt threads.

Install the center bolt with a new sealing washer and tighten it to the specified torque using the fork damper holder (page 10-10).

\$ TOOL

Fork damper holder

07PMB-KZ40100

Torque: 80 N·m (8.0 kg-m, 58 ft-lb)

Insert the distance collar, spring and rebound needle onto the piston rod of the fork damper.

Wipe off any oil from the spring guide.

Install the spring guide with the oil hole facing up.

Temporarily install the lock nut with the flange side facing up.

CAUTION

 The fork slider spacer must be used to maintain the correct oil level and to prevent dust seal damage.

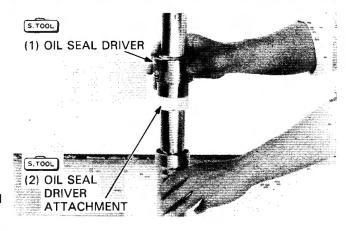
Pour the half amount of recommended fork oil into the fork leg.

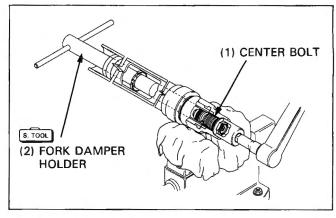
Bleed the air from the fork leg as follows:

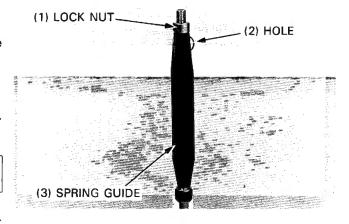
 Extend the fork, cover the top of the outer tube with your hand and compress the leg slowly.
 Repeat the above procedure 2-3 times.

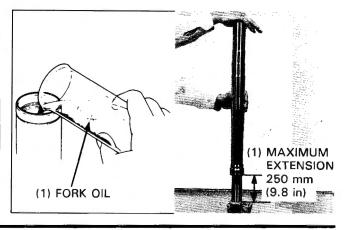
CAUTION

- Do not pull up the fork tube more than 250 mm (9.8 in) from the axle holder. The fork oil will spill out from the oil hole in the fork slider.
- With the piston rod fully pushed in, pour the recommended fork oil (Pro Honda Suspension Fluid SS-7M U.S.A. only or equivalent) into the piston rod until a little oil flows out from the piston rod end.









- 3. Pump the fork tube and piston rod slowly 8-10 times.
- Fill with the recommended fork oil to the specified capacity and repeat step 3.

Compress the outer tube fully and leave it for 5 minutes to remove air bubbles from the oil.

Measure the oil level from the top of the fork tube.

Recommended oil:

Pro Honda Suspension Fluid

SS-7M or equivalent

Standard oil capacity: (Per fork leg)

'92: 582 cc (19.7 oz) '93: 572 cc (19.3 oz) '94: 567 cc (19.2 oz)

Standard oil level:

'92: 95 mm (3.74 in) '93: 105 mm (4.13 in) '94: 110 mm (4.33 in)

NOTE

- Be sure the amount of oil is the same in both fork legs.
- Support the fork leg vertically whenever measuring the oil level.

For more details on the effects of oil level adjustment, refer to Owner's Manual.

Attach a 60 cm (24 in) length of mechanic's wire to the lock nut on the piston rod.

Clean the fork spring with non-flammable or high flash point, dry it using compressed air, and then install it into the fork tube with the tapered end facing up.

Feed the mechanic's wire up through the fork spring while holding the oil lock valve.

Remove the mechanic's wire from the piston rod.

Thread the lock nut onto the piston rod by hand until it seats.

Install the spring seat onto the fork spring.

Apply the recommended fork oil to a new O-ring and install it onto the fork cap.

Align the piston rod end hole with the fork cap needle and screw the cap on the piston rod.

CAUTION

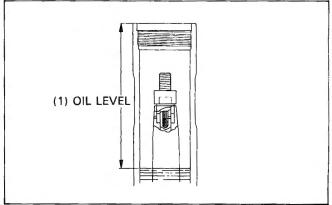
 Handle the fork cap carefully to prevent the needle of the cap from being damaged or bent.

If the needle is damaged or bent, the rebound damping force will be impaired.

Hold the lock nut and tighten the fork cap.

Torque: 22 N·m (2.2 kg-m, 16 ft-lb)

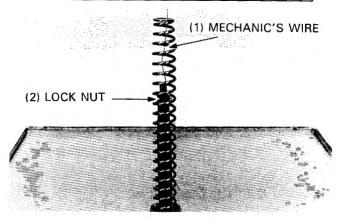
Temporarily install the fork cap into the fork tube.

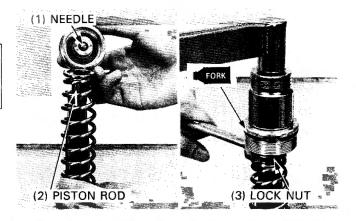


Maximum	93 mm (3.66 in)	Slightly stiffer as
oil level	584 cc	it nears full
capacity	(19.8 oz)	compression.
Minimum oil level capacity	124 mm (4.88 in) 552 cc (18.7 oz)	Slightly softer as it nears full compression.

Maximum oil level capacity	93 mm (3.66 in) 584 cc (19.8 oz)	Slightly stiffer as it nears full compression.
Minimum oil level capacity	136 mm (5.35 in) 541 cc (18.3 oz)	Slightly softer as it nears full compression.

Maximum oil level capacity	101 mm (3.98 in) 576 cc (19.5 oz)	Slightly stiffer as it nears full compression.
Minimum oil level capacity	143 mm (5.63 in) 534 cc (18.1 oz)	Slightly softer as it nears full compression.





Installation

Insert both fork legs into the fork clamps.

Temporarily tighten the lower pinch bolts and tighten the fork caps.

Torque: 35 N·m (3.5 kg-m, 25 ft-lb)

For ease of releasing air pressure after the forks are installed, position the fork outer tubes so that the pressure release screws are in front of the rebound adjusters.

Loosen the lower pinch bolts and align the top surface of the upper fork clamp with the index groove 9 mm (0.4 in) below the top of the outer tube. For alternate chassis geometry adjustments, refer to the Owner's Manual.

Tighten the upper and lower pinch bolts.

Torque: 22 N·m (2.2 kg-m, 16 ft-lb)

CAUTION

Overtightening the pinch bolts can deform the fork tube.
 Deformed fork tubes must be replaced.

Return the rebound/compression adjusters to their original positions as noted during removal.

Clean the threads of the fork protector bolts. Apply locking agent to the bolt threads. Install the fork protectors and tighten the bolts.

Torque: 13 N·m (1.3 kg-m, 9 ft-lb)

Clean the threads of the caliper mounting bolts and caliper bracket thoroughly.

Apply locking agent to the bolt threads.

Install the caliper and tighten the mounting bolts to the specified torque.

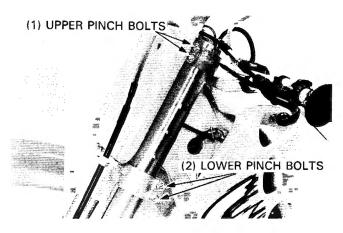
Torque: 31 N·m (3.1 kg-m, 22 ft-lb)

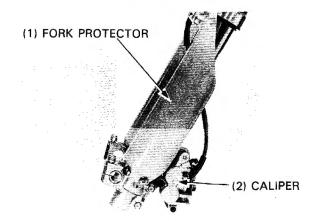
CAUTION

 Do not twist the brake hose when installing the brake caliper, or the brake hose may be damaged.

Install the front wheel (page 10-12). Install the handlebar assembly (page 10-31).







Fork (After '94)

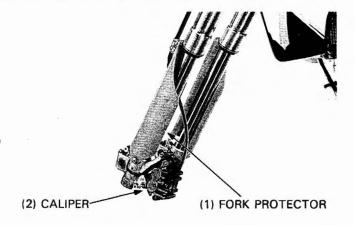
Removal

Remove the front wheel (page 10-6).

Remove the fork protector and brake caliper.

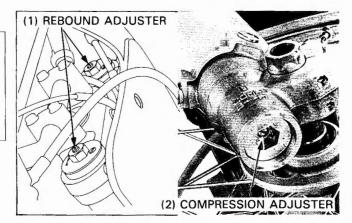
When the fork leg is to be disassembled, loosen the fork cap as follow.

Loosen the fork upper pinch bolts and loosen the fork cap.

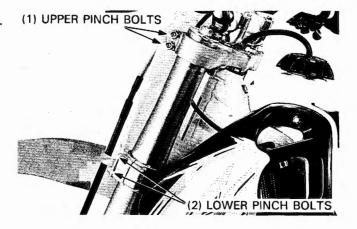


CAUTION

- Do not use a Crescent or adjustable wrench to loosen the fork cap; they could be damaged.
- When disassembling the fork leg, turn the rebound adjuster and compression adjuster counterclockwise to the softest position to prevent damage to the needle (Record the number of clicks to the softest position).



Loosen the lower pinch bolts and pull the fork leg down and out.



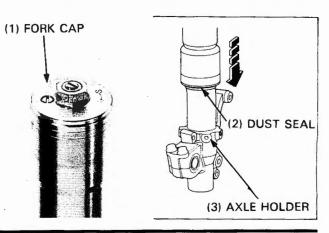
Disassembly

Clean the fork assembly, especially the sliding surface of the fork slider and bottom of the slider around the center bolt before disassembly the fork.

CAUTION

 Be careful not to scratch the slider and not to damage the dust seal.

Hold the outer tube, remove the fork cap from the outer tube and slide the outer tube down to the dust seal on to the axle holder.

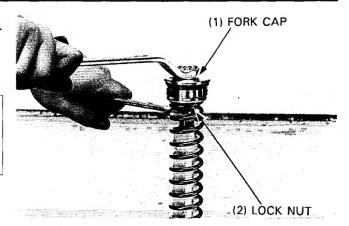


Hold the lock nut and remove the fork cap from the damper rod.

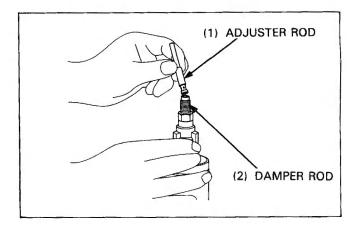
Remove the spring seat and fork spring.

CAUTION

 When the fork cap is removed from the damper rod, the slider can move up and down freely on the outer tube.
 Always hold both the outer tube and slider with your hands after removing the fork cap, or the guide, slider bushing and oil seal might be damaged.

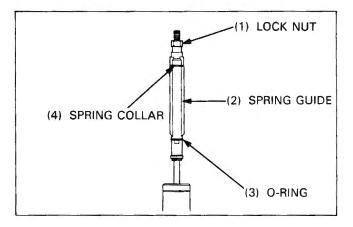


Remove the adjuster rod from the fork damper rod.



Remove the following:

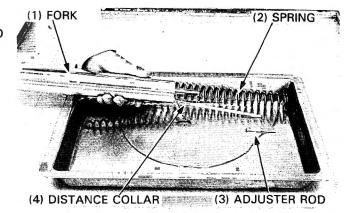
- Lock nut
- Spring collar
- Spring guide
- O-ring



Remove the adjuster rod.

Pour out the fork oil from the fork leg by pumping the fork 8-10 times.

Remove the distance collar.



Set the lower end (axle holder) of the slider in a vise with a piece of wood or soft jaws to avoid to damage.

CAUTION

- Do not overtighten the axle holder.

Loosen the center bolt using the special tool as shown.



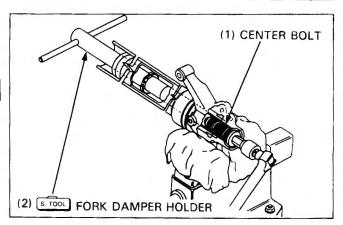
Fork damper holder

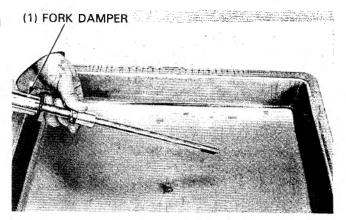
07PMB-KZ40100

Remove the center bolt and sealing washer.

Remove the fork damper from the slider.

Empty the fork oil from the damper by pumping the damper rod $8-10\,$ times.





Remove the dust seal and stop ring.

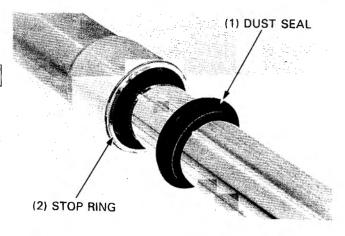
CAUTION

· Be careful not to scratch the slider.

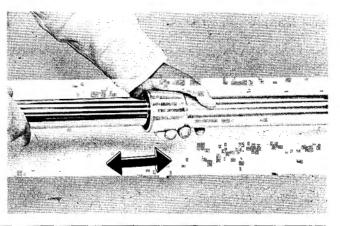
Check that the slider moves smoothly in the outer tube.

If it does not, check the slider for bend or damage, and the bushings for wear or damage.

If the slider and bushings are normal, check the outer tube.



In quick successive motions, pull the slider out of the outer tube.



Carefully remove the slider bushing by prying the slot with a screwdriver until the bushing can be pulled off by hand.

CAUTION

 Do not damage the slider bushing, especially the sliding surface. To prevent loss of tension, do not open the bushing more than necessary.

Remove the following from the slider:

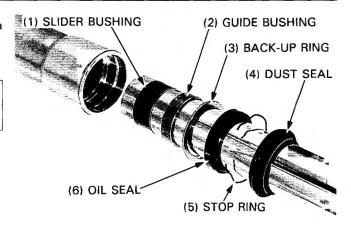
- Guide bushing
- Back-up ring
- Oil seal
- Stop ring
- Dust seal

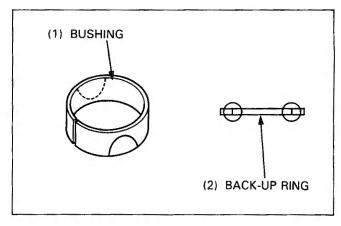
Inspection

Bushing

Check the bushings for excessive wear or scratches. If copper appears on the entire surface, replace the bushings. Replace the back-up ring if there is distortion at the points shown.

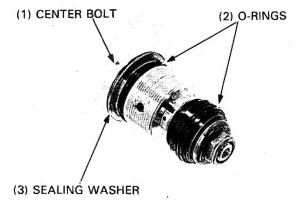
Remove any metal power from the slider and guide bushings with a nylon brush and fork oil.





Center Bolt

Check the center bolt for damage. Replace the O-rings and sealing washer with a new one.

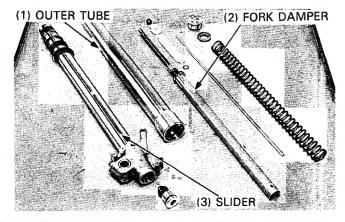


Fork Damper/Slider/Outer Tube

Check the slider for score marks, scratches and excessive or abnormal wear.

Check the outer tube for damage or deformation.

Check the spring guide for damage or wear.



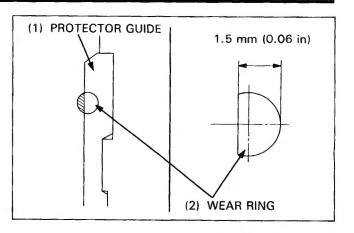
Inspect the wear ring for wear or damage.

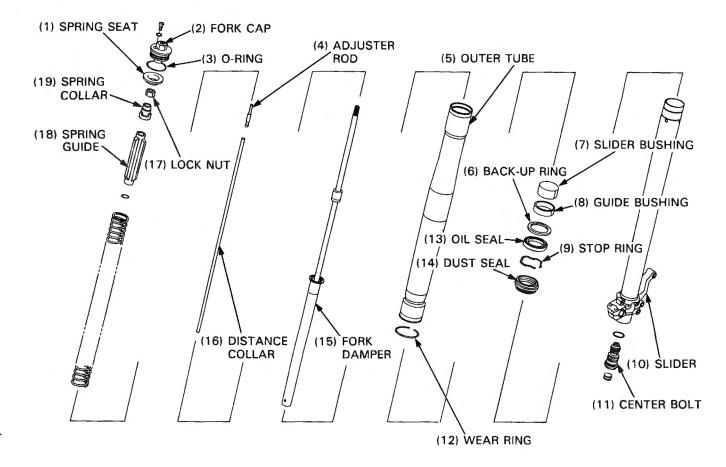
Replace the wear ring, if it is within 1.5 mm (0.06 in) of the protector guide.

Assembly

NOTE

Clean the disassembled parts thoroughly with nonflammable or high flash point solvent before assembly.





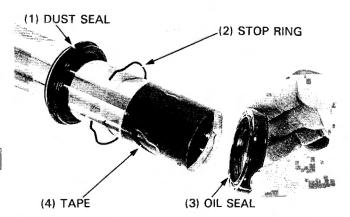
Wrap the end of the slider with a tape. Coat the new oil seal lips with fork oil.

Install the following on to the slider:

- Dust seal
- Stop ring
- Oil seal

NOTE

· Install the oil seal with its marked side facing the dust seal.



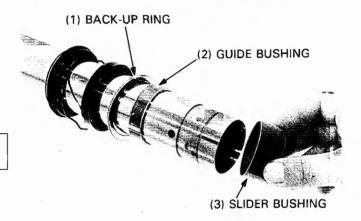
Remove the tape from the end of the slider.

Install the following onto the slider.

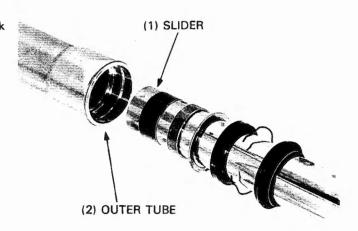
- Back-up ring
- Guide bushing
- Slider bushing

NOTE

 Remove any burrs from the bushing, taking care not to peel off its coating.



Coat the slider and guide bushings with the recommended fork oil and install the slider into the outer tube.



Drive the guide bushing and the back-up ring into the outer tube, using the special tool.



'95:

Oil seal driver

Oil seal driver attachment

07KMD - KZ30100 07NMD - KZ30100 or

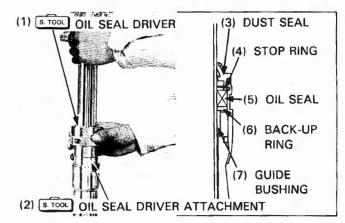
07NMD - KZ3010A

(U.S.A. only)

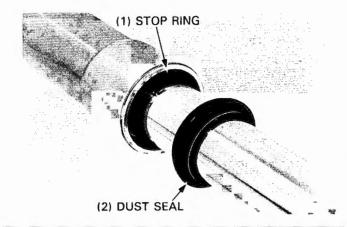
After '95:

Oil seal driver

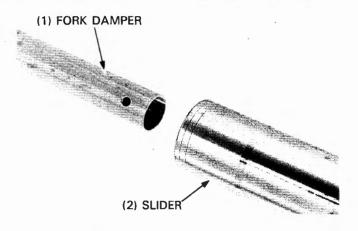
07TMD - MAC0100



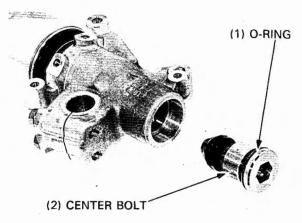
Install the stop ring to the groove of the slider. Install the dust seal.



Install the fork damper into the slider.



Coat the O-ring of the center bolt with the recommended fork oil.



Hold the axle holder in a vise with a piece of wood or soft jaws.

CAUTION

· Do not overtighten the axle holder.

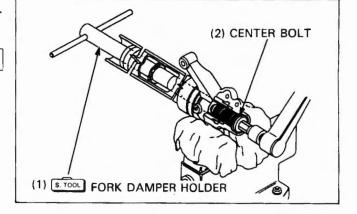
Install the center bolt with a new sealing washer. Tighten the bolt using the special tool as shown.

S. TOOL

Fork damper holder

07PMB-KZ40100

Torque: 78 N·m (7.8 kg-m, 56 ft-lb)



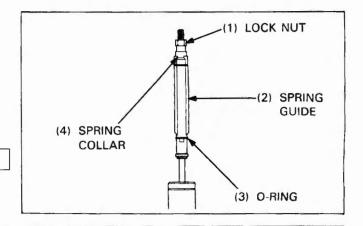
Coat the new O-ring with the recommended fork oil.

Install the following to the fork damper:

- O-ring
- Spring guide
- Spring collar
- Lock nut

NOTE

Install the lock nut with the cut-out side facing down.



Install the distance collar into the fork damper.
Install the adjuster rod into the fork damper with the oil hole side facing down.

CAUTION

 Slide the outer tube down to the protector guide to obtain the correct oil level adjustment.

Pour the recommended fork oil into the damper rod until the oil flows out the damper rod end.

Pour half the amount of the recommended fork oil into the fork leg.

Recommended Oil: Pro Honda Suspension Fluid SS-7M or equivalent

Standard oil level: '95: 98 r

98 mm (3.86 in)

After '95: 92 mm (3.62 in)

Standard capacity: '95:

525 cc (17.8 oz)

After '95: 636 cc (21.5 oz)

Bleed the air as follows:

- Extend the fork. Cover the top of the outer tube with your hand and compress the fork slowly.
- With the damper rod pushed fully in, pour the recommended fork oil into the rod until a little flows out of the end rod.
- 3. Pump the outer tube and rod slowly 8 10 times.
- Add additional oil up to the specified capacity and repeat step 3.

NOTE

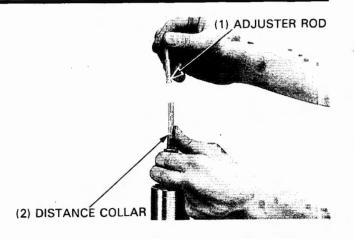
- Be sure the oil level is the same in both fork legs.
- Support the fork leg vertically and the fork compressed fully whenever measuring the oil level.

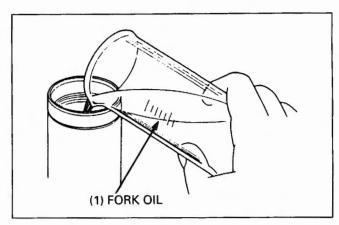
'95:

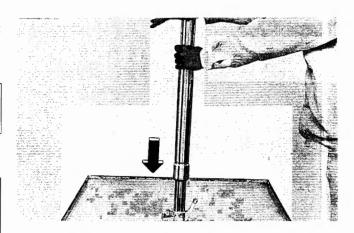
Maximum oil level capacity	84 mm (3.3 in) 539 cc (18.2 oz)	Slightly stiffer as the fork nears full compression.
Minimum oil level capacity	124 mm (4.9 in) 499 cc (16.9 oz)	Slightly softer as the fork nears full compression.

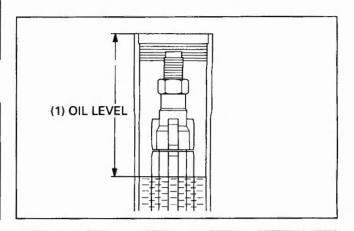
After '95:

Maximum oil level capacity	73 mm (2.87 in) 658 cc (22.3 oz)	Slightly stiffer as the fork nears full compression.
Minimum oil level capacity	112 mm (4.41 in) 613 cc (20.7 oz)	Slightly softer as the fork nears full compression.





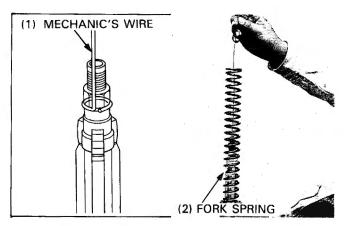




For details regarding the oil level adjustment, refer to the Owner's Manual.

Attach a 600 mm (2 feet) length of mechanic's wire to the lock nut on the damper rod.

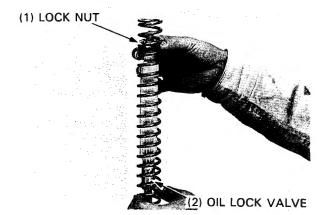
Wipe off any excessive oil from fork spring, then install it over the wire and into the slider with tapered side facing up.



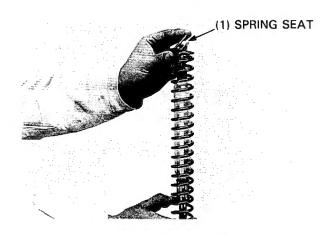
Pull the mechanic's wire up and hold the damper rod at the oil lock valve.

Remove the mechanic's wire from the rod.

Turn the lock nut by hand until it bottoms on the damper rod.



Install the spring seat onto the fork spring.



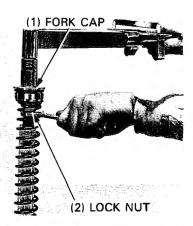
Check that the fork cap O-ring is in good condition.

Screw the fork cap on the damper rod.

Hold the lock nut and tighten the fork cap to the specified torque.

Torque: 28 N·m (2.8 kg-m, 20 ft-lb)

Temporarily install the fork cap in the outer tube.



Front Wheel/Suspension/Steering

Installation

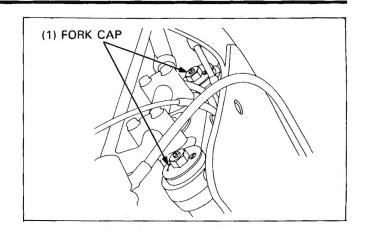
Install the fork leg.

Tighten the lower pinch bolts to specified torque.

Torque: 22 N·m (2.2 kg-m, 16 ft-lb)

Tighten the fork cap to specified torque.

Torque: 30 N·m (3.0 kg-m, 22 ft-lb)



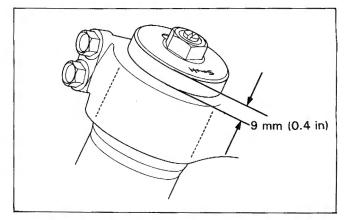
Standard position:

Loosen the lower pinch bolts.

For ease of releasing air pressure after the forks are installed, position the fork outer tubes so that the pressure release screws are in front of the rebound adjusters.

Align the top surface of the top bridge with the groove 9 mm (0.4 in) below the top of the outer tube.

For alternate positions, see the Owner's Manual.



Tighten the lower pinch bolts to the specified torque.

Torque: 22 N·m (2.2 kg-m, 16 ft-lb)

Tighten the upper pinch bolts to the specified torque.

Torque: '95: 22 N·m (2.2 kg·m, 16 ft-lb) After '95: 21 N·m (2.1 kg·m, 15 ft-lb)

CAUTION

Overtightening the pinch bolts can deform the fork tubes.
 Deformed fork tubes must be replaced.

Install the wear ring with the end gap facing rearward.

Clean and apply Honda Anaerobic Thread Lock or equivalent to the fork protector bolts.

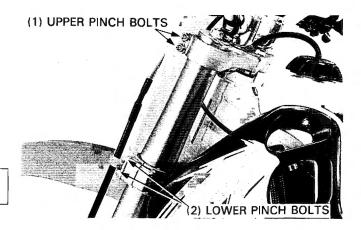
Install the fork protector and tighten the bolts to specified torque.

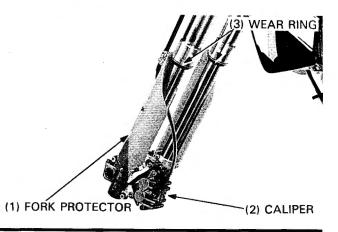
Torque: 13 N·m (1.3 kg-m, 9 ft-lb)

Clean and apply Honda Anaerobic Thread Lock or equivalent to the caliper bracket bolts.

Install the caliper and tighten the bolts to specified torque.

Torque: 31 N·m (3.1 kg-m, 22 ft-lb)

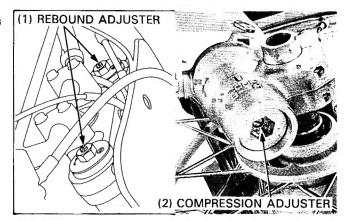




Return the rebound adjuster and compression adjuster to its original position as noted during removal.

Install the rubber cap.

Install the front wheel (page 10-12).



Handlebar

Removal

Remove the following:

- number plate
- engine stop button and wire bands
- clutch cable, clutch lever bracket
- throttle cable, housing and grip
- master cylinder holder and master cylinder
- handlebar upper holders and handlebar.

For handlebar grip removal/installation, refer to the Common Service Manual and the Owner's Manual.

CAUTION

 Using a suitable length of wire, suspend the master cylinder at least as high as originally installed to prevent air from getting into the brake fluid.

Installation

Install the handlebar.

Align the punch mark in the handlebar with the top of the lower holders.

Place the upper holders on the handlebar with the punch marks facing forward.

Tighten the front handlebar holder bolts first, then tighten the rear bolts to the specified torque.

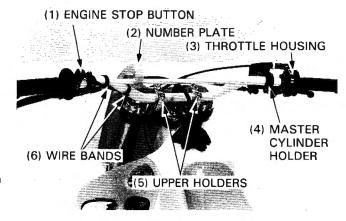
Torque: 22 N·m (2.2 kg-m, 16 ft-lb)

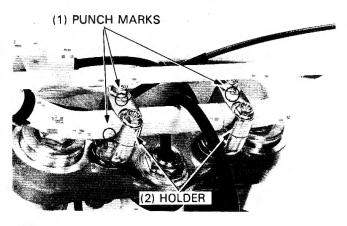
Apply thin coat of oil to the sliding surfaces of the throttle grip and throttle drum.

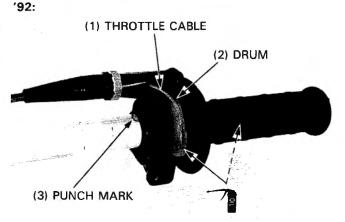
Apply oil to the throttle cable end and connect the throttle cable to the throttle drum.

'92:

Install the throttle housing by aligning the joint in the housing with the punch mark on the handlebar.







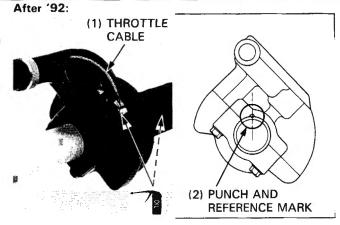
Front Wheel/Suspension/Steering

After '92:

Install the throttle housing by aligning the reference mark on the housing with the punch mark on the handlebar.

Tighten the upper bolt first then tighten the lower bolt securely.

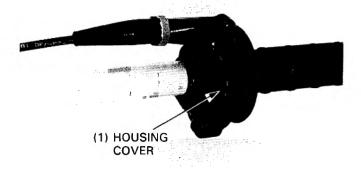
Torque: 10 N·m (1.0 kg-m, 7 ft-lb)



'92:

Install the throttle housing cover.

Torque: 1.5 N·m (0.15 kg-m, 1.1 ft-lb)



After '92:

Apply thin coat of grease to the sliding surfaces of the throttle cable roller and collar, and install them in the throttle housing.

Install the throttle housing cover.

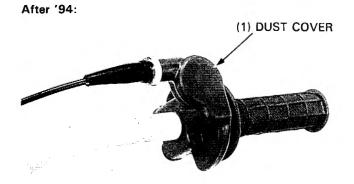
Torque: 1.5 N·m (0.15 kg-m, 1.1 ft-lb)

Adjust the throttle cable free play and test throttle operation (page 3-6).

GREASEH (1) COLLAR (2) ROLLER (2) ROLLER (3) HOUSING COVER (4) COVER (5) COVER (6) COVER (7) COVER (8) COVER (8) COVER (9) COVER (9) COVER (1) COVER (2) COVER (3) HOUSING (4) COVER (5) COVER (6) COVER (7) COVER (8) COVER (8) COVER (9) COVER (9) COVER (1) COVER (2) COVER (3) COVER (4) COVER (5) COVER (6) COVER (6) COVER (7) COVER (8) COVER (8) COVER (9) COVER (9) COVER (1) COVER (2) COVER (3) COVER (4) COVER (5) COVER (6) COVER (6) COVER (6) COVER (7) COVER (8) COVER (8) COVER (9) COVER (9) COVER (1) COVER (1

After '94:

Install the dust cover over the throttle housing.



Set the front brake master cylinder on the handlebar.

Install the master cylinder holder with the "UP" mark facing up and align the end of the holder with the punch mark on the handlebar.

Tighten the upper bolt first then tighten the lower bolt to the specified torque.

Torque: 10 N·m (1.0 kg-m, 7 ft-lb)

Install the clutch lever bracket and holder with the punch mark on the holder facing up and aligning the end of the holder with the punch mark on the handlebar.

Tighten the upper bolt first, then tighten the lower bolt and connect the clutch cable.

Torque: 10 N·m (1.0 kg-m, 7 ft-lb)

Adjust the clutch cable free play (page 3-13).

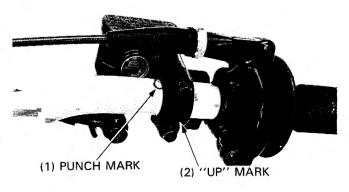
Secure the engine stop button wire and install the engine stop button.

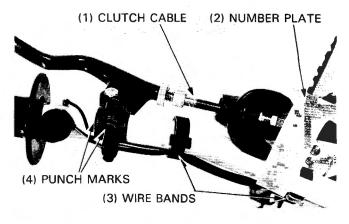
Torque: 1.5 N·m (0.15 kg-m, 1.1 ft-lb)

Hold the engine stop button wires against the handlebar using the wire bands.

Hook the number plate attaching tab onto the handlebar.

'92 Shown:



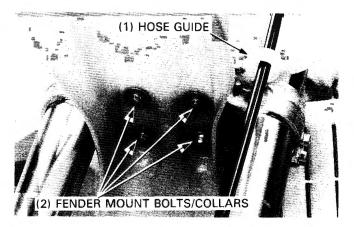


Steering Stem

Removal

Remove the following:

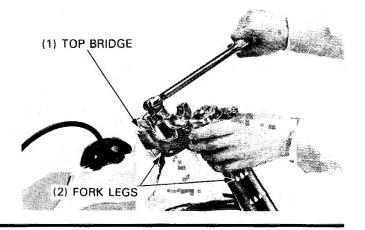
- handlebar (page 10-31)
- front wheel (page 10-6)
- front fender and brake hose guide



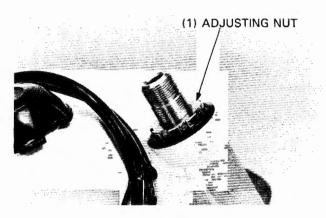
Remove the steering stem nut and washer.

Remove the fork legs (page 10-13, 21).

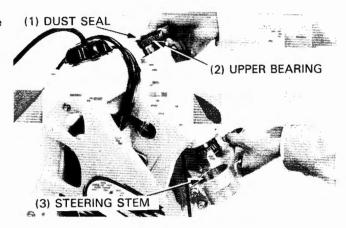
Remove the fork top bridge.



Remove the steering head adjusting nut.



Remove the seal, upper bearing and steering stem from the steering head.



Bearing Replacement

NOTE

- · Always replace the bearings and bearing races as a set.
- If the motorcycle has been involved in an accident, examine the steering stem and the area around the steering head for cracks.

Remove the lower bearing and dust seal from the steering stem.

NOTE

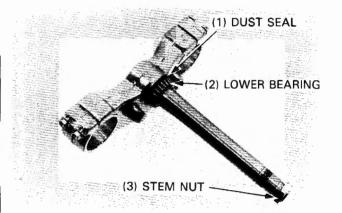
To avoid damaging the steering stem threads, temporarily install the stem nut.

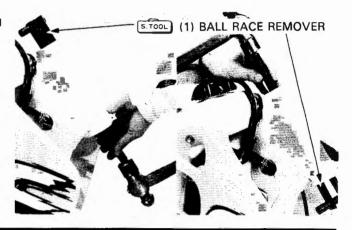
Remove the upper and lower bearing races from the steering head using the special tools.



Ball race remover

07948-4630100





Install the new bearing races.

NOTE

Drive the races in squarely, making sure that they are fully seated.

S. TOOL

Driver 07749 – 0010000 Attachment, 42 x 47 mm 07746 – 0010300

Attachment, 52 x 55 mm 07746-0010400

S. TOOL

(2) ATTACHMENT

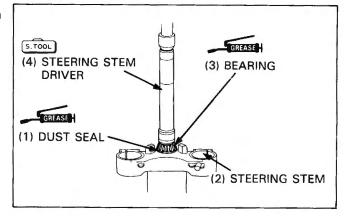
(3) DRIVER

Install the new dust seal. Install the lower bearing using a hydraulic press.

S. TOOL

Steering stem driver

07946-MB00000

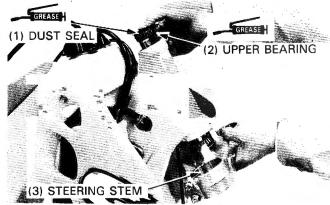


Installation

Pack the upper and lower tapered roller bearing with grease and apply grease to the dust seal.

Install the upper tapered roller bearing in the steering head. Slide the steering stem through the steering head from the bottom.

Install the washer and seal.



Install the steering head adjusting nut and tighten it with the special tool to the specified torque.

S. TOOL

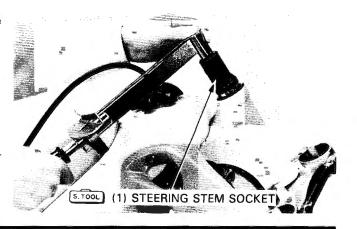
Steering stem socket

07916-KA50100

Torque: '92-'94: 2.0 N·m (0.2 kg-m, 1.4 ft-lb)

After '94: 13 N·m (1.3 kg-m, 9 ft-lb)

Turn the steering stem lock-to-lock 5 times to seat the bearings and recheck the torque of the adjusting nut.



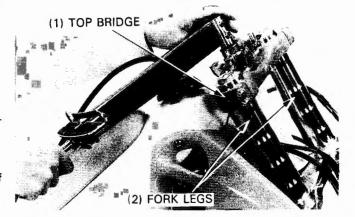
Front Wheel/Suspension/Steering

Install the fork top bridge, washer and stem nut.
Temporarily install both fork legs.
Tighten the steering stem nut to the specified torque.

Torque '92 : 118 N·m (11.8 kg-m, 85 ft-lb)
After '92 : 130 N·m (13.0 kg-m, 94 ft-lb)

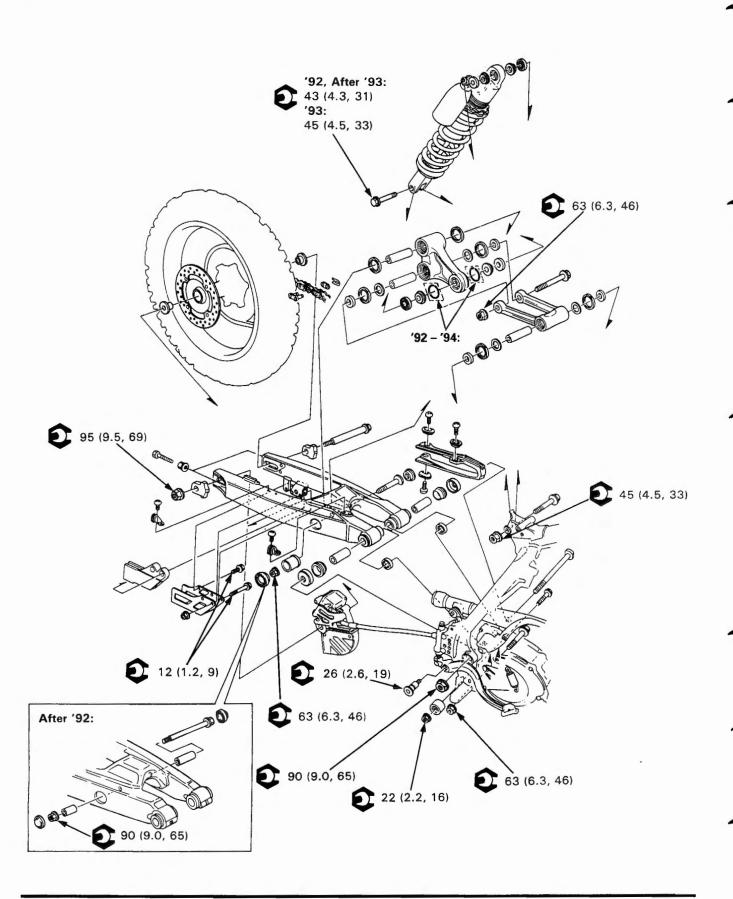
Recheck the steering stem adjustment before installing the removed parts.

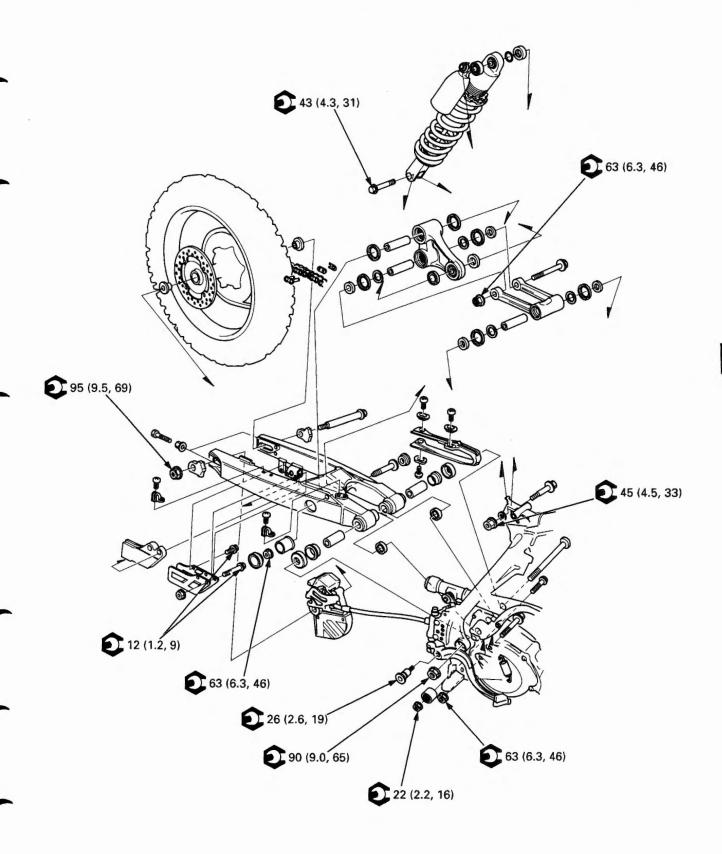
Install both the fork legs in their proper positions. Install the remaining removed parts in the reverse order of removal.



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'92 - '95:





Service Information	11-2	Shock Absorber	11-11
Troubleshooting	11-4	Shock Linkage	11-29
Rear Wheel	11-5	Swingarm	11-32

Service Information

General

AWARNING

- Use only nitrogen to pressurize the shock absorber. The use of an unstable gas can cause a fire or explosion resulting on serious injury.
- · The shock absorber contains nitrogen under high pressure. Do not allow fire or heat near the shock absorber.
- Before disposal of the shock absorber, release the nitrogen by pressing the valve core. Then remove the valve from the shock absorber.
- Use genuine Honda bolts for the rear suspension linkage and shock absorber pivot and mounting; ordinary bolts lack adequite strength for these applications. Also take note of the installation direction of these bolts since they must be installed correctly.
- For optimum suspension performance and linkage component service life, the swingarm and shock linkage pivot bearings (along with related seals and bushings) should be disassembled, cleaned, inspected for wear and lubricated with molybdenum disulfide grease after every 3 races or 7.5 hours of operation.
- Optional rear wheel sprockets, drive chain, shock springs and spring preload pin spanners are available. Refer to General Information, section 1.
- A box or work stand is required to support the motorcycle. An optional work stand is described in section 1, General Information.
- · Refer to the section 12 for brake system information.

Specifications

Unit: mm (in)

Item		Standard	Service Limit
Shock absorber spring free length	′92–′93	265 (10.4)	262 (10.3)
	′94	280 (11.0)	277 (10.9)
	After '94	265 (10.4)	
ck absorber standard installed spring	'92-'93	250 (9.8)	
length (Std.)	′94	268 (10.55)	
	After '94	253.5 (9.98)	
r wheel rim runout	Radial		2.0 (0.08)
	Axial		2.0 (0.08)
Rear axle runout			0.20 (0.008)
Damper gas pressure		981 kPa (10 kg/cm², 142 psi)	
Damper compressed gas		Nitrogen gas	
Shock absorber oil capacity	′92–′93	290 cc (9.8 oz)	
	'94	317 cc (10.7 oz)	
	After '94	311 cc (10.5 oz)	
Recommended shock absorber oil		Pro Honda Suspension Fluid SS-7 or equivalent	
Damper rod compressed force at 10 mm (0	.4 in)	15.4 kg (34.0 lb)	

Torque Values

Shock absorber (upper) 45 N·m (4.5 kg-m, 33 ft-lb) (lower) ('92, After '93) 43 N·m (4.3 kg-m, 31 ft-lb) ('93)45 N·m (4.5 kg-m, 33 ft-lb) Rear suspension linkage Shock arm (Swingarm side) ('92) 63 N·m (6.3 kg-m, 46 ft-lb) (After '92) 90 N·m (9.0 kg-m, 65 ft-lb) (Shock link side) 63 N·m (6.3 kg-m, 46 ft-lb) Shock link (Frame side) 63 N·m (6.3 kg-m, 46 ft-lb) Spoke nipple 3.8 N·m (0.38 kg-m, 2.7 ft-lb) Final driven sprocket nuts 33 N·m (3.3 kg-m, 24 ft-lb) Rear axle nut 95 N·m (9.5 kg-m, 69 ft-lb) Swingarm pivot 90 N·m (9.0 kg-m, 65 ft-lb) Rim lock nut 13 N·m (1.3 kg-m, 9 ft-lb) Shock absorber spring lock nut ('92-'94) 90 N·m (9.0 kg-m, 65 ft-lb) (After '94) 29 N·m (2.9 kg-m, 21 ft-lb) Shock absorber compression damping adjuster 20 N·m (2.0 kg-m, 14 ft-lb) ('92-'94)(After '94) 30 N·m (3.0 kg-m, 22 ft-lb) Rear brake disc mounting bolts 43 N·m (4.3 kg-m, 31 ft-lb) Chain roller bolt 22 N·m (2.2 kg-m, 16 ft-lb) Chain guide bolts 12 N·m (1.2 kg-m, 9 ft-lb) Brake pedal pivot bolt 26 N·m (2.6 kg-m, 19 ft-lb) Shock absorber damper rod end nut ('92-'94) 27 N·m (2.7 kg-m, 20 ft-lb) (After '94) 26 N·m (2.6 kg-m, 19 ft-lb)

Tools

Special

Needle bearing driver 07946-KA50000 Slider guide attachment 07974-KA50101 or 07974-KA30100 Sleeve collar 07974-KA30201 Spherical bearing driver 07HMF-KS60100 Slider guide, 14 mm 07974-KA40001 Bearing remover set, 20 mm 07936 - 3710001 - Bearing remover 07936-3710600 Remover handle 07936-3710100 Remover weight 07741-0010201 or 07936-3710200 Driver shaft 07946-MJ00100 Driver head 07946-KM40701 Attachment, 28 x 30 mm 07946-1870100

Common

Spoke nipple wrench 07JMA-MR60100 Equivalent commercially available in U.S.A. Attachment 42 x 47 mm 07746-0010300 Driver 07749-0010000 Remover head, 20 mm $\begin{array}{c} 07746-0050600 \\ 07746-0050100 \end{array} \\ \textbf{Equivalent commercially available in U.S.A.}$ Bearing remover shaft Pilot, 20 mm 07746-0040500 Retainer wrench B 07710-0010200 Retainer wrench body 07710-0010401 Lock nut wrench, 20 x 24 mm 07716 - 0020100Attachment, 24 x 26 mm 07746 - 0010700 Pilot, 22 mm 07746 - 0041000Attachment, 32 x 35 mm 07746 - 0010100

Optional

Pin spanner A 89201 – KS6 – 810 (2 Required)

Troubleshooting

Soft suspension

- · Weak spring
- · Oil leakage from damper unit

Hard suspension

- · Incorrectly mounted suspension components
- · Bent swingarm pivot
- Damaged swingarm pivot bushings

Steers to one side or does not track straight

- · Bent rear axle
- Axle alignment/chain adjustment not equal on both sides

Rear wheel wobbling

- · Bent rim
- · Worn rear wheel bearings
- · Faulty tire

Rear Wheel

Removal

Raise the rear wheel off the ground with a box or workstand under the engine.

Loosen the lock nuts and the drive chain adjusting bolts. Remove the axle nut and axle.

Push the wheel forward to allow removal of the drive chain from the driven sprocket and remove the rear wheel.

CAUTION

 When removing the rear wheel, be careful not to damage the brake pads with the disc.

NOTE

 Do not depress the brake pedal after the rear wheel is removed. The caliper piston will move out and make reassembly difficult.

Disassembly

Remove the following:

- side collars
- driven sprocket
- brake disc
- dust seals.

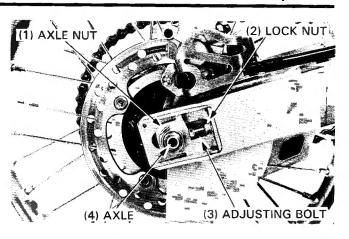
If necessary, remove the tire, tube, rim band and the rim lock.

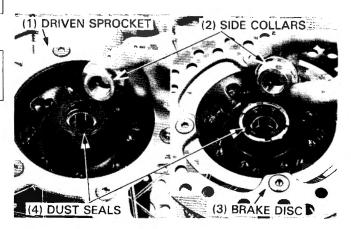
Inspection

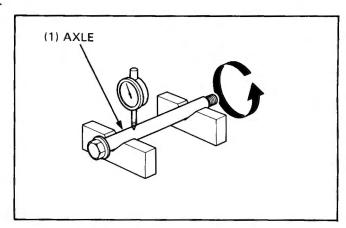
Axle

Set the axle in V blocks and measure the runout. Actual runout is 1/2 the total indicator reading.

Service Limit: 0.2 mm (0.008 in)







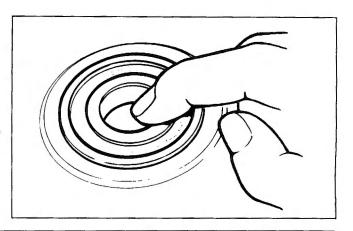
Wheel Bearings

Turn the inner race of each bearing with your finger.
The bearings should turn smoothly and quietly.
Also check that the bearing outer races fit tightly in the hub.

Remove and discard the bearings if the races do not turn smoothly, quietly, or if the outer races fit loosely in the hub (page 11-6).

NOTE

· Replace wheel bearings in pairs.



Wheel Rim

Check the rim runout by placing the wheel on a turning stand. Then rotate the wheel by hand, and read the runout using a dial indicator.

Actual runout is 1/2 the total indicator reading.

Service Limits: Radial: 2.0 mm (0.08 in)

Axial: 2.0 mm (0.08 in)

Check the spokes and tighten any that are loose.

S. TOOL

Spoke nipple wrench

07JMA - MR60100 or Equivalent commercially

available in U.S.A.

Torque: 3.8 N·m (0.38 kg-m, 2.7 ft-lb)

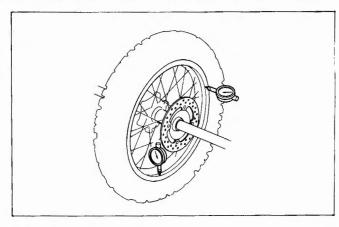
Remove the bearing retainer using the special tools.

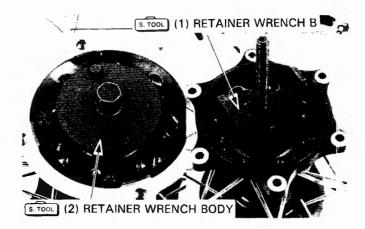
S. TOOL

Retainer wrench B
Retainer wrench body

07710 - 0010200

07710-0010401





Remove the wheel bearings and distance collar using the special tools.

S. TOOL

Bearing remover head, 20 mm

07746-0050600 or

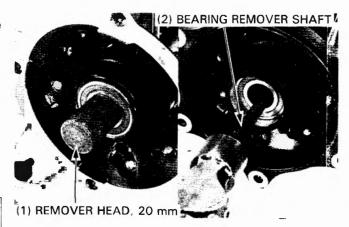
Equivalent commercially available in U.S.A.

Bearing remover shaft

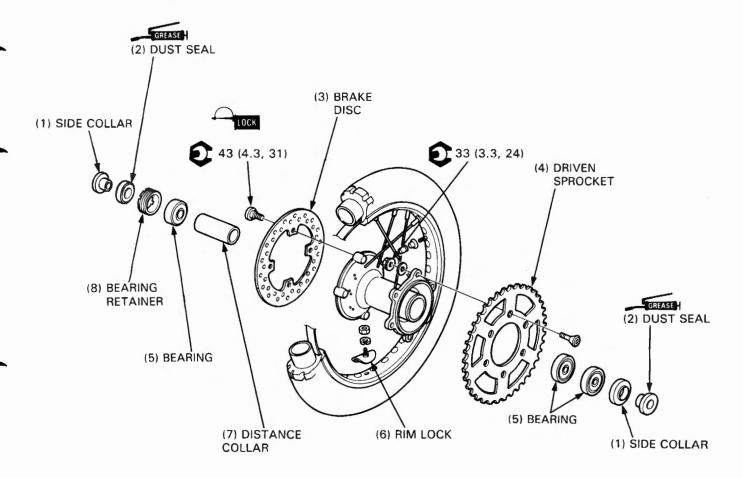
07746 - 0050100 or Equivalent commercially available in U.S.A.

NOTE

- Never install old bearings; once the bearings have been removed, they must be replaced with new one.
- · Replace wheel bearings in pairs.



Assembly



Place the rim on the work bench.

Place the hub in the center, and begin lacing with new spokes. Adjust the hub position so that the distance from the left end surface of the hub to the side of rim is as shown.

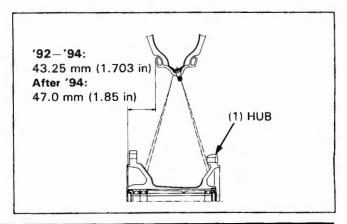
Tighten the spokes in 2 or 3 progressive steps to the specified torque.



Spoke nipple wrench

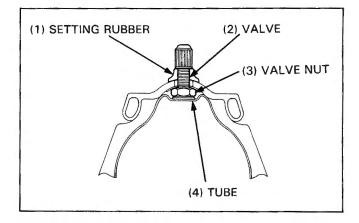
07JMA – MR60100 or Equivalent commercially available in U.S.A.

Torque: 3.8 N·m (0.38 kg-m, 2.7 ft-lb)



Check the rim runout (page 11-6).
Install the rim band, tube and tire.
Tighten the rim lock to the specified torque.

Torque: 13 N·m (1.3 kg-m, 9.4 ft-lb)



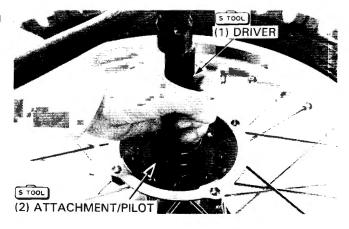
Drive in the right wheel bearing into the hub using the special tools.



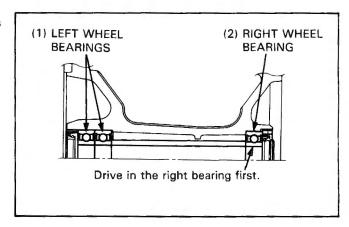
Driver Attachment, 42 x 47 mm 07749-0010000 07746-0010300

Pilot, 20 mm

07746-0040500



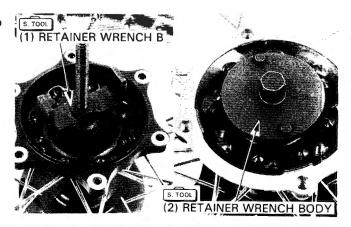
Install the distance collar. Then drive the left wheel bearings into the hub using the same tools.



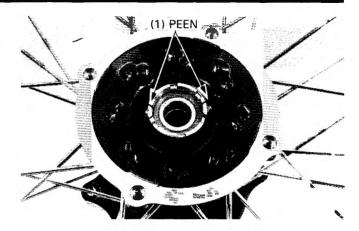
Apply grease to the bearing retainer and install it into the hub using the special tools.



Retainer wrench B Retainer wrench body 07710-0010200 07710-0010401



Peen the edge of the retainer as shown.



Pack the dust seal lip with grease and install the dust seals to both sides of the rear wheel hub.

Install the brake disc with minimum thickness marking (MIN TH 4.0 mm) facing out.

Clean and apply Honda Aerobic Thread Lock or equivalent to the four brake disc retaining bolts and tighten them to the specified torque.

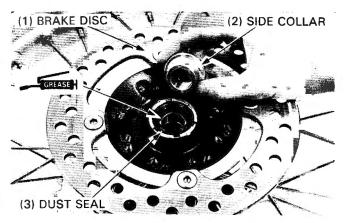
Torque: 43 N·m (4.3 kg-m, 31 ft-lb)

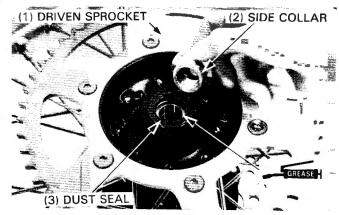
Install the driven sprocket onto the rear wheel hub. Install the six nuts with a washers and tighten them to the specified torque.

It is important to hold the bolts while tightening the nuts to achieve the proper torque.

Torque: 33 N·m (3.3 kg-m, 24 ft-lb)

Install the side collars.



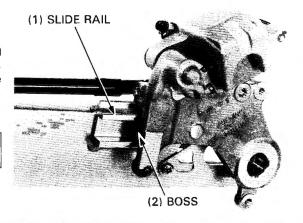


Installation

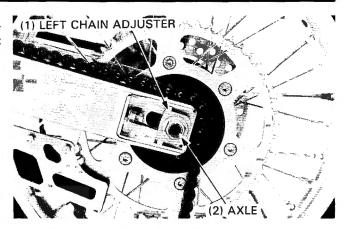
Install the caliper and caliper bracket to the swingarm, aligning the boss on the bracket with the slide rail on the swingarm. Position the rear wheel in the swingarm, inserting the brake disc between the brake pads.

NOTE

 Be careful not to damage the brake pads with the brake disc.



Insert the rear axle into the left chain adjuster, through the swingarm, the rear wheel, and the rear brake caliper to the right side.

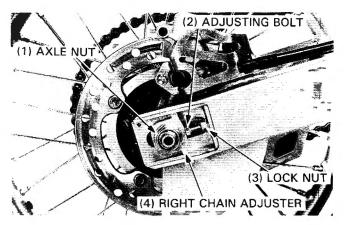


Install the drive chain.

Install the right chain adjuster and rear axle nut. Check the drive chain slack and adjust as required (page 3-9). Tighten the rear axle nut to the specified torque.

Torque: 95 N·m (9.5 kg-m, 69 ft-lb)

Snug the adjusting bolts against the chain adjusters and tighten the lock nuts.



Shock Absorber

Removal

Remove the seat and sub frame (page 2-2 and 2-4). Remove the upper and lower mounting bolts.

NOTE

 If you will be disassembling the shock absorber, loosen the spring lock nut and adjusting nut while the shock absorber is still in the frame.

Spring Removal

Hold the upper shock mount in a vise with a suitable cushion or shop towel.

Loosen the lock nut and adjusting nut.

0 P TOOL

Pin spanner A

89201-KA6-810 (2 Required)

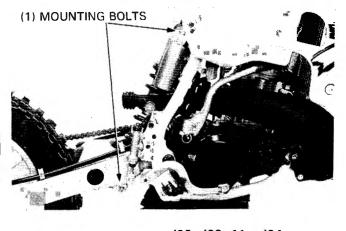
'92-'93, After '94:

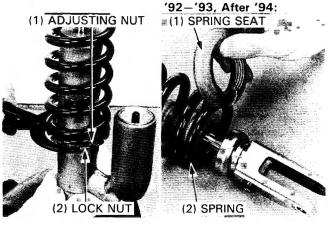
Remove the spring seat and spring.

'94:

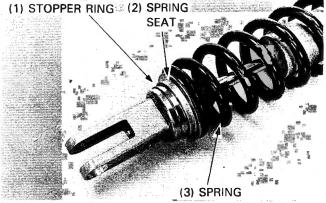
Remove the stopper ring from the rubber seat.

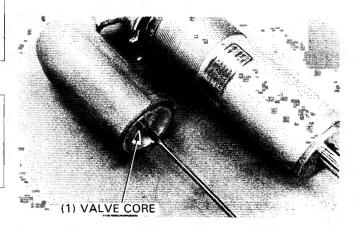
Remove the spring seat and spring.





'94:





Bladder Replacement

Depress the valve core to release the nitrogen from the reservoir.

NOTE

- Replace the bladder if oil is present around the chamber cap or if oil spills out when the nitrogen is released from the reservoir.
- Release the nitrogen pressure before draining the oil from the damper.

A WARNING

- Release all nitrogen pressure before disassembly: otherwise the chamber cap will be under significant pressure and could cause serious injury.
- Wear protective clothing and adequate eye protection to protect against injury and prevent debris from getting in your eyes.

Remove the valve core.

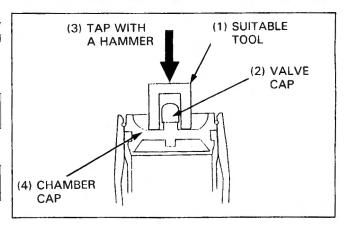
Put a suitable tool on the chamber cap and push it in by lightly tapping on the tool with a plastic hammer until you have good access to the stopper ring.

NOTE

 Depress the chamber cap just the minimum amount necessary for stopper ring access.

CAUTION

 To avoid damaging the threads of the valve, install the valve cap.



You'll need two small screwdrivers and a shop towel to remove the stopper ring.

The stopper ring groove in the reservoir is ramped toward the inside to give the stopper ring a square shoulder on which to seat securely.

CAUTION

 To avoid damage to the inside surface of the reservoir, cover the screwdriver and with a shop towel.

To remove the stopper ring, first push one end of the stopper ring out of its groove, then slip the second screw driver between the stopper ring and the reservoir to act as a ramp. Now, use the other screw driver to pull the stopper ring completely out.

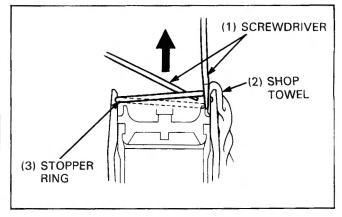
Check if there are burrs in the groove of the reservoir case. Remove any burrs and refinish the groove surface with fine emery cloth.

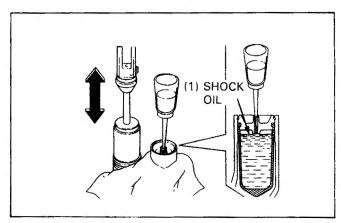
Hold the shock absorber in a vise with soft jaws or a shop towel.

Using a suitable squeeze bottle, fill the reservoir with the recommended shock oil while slowly pumping the damper rod.

Recommended oil: Pro Honda Suspension Fluid SS-7M or equivalent

Slowly pump the damper rod until no air bubbles appear in the valve core hole, then pull the damper rod all the way out.

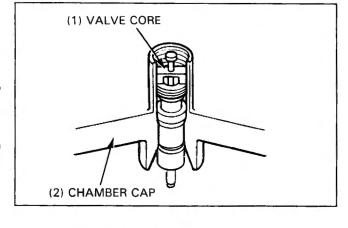




Install the valve core securely.

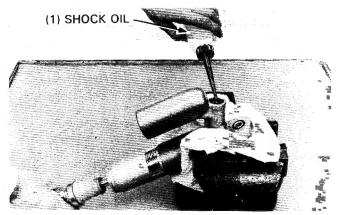
Remove the chamber cap and bladder following the procedure below:

- Wrap a shop towel around the chamber cap.
 Compress the damper rod slowly to force the chamber cap out.
- 2 Position the damper with the damping adjuster facing up. Remove the damping adjuster.
- ③ Fill the damper with the recommended shock oil through the damping adjuster hole, while pulling the damper rod all the way out.
- 4 Reinstall the damping adjuster after filling the damper.



NOTE

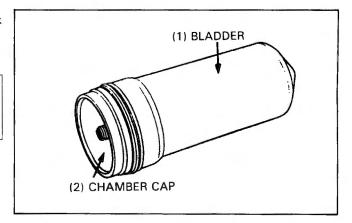
- The damper must be kept upright to prevent oil from leaking out.
- (5) Position the damper with the chamber cap facing up.
- ® Repeat steps 1 through 5 until the chamber cap is removed from the reservoir.



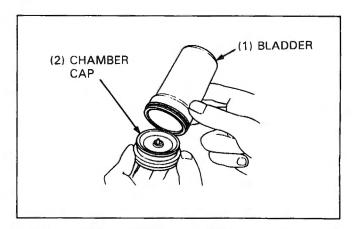
Remove the bladder from the chamber cap and drain the shock oil.

CAUTION

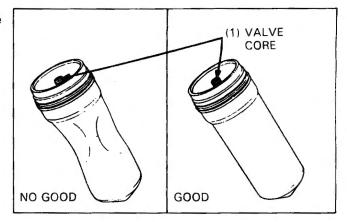
- Do not use any sort of tool to remove the bladder, because it may damage the chamber cap.
- Replace the bladder with a new one. Do not reuse the removed bladder.



Attach a new bladder to the chamber cap.



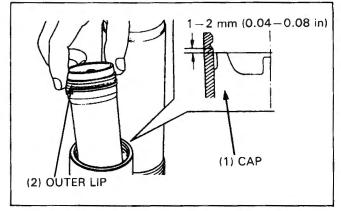
If you distort the bladder when attaching it, depress the valve core to reform it.



Clean the inside of the reservoir and fill the reservoir with the recommended shock oil.

Recommended oil: Pro Honda Suspension Fluid SS-7M or equivalent

Apply a light coating of shock oil to the outer lip of the bladder, and carefully push the chamber cap into the reservoir to about 1-2 mm (0.04-0.08 in) below the stopper ring groove.



Install the stopper ring securely in the groove of the reservoir. Fill the reservoir with low-pressure compressed air until the stopper ring seats fully all the way around.

AWARNING

 Be sure the stopper ring is seated in the ring groove all the way around or the chamber cap can come out when riding the motorcycle.

Make sure that the distance between the top edge of the chamber cap and reservoir case is 0 mm as shown.

CAUTION

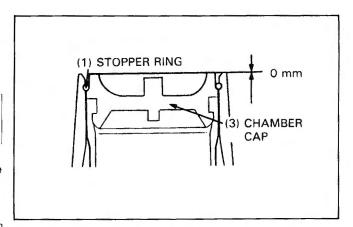
 If the chamber cap is not evenly seated, it may come out when filling the reservoir with nitrogen.

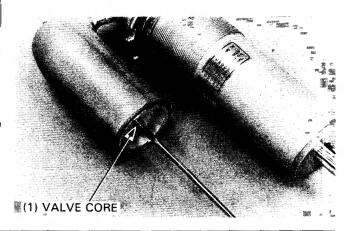
Position the damper with damper adjuster facing up and remove the damper adjuster.

Release the air from the reservoir by compressing the valve core.

Bleed the air from the shock absorber (page 11-25).

Fill the reservoir with the specified pressure nitrogen (page 11-26).





Damper Disassembly

Depress the valve core to release the nitrogen from the reservoir.

AWARNING

 Point the valve away from you to prevent debris getting in you eyes.

CAUTION

Do not remove the valve core before discharging the nitrogen.

'92 - '95:

Remove the damping adjuster valve.

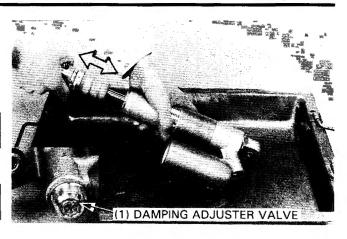
After '95:

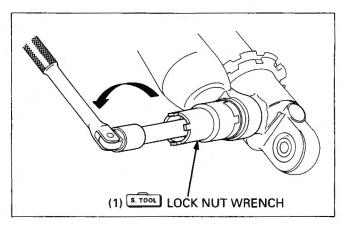
Remove the damping adjuster valve using the special tool.



Lock nut wrench, 20 x 24 mm 07716 - 0020100

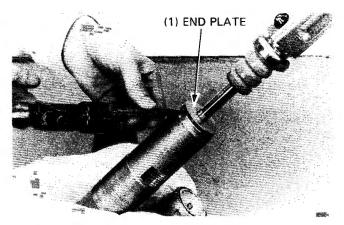
Drain most of the shock oil from damper and reservoir by pumping the damper back-and-forth several times.





Hold the shock absorber in a vise at the upper joint protected on both sides by pieces of wood.

Remove the end plate and tape or tie it to the rubber stopper, so it won't get in the way.



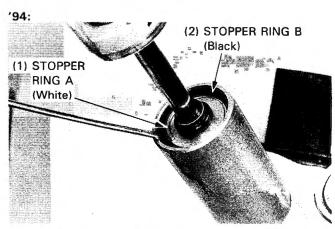
'94:

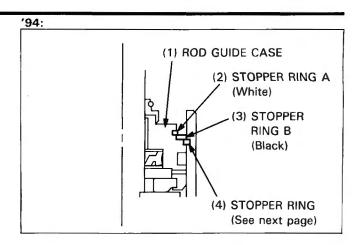
Remove the stopper ring A (White) from the rod guide case arrowe.

Remove the stopper ring B (Black).

CAUTION

 Be careful not to scratch the damper case and the rod guide case.





Push in the damper seal until you have good access to the stopper ring.

You'll need two small screwdrivers to remove the stopper ring. The stopper ring groove in the damper case is ramped towards the inside to give the stopper ring a square shoulder on which to seat securely.

To remove the stopper ring, first push one end of the stopper ring out of its groove, then slip the second screwdriver between the stopper ring and the damper case to act as a ramp. Now, use the other screwdriver to pull the stopper ring completely out.

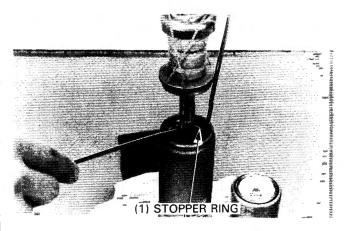
CAUTION

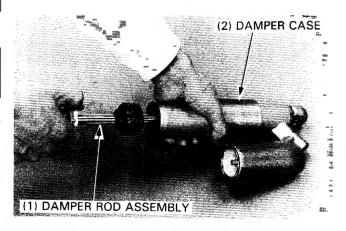
 Burrs on the stopper ring will damage the damper rod piston ring.

NOTE

 Check the stop ring groove for burrs. If any burrs are found, remove them with fine emery cloth before pulling the damper rod assembly out of the case.

Carefully pull the damper rod assembly out of the damper case.

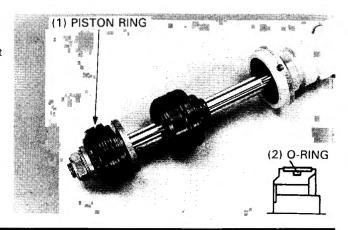




Piston Ring Replacement

If the piston ring is damaged, cut the piston ring and remove it from the piston.

Replace the O-ring under the piston ring with a new one.



If the piston ring was damage and removed, follow this installation procedure:

'92-'93:

Place the slider guide attachment over the piston and drive a new piston ring onto the ring groove.



Sleeve collar Slider guide attachment 07974-KA30201 07974-KA50101 or

07974-KA30100

After '93:

Place the slider guide attachment over the piston and compress the piston ring against the ring groove, and seat the piston ring into the ring groove.



Slider guide attachment

07MAG-SP00102

Damper Rod Disassembly

CAUTION

- To keep lint or dirt from getting onto damper rod parts, do not wear gloves while working on the damper rod.
- Be careful to grind so that the O.D. of the rod end is about 10 mm (0.04 in) and not to over grind.

Unstake the damper rod end nut with a grinder as shown.

Place the damper rod lower mount in a vise with soft jaws or use a shop towel as shown, being careful not to distort the lower mount.

Remove the end nut and discard it.

NOTE

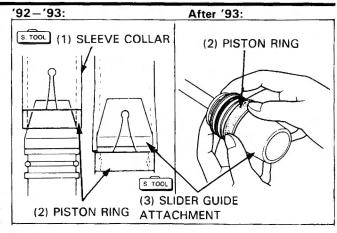
 If the damper rod is cracked or damaged when removing the end nut, replace the damper rod assembly with a new one.

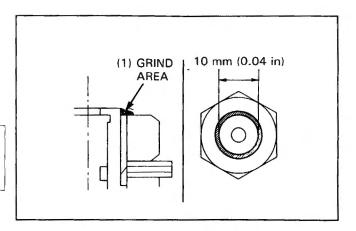
Remove all the burrs from the end of the damper rod.

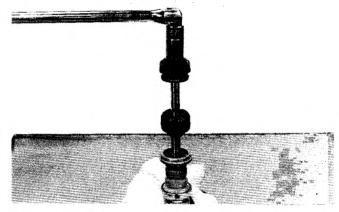
Remove the washers ('92-'93, After '94), valve stopper, rebound valves and piston from the damper rod.

NOTE

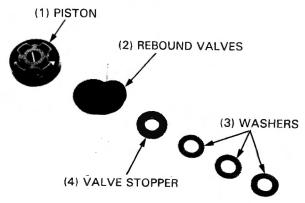
- Pass a piece of thin wire through the removed valves to ensure correct reassembly order.
- · Keep dust and abrasives away from all damper rod parts.
- Thoroughly clean the valves in solvent if they have been disassembled and separated or contaminated with dust or dirt.
- Be careful not to get solvent on the O-ring and piston ring.
- The valve arrangement and number of valves shown is typical, but may not be exact for this model.





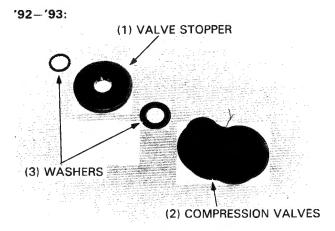


'92-'93, After '94:

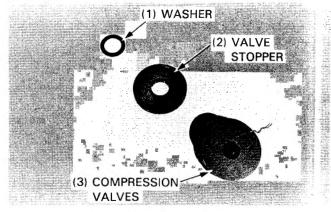


The second of th

Remove the compression valves, washer(s) and valve stopper.

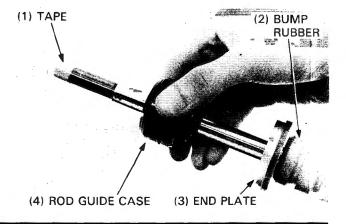


After '93:



Wrap the top threads of the damper rod with tape. Remove the rod guide case.

Remove the end plate, bump rubber and rubber seat from the damper rod.



Rod Guide Inspection

Inspect the dust seal lips for wear, scratches or damage and replace the rod guide case with a new one.

Visually inspect the rod guide case metal. If the metal is worn so that the copper surface appears, replace the rod guide case with a new one.

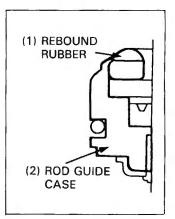
Remove the O-ring from the rod guide case and replace it with a new one.





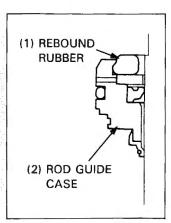
Inspect the rebound rubber. If the rubber is worn or damaged, replace the rod guide case with a new one.





'94:

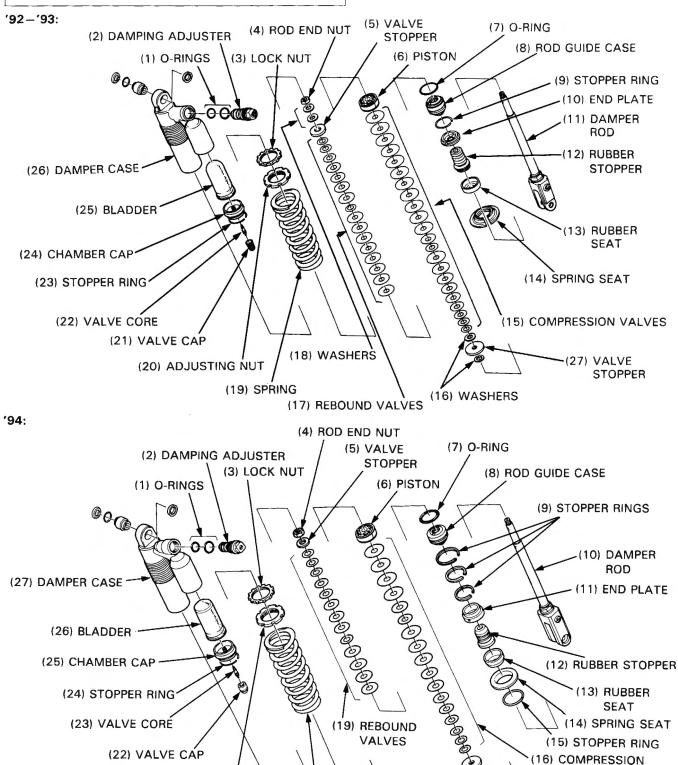




Assembly

NOTE

 The valve arrangement and number of valves may differ from those shown.



(20) SPRING

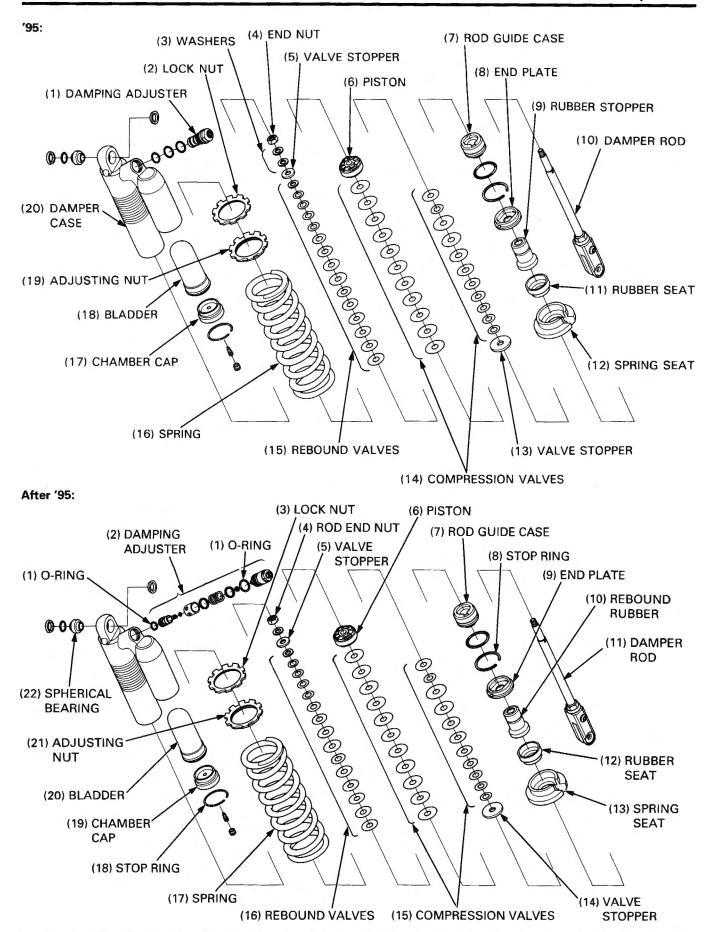
(21) ADJUSTING NUT

VALVES

STOPPER

(17) VALVE

(18) WASHER



Before assembly, wash all parts with solvent and blow them dry with compressed air.

Be sure that there is no dust or lint on any of the parts.

CAUTION

- Use added care to avoid getting solvent on the O-rings and seals.
- Do not disassemble the rebound damping adjuster on the lower mount.

NOTE

 Never assemble valves which might have gotten dusty or contaminated during the disassembly process.
 Thoroughly clean them with solvent before assembly.

install the rubber seat, stopper rubber and end plate.

Hold the lower shock mount in a vise with soft jaws or a soft towel.

Clamp in a vise with soft jaws or use a soft towel around the lower mount with tape.

Remove burrs from the damper rod end with a file and correct the threads with a die.

Clean the damper rod with solvent after correcting the threads.

NOTE

· Make sure there are no burrs in the damper rod I.D.

Install the special tool onto the damper rod.

Install the rod guide case with rebound rubber facing up, carefully over the damper rod.

CAUTION

 The rod guide case seal is filled with grease. Be careful not to damage the dust seal lip or turn it inside out.



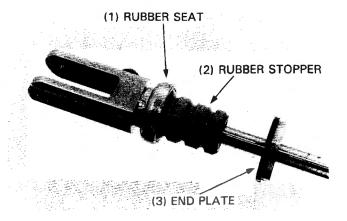
Slider guide, 14 mm

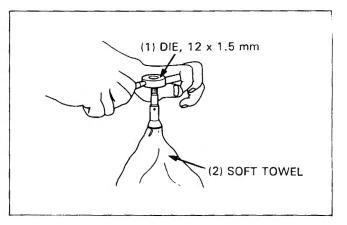
07974-KA40001

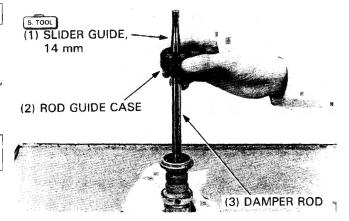
Remove the special tool.

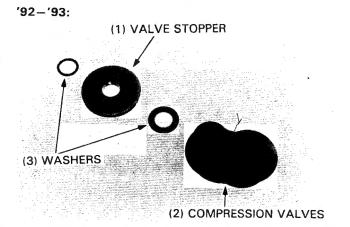
'92-'93:

Install the washers, valve stopper and compression valves onto the damper rod.









After '93:

Install the valve stopper and compression valves onto the damper rod.

NOTE

· Only install the end washer when using a new damper rod.

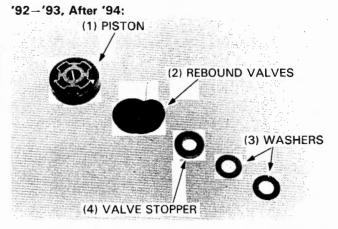
After '93: (1) END WASHER (2) VALVE STOPPER (3) COMPRESSION VALVES

NOTE

- Note the installation direction of the piston and valves.
- Be careful not to bind the valves when installing the piston onto the damper rod. Also, check that they are concentric with the damper rod.

Install the piston.

Install the rebound valves with their polished sides facing down. Install the valve stopper.

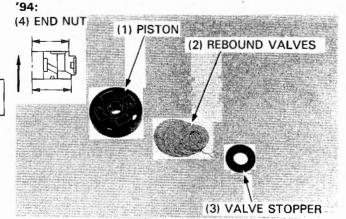


'92-'93, After '94:

Install the two end washers.

NOTE

 Do not install the third end washer, except when using a new damper rod.



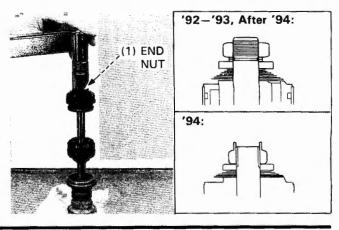
Place the damper rod in a vise, and tighten a new end nut to the specified torque.

Torque: '92-'94: 27 N·m (2.7 kg-m, 20 ft-lb) After '94: 26 N·m (2.6 kg-m, 19 ft-lb)

CAUTION

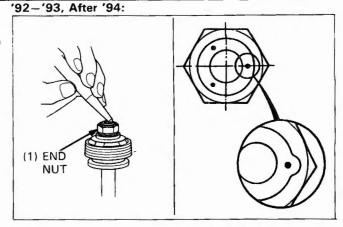
 To prevent damage to the lower mount, use a shop towel or a vise with soft jaws.

Check the rod guide case by sliding it up and down fully.



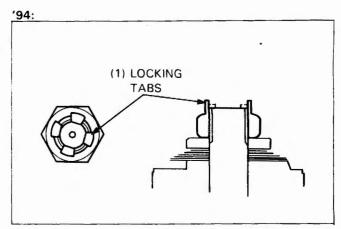
'92-'93, After '94:

Stake the end of the damper rod in three places as shown to secure the end nut.



'94:

Bend the locking tabs of the nut against the damper rod as shown.



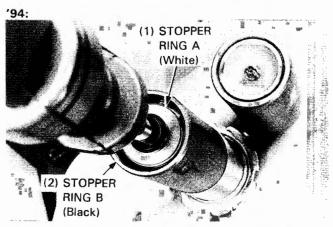
Coat the inside of the damper case with clean shock oil and insert the damper rod assembly carefully.

Install the stopper ring into the groove of the damper case.



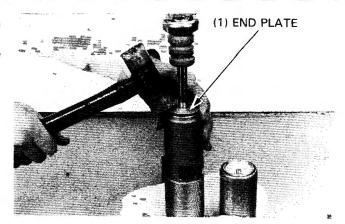
'94:

Install the stopper ring B (Black) onto stopper ring. Install the stopper ring A (White) into the groove in the rod guide case.



Drive the end plate squarely and evenly into the damper case with a plastic hammer.

After installing the end plate, pull the damper rod out all the way to seat the rod guide case against the stopper ring.



(1) SHOCK OIL

(2) BLEEDING

Hold the upper shock mount in a vise.

Fill the damper case and reservoir with the recommended oil through the damping valve hole.

Recommended shock oil: Pro Honda Suspension Fluid SS-7 Approximate capacity:

'92-'93: 290 cc (9.8 oz) '94: 317 cc (10.7 oz) After '94: 311 cc (10.5 oz)

Slowly pump the damper rod until there are no bubbles in the oil that overflows from the damper case.

NOTE '92-'93

 Make sure the rod guide case is seated against the stopper ring by pulling the damper rod out all the way.

Remove the damper unit from the vise.

Continue to add the recommended oil up to the damping valve hole.

While holding the damper with the damping valve hole facing up, turn the damper unit as shown to bleed the air from the reservoir completely.

NOTE

 When bleeding air from the reservoir, be careful to hold the damper at the angles shown so the filler hole points up.

(1) DAMPING VALVE HOLE

NOTE

· Do not let oil flow ot of the reservoir.

Temporarily charge the reservoir with 49 kPa (0.5 kg/cm², 7.1 psi) of air to slowly inflate the diaphragm inside.

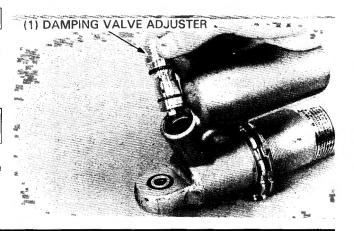
CAUTION

 Be careful not to charge the reservoir with excessive pressure at this time.

Fill the damper with the recommended shock oil up to the neck.

'92 - '95:

Carefully install the damping valve adjuster.

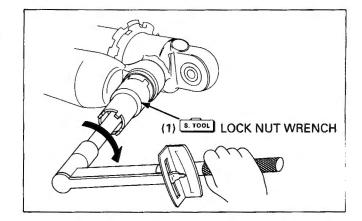


After '95:

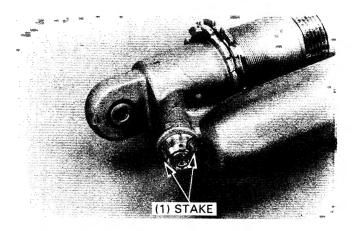
Tighten the damping adjuster valve using the special tool.



Lock nut wrench, 20 x 24 mm 07716 - 0020100



Stake the damping adjuster in two places.



Wipe off all oil from the damper rod; oil left on the damper rod can lead to premature failure of the oil seal.

Check for oil leaking.

Release the 49 kPa of air that was in the reservoir at precompression.

Fill the reservoir with 981 kPa (10.0 kg/cm², 142 psi) of nitrogen gas.

AWARNING

The shock absorber is fitted with a gas-filled reservoir.
 Use only nitrogen gas to pressurize the shock absorber.
 The use of an unstable gas can cause a fire or explosion resulting in serious injury.

Install the valve cap.

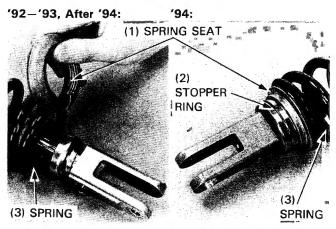
Install the spring with the narrow wound coil facing down. '92-'93, After '94:

Install the spring seat.

'94

Install the spring seat and stopper ring onto the rubber seat.





Temporarily tighten the lock nut and adjusting nut.

Turn the lower shock mount so that the rebound adjuster screw is on the same side of the shock as the reservoir.

Turn the spring adjusting nut until the spring length is the specified standard length.

Install the shock absorber (page 11-29).

Standard spring length: '92-'93: 250 mm (9.8 in)

'94: 268 mm (10.55 in)

After '94: 253.5 mm (9.98 in)

NOTE

One complete turn of the adjusting nut changes the spring length by 1.5 mm (0.06 in).

Hold the adjusting nut and tighten the lock nut to the specified torque.

Torque: '92-'94: 90 N·m (9.0 kg-m, 65 ft-lb)

After '94: 29 N·m (2.9 kg-m, 21 ft-lb)

O.P. TOOL

Pin spanner A 89201 – KS6 – 810

(2 Required)

Use this standard spring pre-load length just as a baseline. See the Owner's Manual for detailed instructions on adjusting preload and damping setting for rider weight and specific riding conditions.

Spherical Bearing Replacement

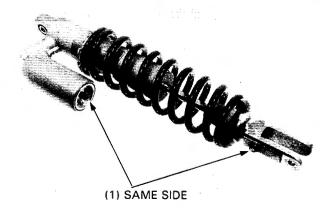
Check the spherical bearing for wear or damage. If it is worn or damaged, it must be replaced.

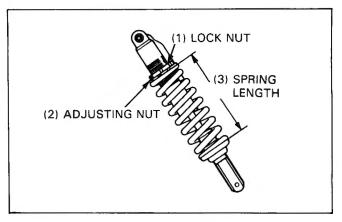
'92 - '95:

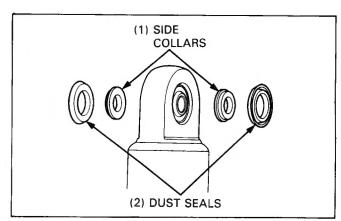
Remove the dust seals and side collars.

After '95:

Remove the dust seals.





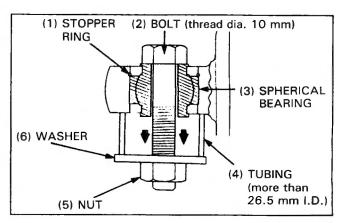


Assemble a piece of tubing (more than 26.5 mm I.D.), bolt thread dia. 10 mm), washer and nut against the spherical bearing as shown.

Tightening the nut, pull the bearing away from the stopper side.

Remove the stopper ring.

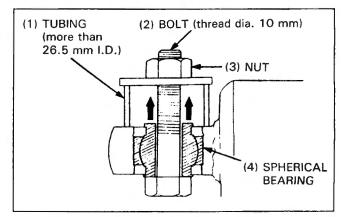
Disassemble the tubing, bolt, washer and nut.



Rear Wheel/Suspension

Install the same piece of tubing (more than 26.5 mm I.D.), bolt, washer and nut to the shock absorber upper mount as shown.

Draw the spherical bearing out of the stopper ring end by tightening the nut.



Fill the new spherical bearing with Honda Moly 60 (U.S.A. only) or equivalent grease.

Position the new spherical bearing into the shock absorber upper mount with the marked side up.

Assemble the tools used for removal with a second piece of tubing $(23.5 \times 20 \text{ mm O.D.})$, as shown.

By tightening the nut, pull the bearing into the upper mount until the bearing outer contacts the stopper side.

NOTE

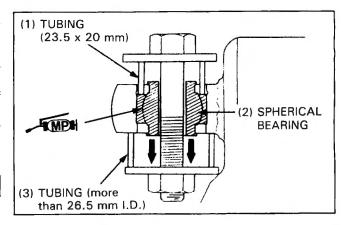
Be careful not to tilt the bearing when tightening the nut.

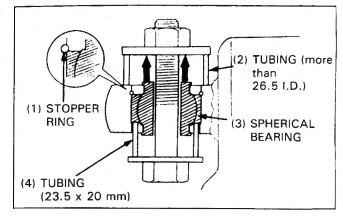
Disassemble the tubing, bolt, washer and nut.

Install the new stopper ring into the groove in the upper mount.

Assemble the tools as shown.

By tightening the nut, pull the spherical bearing in until the bearing outer contacts the stopper ring all the way around.



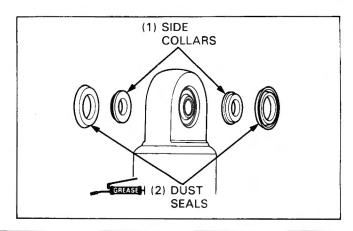


Apply grease to new dust seal lips. '92 - '95:

Install the dust seals and side collars.

After '95:

Install the dust seals.



Installation

Install the shock absorber with the rebound adjuster facing the right.

Install the lower mounting bolt from the right to the left. Tighten the lower mounting bolt to the specified torque.

Torque: '92, After '93: 43 N·m (4.3 kg-m, 31 ft-lb) '93: 45 N·m (4.5 kg-m, 33 ft-lb)

Install the upper mounting bolt from the left to the right. Tighten the shock absorber upper mounting nut to the specified torque.

Torque: 45 N·m (4.5 kg-m, 33 ft-lb)

Install the sub frame (page 2-4).

Shock Linkage

Removal

Remove the following:

- lower chain roller
- shock absorber lower mounting bolt
- swingarm caps, shock arm bolt (swingarm side) and shock arm collars (After '92)
- shock link bolt (frame side)

Remove the shock arm and shock link, then separate the arm and link

Remove the dust seals, side collars and thrust washers and collars.

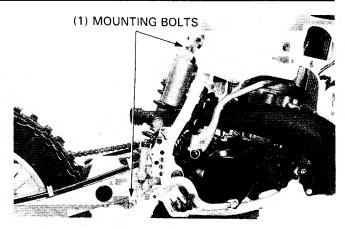
Inspection

Inspect the collars, dust seals and needle bearings. Replace any of these components if they have score marks, scratches, or excessive or abnormal wear.

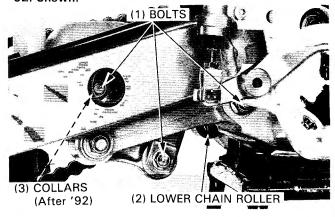
NOTE

- Be careful not to lose the needle rollers of the shock arm and link pivot needle bearings.
- If the needle rollers are out of place, inspect them for wear or damage and install them using molybdenum disulfide grease.

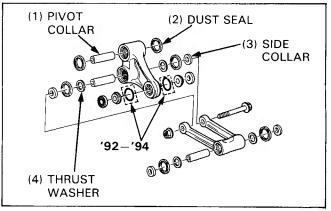
Inspect the spherical bearing for wear or damage. If it is worn or damaged, it must be replaced (page 11-31).



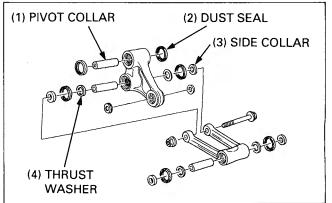
'92: Shown:



'92 - '95:



After '95:



Rear Wheel/Suspension

Needle Bearing Replacement

Press out the needle bearing from the shock arm using the special tools.

S. TOOL

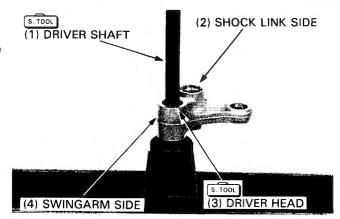
Swingarm side:

 Driver shaft
 07946 - MJ00100

 Driver head
 07946 - KM40701

Shock link side:

Needle bearing driver 07946-KA50000



Press a new needle bearing into the shock arm using the special tools.

NOTE

· Install the needle bearings with the marks facing out.

Setting position:

Swingarm side 5.0-5.5 mm (0.20-0.22 in) Shock link side 7.0-7.5 mm (0.28-0.30 in)



Swingarm side:

Driver 07749-0010000 Attachment, 28 x 30 mm 07946-1870100 Pilot, 22 mm 07746-0041000

Shock link side:

Driver 07749-0010000 Attachment, 24 x 26 mm 07946-0010700 Pilot, 20 mm 07746-0040500

Drive out the needle bearing from the shock link.

S. TOOL

Bearing remover set, 20 mm 07936-3710001

- bearing remover 07936-3710600

- remover handle 07936-3710100

- remover weight 07741-0010201

Drive in a new needle bearing.

NOTE

Install the needle bearings with the marks facing out.

Setting position:

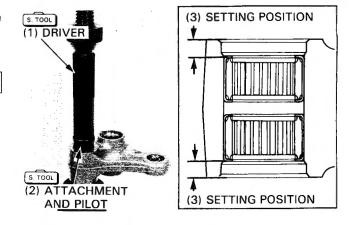
7.0-7.5 mm(0.28-0.30 in)

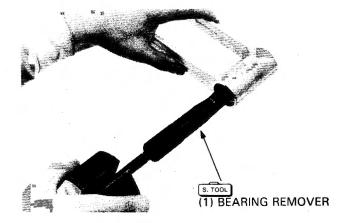
S. TOOL

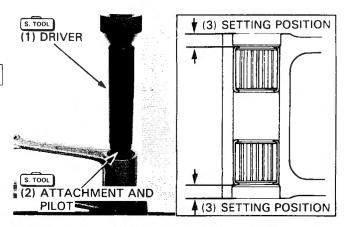
 Driver
 07749-0010000

 Attachment, 24 x 26 mm
 07746-0010700

 Pilot, 20 mm
 07746-0040500







Spherical Bearing Replacement

'92 - '94:

Remove the stopper rings.

Press out the spherical bearing from the shock arm.

Install the stopper ring on one side.

Press a new spherical bearing into the shock arm.

Install the stopper ring on the opposite side.



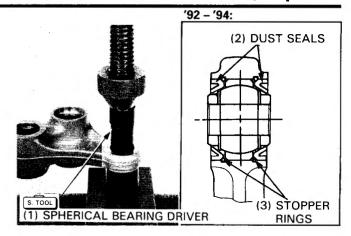
Spherical bearing driver

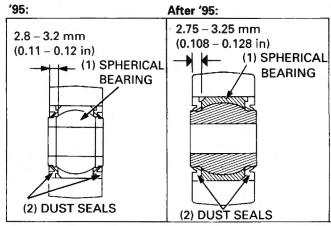
07HMF-KS60100

After '94:

Press out the spherical bearing from the shock arm. Press a new spherical bearing to the specified depth below the surface of the arm.

Specified depth: '95: 2.8 - 3.2 mm (0.11 - 0.12 in)
After '95: 2.75 - 3.25 mm (0.008 - 0.128 in)





Installation

Apply mutipurpose grease NLGI NO.2 (molybdenum disulfide additive) to the shock linkage bushings, collars, bearings and dust seal lips.

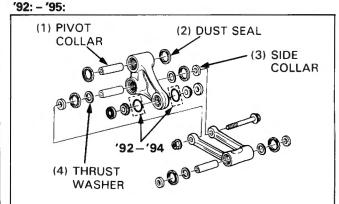
NOTE

 Make sure that the rollers of the needle bearings are in position before installing the pivot collars.

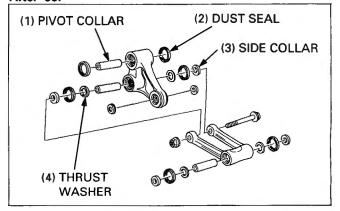
Number of needle rollers: Shock link bearing: 33

Shock arm bearing: Shock link side 33

Swingarm side 36



After '95:



Rear Wheel/Suspension

Install the shock link to the frame and tighten the bolt.

Torque: 63 N·m (6.3 kg-m, 46 ft-lb)

'92:

Temporarily install the shock arm to the shock link then connect it to the swingarm.

After '92:

Temporarily install the shock arm to the shock link then connect it to the swingarm with the shock arm collars:

long collar on the right, short collar on the left.

Tighten the shock arm bolts.

Torque: (Shock link side): 63 N·m (6.3 kg-m, 46 ft-lb)

(Swingarm side): '92: 63 N·m (6.3 kg-m, 46 ft-lb) After '92:

90 N·m (9.0 kg-m, 65 ft-lb)

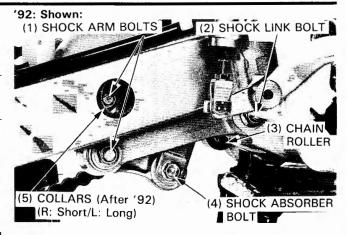
Connect the shock absorber lower mount to the shock arm and tighten the bolt.

Torque: '92, After '93: 43 N·m (4.3 kg-m, 31 ft-lb)

'93: 45 N·m (4.5 kg-m, 33 ft-lb)

Install the lower chain roller and tighten the bolt.

Torque: 22 N·m (2.2 kg-m, 16 ft-lb)



Swingarm

Removal

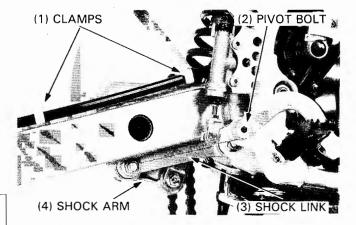
Remove the following:

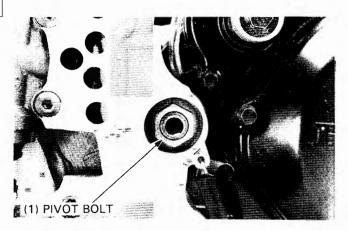
- chain retaining clip and chain
- rear wheel (page 11-5)
- shock linkage (page 11-29)
- brake pedal pivot bolt
- brake hose clamps.

CAUTION

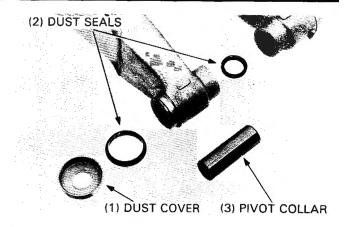
Support the rear brake caliper from the sub frame so that the brake hose is not twisted and the caliper does not hinder swingarm removal.

Remove the swingarm pivot bolt and swingarm.





Remove the chain guide and chain slider. Remove the dust covers, dust seals and collars.



Replacement

Remove the bushings.

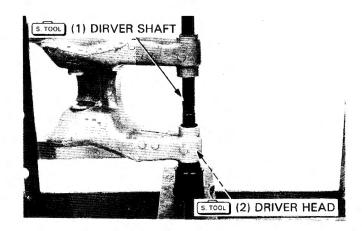
Drive out the needle bearings using a hydraulic press.

S TOOL

Diver shaft

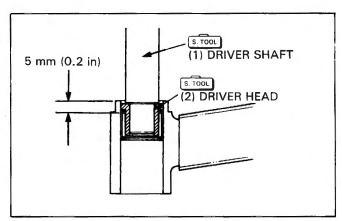
07946-MJ00100

Driver head 07946-KM40701



Pack new needle bearings with grease.

Press a new inside bearing into the swingarm pivot using the special tools used for removal as shown.



Press in the outside needle bearing and bushing with the special tools as shown.

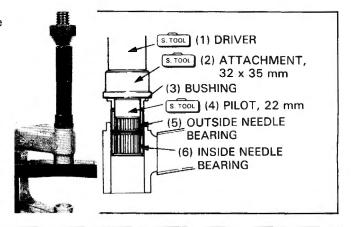
S. TOOL

Attachment, 32 x 35 mm

07746-0010100 07746-0041000

Pilot, 22 mm

Driver 07749-0010000

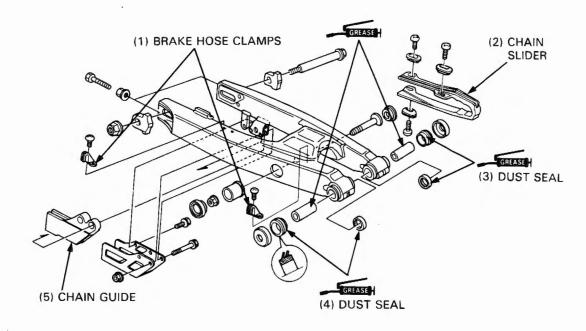


Assembly

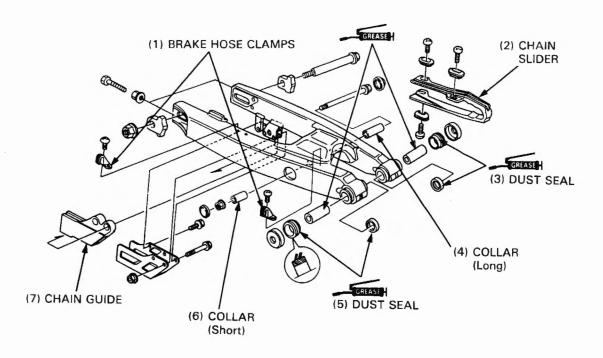
NOTE

· Install the dust seals in the directions shown.

'92:



After '92:



Apply grease to the needle bearing surfaces and the inside of the dust seals and collars.

Install the dust covers, dust seals and collars.

Install the brake hose clamps, chain slider and chain guide.

Installation

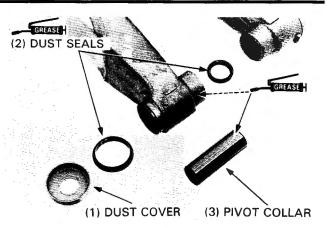
Install the swingarm and tighten the pivot bolts to the specified torque.

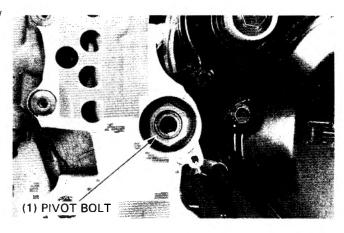
Torque: 90 N·m (9.0 kg-m, 65 ft-lb)

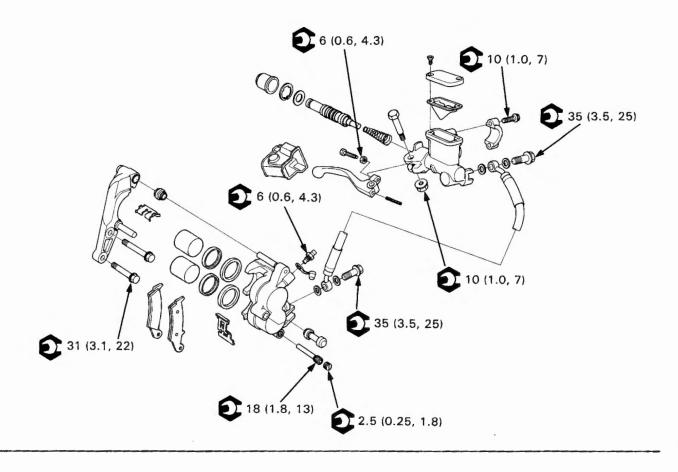
Route the crankcase breather tube and carburetor overflow tube.

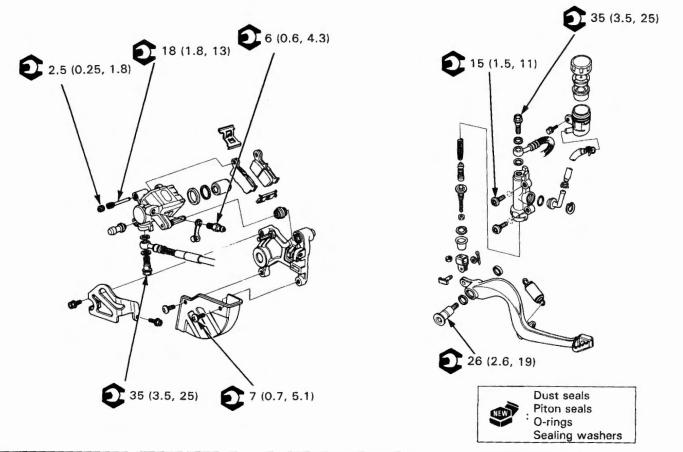
Install the following:

- shock linkage (page 11-31)
- rear wheel (page 11-9)
- drive chain
- brake pedal
- brake hose clamps.









12. Brake System

12-1	Front Master Cylinder	12-5
12-2	Rear Master Cylinder	12-7
	Front Brake Caliper	12-9
12-3	Rear Brake Caliper	12-11
12-5	•	
	12-2	12-2 Rear Master Cylinder Front Brake Caliper 12-3 Rear Brake Caliper

Service Information

General

A WARNING

 A contaminated brake disc or pad reduces stopping power. Discard contaminated pads and clean a contaminated disc with a quality brake cleaning agent.

CAUTION

- Avoid spilling brake fluid on painted, plastic or rubber parts. Place a rag or shop towel over these parts wherever the system is services.
- · Bleed the hydraulic system if it has been disassembled or if the brake feels spongy.
- Do not allow foreign material to enter the system when filling the reservoir.
- · Always check the brake operation before riding the motorcycle.

Specifications

Unit: mm (in)

Item			Standard	Service Limit
Brake disc	thickness	Front	3.0 (0.12)	2.5 (0.10)
		Rear	4.5 (0.18)	4.0 (0.16)
	warpage	Front		0.15 (0.006)
		Rear		0.15 (0.006)
Master cylinder I.D.		Front	11.000-11.043 (0.4331-0.4348)	11.05 (0.435)
		Rear	12.700-12.743 (0.5000-0.5017)	12.76 (0.502)
Master piston O.D.		Front	10.957-10.984 (0.4314-0.4324)	10.84 (0.427)
		Rear	12.657-12.684 (0.4983-0.4994)	12.64 (0.498)
Caliper cylinder I.D.		Front	27.000-27.050 (1.0630-1.0650)	27.06 (1.065)
		Rear	27.000-27.050 (1.0630-1.0650)	27.06 (1.065)
Caliper piston O.D.		Front	26.900 - 26.950 (1.0591 - 1.0610)	26.89 (1.059)
		Rear	26.935-26.968 (1.0604-1.0617)	26.89 (1.059)
Brake fluid		Front	DOT: 3 or 4	
		Rear	DOT: 4	

Torque Values

Front brake caliper mounting bolts

Pad pin plug Pad pin

Front caliper pin bolt Bracket pin bolt ('92-'93)

(After '93) Brake caliper bleed valve

Front master cylinder holder bolts Brake lever adjuster lock nut

Brake hose bolt

Rear brake master cylinder mounting bolts

('92-'94) (After '94)

Rear brake disc guard screws
Rear caliper pin bolt ('92-'94)

(After '94)

bracket pin bolt

Brake lever pivot nut Brake hose guide 31 N·m (3.1 kg-m, 22 ft-lb) Apply locking agent to the threads

2.5 N·m (0.25 kg-m, 1.8 ft-lb) 18 N·m (1.8 kg-m, 13 ft-lb)

23 N·m (2.3 kg-m, 17 ft-lb) Apply locking agent to the threads 13 N·m (1.3 kg-m, 9 ft-lb) Apply locking agent to the threads

23 N·m (2.3 kg-m, 17 ft-lb) Apply locking agent to the threads

6 N·m (0.6 kg-m, 4.3 ft-lb) 10 N·m (1.0 kg-m, 7 ft-lb) 6 N·m (0.6 kg-m, 4.3 ft-lb) 35 N·m (3.5 kg-m, 25 ft-lb)

15 N·m (1.5 kg-m, 11 ft-lb) Apply locking agent to the threads

15 N·m (1.5 kg-m, 11 ft-lb) 7 N·m (0.7 kg-m, 5.1 ft-lb)

28 N·m (2.8 kg-m, 20 ft-lb) Apply locking agent to the threads

28 N·m (2.8 kg-m, 20 ft-lb)

13 N·m (1.3 kg-m, 9 ft-lb) Apply locking agent to the threads

6 N·m (0.6 kg-m, 4.3 ft-lb) 5.3 N·m (0.53 kg-m, 3.8 ft-lb)

Tools

Special

Snap ring pliers

07914-3230001 or Equivalent commercially available in U.S.A.

Troubleshooting

Brake lever (pedal) soft or spongy

- · Air in the hydraulic system
- · Leaking hydraulic system
- · Contaminated brake pads/disc
- · Worn caliper piston seal
- · Worn master cylinder piston seal
- Worn brake pads/disc
- · Contaminated caliper
- · Caliper not sliding properly
- · Low fluid level
- Clogged fluid passage
- · Warped/deformed brake disc
- · Sticking/worn caliper piston
- Sticking/worn master cylinder piston
- · Contaminated master cylinder
- Bent brake lever

Brake lever (pedal) hard

- · Clogged/restricted brake system
- · Sticking/worn caliper piston
- Caliper not sliding properly
- Clogged/restricted fluid passage
- Worn caliper piston seal
- · Sticking/worn master cylinder piston
- · Bent brake lever

Brake drag

- · Contaminated brake pad/disc
- Misaligned wheel
- · Worn brake pad/disc
- Warped/deformed brake disc
- · Caliper not sliding properly

Brake Fluid Replacement/ Air Bleeding

Turn the handlebar so that the front brake resorvoir is parallel to the ground.

Check the fluid level with the master cylinder or reservoir.

CAUTION

Avoid spilling fluid on painted, plastic or rubber parts.
 Place a shop towel over these parts wherever the system is serviced.

Brake Fluid Draining

Connect a bleed hose to the bleed valve.

Loosen the caliper bleed valve and pump the brake.

Stop operating the brake when fluid stops flowing out of the bleed valve.

AWARNING

 A contaminated brake disc or pad reduces stopping power. Discard contaminated pads and clean a contaminated disc with a quality brake cleaning agent.

Brake Fluid Filling/Air Bleeding

Close the bleed valve and fill up the brake fluid from a sealed container.

Front:

Fill the master cylinder with DOT 3 or DOT 4 brake fluid to the casting ledge.

Rear:

Fill the reservoir to upper level line with DOT 4 brake fluid.

NOTE

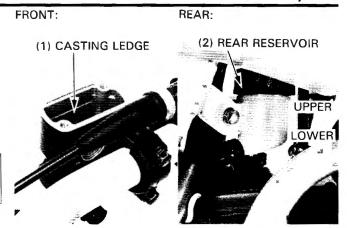
- Check the fluid level often while bleeding the brakes to prevent air from being pumped into the system.
- When using the Brake Bleeder, follow the manufacturer's instructions.

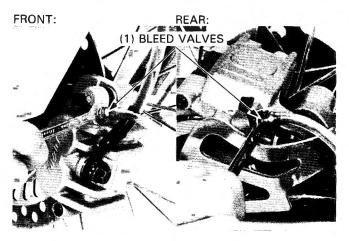
CAUTION

- Use only the recommended brake fluid from a sealed container.
- Do not mix brake fluid types and never reuse contaminated fluid.

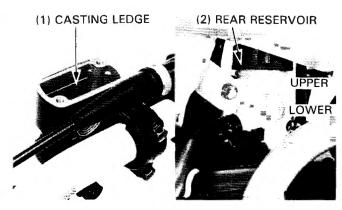
Connect the Mityvac Brake Bleeder No. 6860 or equivalent to the bleed valve.

Pump the brake and loosen the bleed valve. Add fluid when the fluid level in the reservoir is low. Repeat above procedures until no air bubbles appear in the plastic hose.





FRONT: REAR:



FRONT:
REAR:
(1) MITYVAC BRAKE BLEEDER OR EQUIVALENT
COMMERCIALLY AVAILABLE IN U.S.A.



If a brake bleeder is not available, perform the following procedure:

Pump up the system pressure with the lever or pedal until there are no air bubbles in the fluid flowing out of the reservoir small hole and lever/pedal resistance is felt.

 Operate the brake lever or pedal, then open the bleed valve 1/2 turn and close the valve.

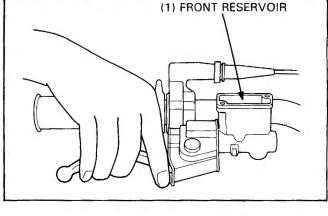
NOTE

- Do not release the brake lever or pedal until the bleed valve has been closed.
- 2) Release the brake lever or pedal slowly and wait several seconds after it reaches the end of its travel.

Repeat steps 1 and 2 until bubbles cease to appear in the fluid at the end of the hose.

Tighten the bleed valve to the specified torque.

Torque: 6 N·m (0.6 kg-m, 4.3 ft-lb)





Fill the brake fluid resorvoirs with fresh brake fluid from a sealed container.

Front:

Fill the master cylinder with DOT 3 or DOT 4 brake fluid to the casting ledge.

Reinstall the diaphragm and master cylinder cover.

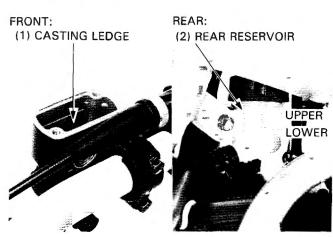
Tighten the screws securely.

Rear:

Fill the resorvoir to upper line with DOT 4 brake fluid. Tighten the rear resorvoir cap securely.

A WARNING

 A contaminated brake disc or pad reduces stopping power. Discard contaminated pads and clean a contaminated disc with a quality brake cleaning agent.



Brake Pad Replacement

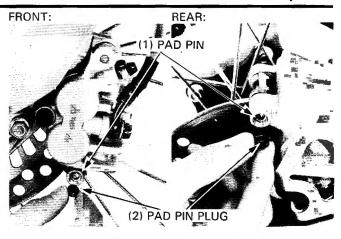
NOTE

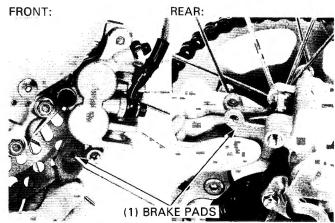
 Always replace the brake pads in pairs to assure even disc pressure.

Remove the pad pin plug and loosen the pad pin. Pull the pad pin out of the caliper.

Remove the brake pad.

Install the new pads in the caliper.





Install the pad pin by pushing the pads against the caliper to depress the pad spring. Tighten the pad pins to the specified torque.

Torque: 18 N·m (1.8 kg-m, 13 ft-lb)

Install the pad pin plug and tighten to the specified torque.

Torque: 3 N·m (0.3 kg-m, 2.2 ft-lb)

Front Master Cylinder

Disassembly

Drain brake fluid from the hydraulic system (page 12-3).

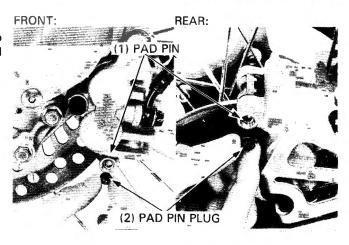
Remove the brake lever from the master cylinder.

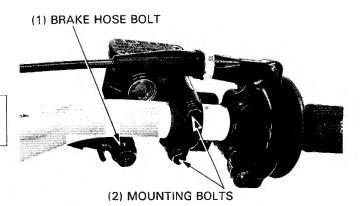
Remove the brake hose bolt and two sealing washers.

NOTE

- When removing the brake hose bolt, cover the end of the hose to prevent contamination.
- · Secure the hose to prevent fluid from leaking out.

Remove the master cylinder from the handlebar.





Remove the piston boot and the snap ring from the master cylinder body.

S. TOOL

Snap ring pliers

07914—3230001 or equivalent tool commercially available in U.S.A.

Remove the washer, piston and spring.

Assembly

NOTE

 The master cylinder piston, cups and spring must be installed as a set.

Assemble the master cylinder. Coat all parts with clean brake fluid before assembly.

Dip the piston cups in clean brake fluid before assembly.

CAUTION

When installing the cups, do not allow the lips to turn inside out. Be certain the snap ring is seated firmly in the groove.

Install the washer, snap ring and boot.

S. TOOL

Snap ring pliers

07914—3230001 or equivalent tool commercially available in U.S.A.

Place the master cylinder on the handlebar and install the holder and two mounting bolts with holder's "UP" mark facing up.

Align the end of the holder with the punch mark in the handlebar and tighten the upper bolt first, then tighten the lower bolt.

Torque: 10 N·m (1.0 kg-m, 7 ft-lb)

Install the brake hose with two new sealing washers and the brake hose bolt to the specified torque.

Torque: 35 N·m (3.5 kg-m, 25 ft-lb)

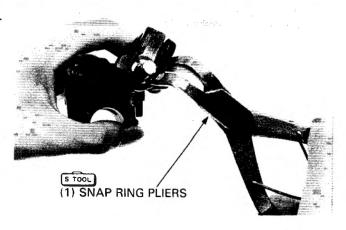
Apply silicone grease to the brake lever pivot and adjusting bolt end.

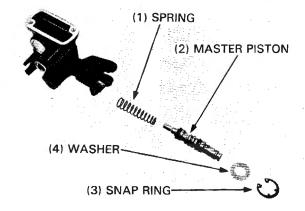
Install the brake lever to the master cylinder, and tighten the pivot bolt and nut to the specified torque.

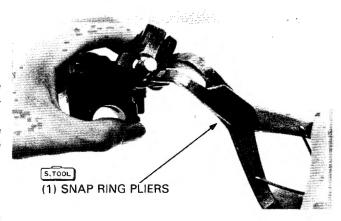
Torque: 6 N·m (0.6 kg-m, 4.3 ft-lb)

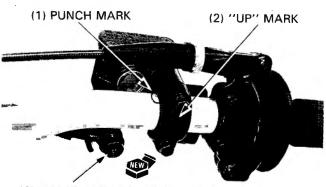
Fill the master cylinder to the proper level and bleed the brake system (page 12-3).

Adjust the brake lever position (page 3-13).









(3) BRAKE HOSE BOLT/SEALING WASHERS

Rear Master Cylinder

Removal

Drain brake fluid from the hydraulic system (page 12-3).

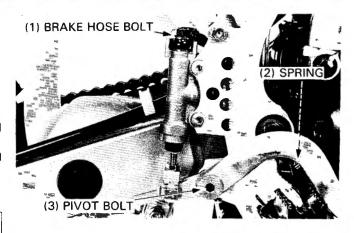
Loosen the rear brake hose bolt.

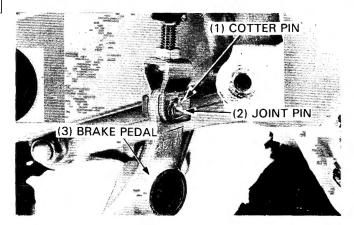
Remove the brake pedal pivot bolt and return spring, and remove the cotter pin and washer, then the joint pin.

Remove the brake hose bolt and two sealing washers and disconnect the brake hose.

NOTE

• When removing the brake hose bolt, cover the end of the hose to prevent contamination.





Remove the snap ring and disconnect the reservoir hose from the master cylinder.



Snap ring pliers

07914—3230001 or equivalent tool commercially available in U.S.A.

Disassembly

Remove the rubber boot.

Remove the snap ring and push rod from the master cylinder body.

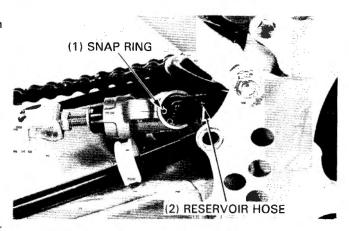
CAUTION

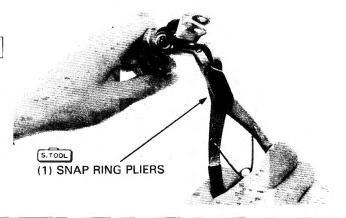
The piston rod will pop out when removing the snap ring.



Snap ring pliers

07914-3230001 or equivalent tool commercially available in U.S.A.



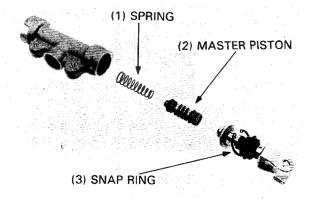


Remove the master piston and spring.

If may be necessary to apply a small amount of air pressure to the fluid outlet to remove the master piston and spring.

A WARNING

Wear adequate eye protection when using compression



(1) SPRING

(2) MASTER PISTON

(3) SNAP RING

Assembly

Clean the master cylinder with compressed air. Dip the piston cups in clean brake fluid before assembly. Install the spring and master piston together.

NOTE

 The master cylinder piston, cups and spring must be installed as a set.

CAUTION

When installing the cups, do not allow the lips to turn inside out.

Install the push rod into the master cylinder. Install the snap ring and rubber boot.

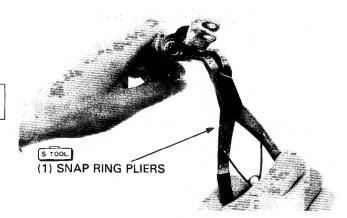
CAUTION

 When installing the snap ring, be certain the snap ring is seated firmly in the groove.



Snap ring pliers

07914—3230001 or equivalent tool commercially available in U.S.A.



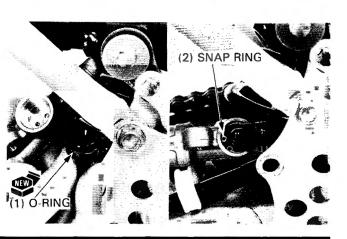
Installation

Coat the new O-ring with brake fluid and install a new O-ring on the reservoir hose to the master cylinder with a new snap ring.



Snap ring pliers

07914—3230001 or equivalent tool commercially available in U.S.A.



Connect the rear brake pedal to the master cylinder push rod. Attach the rear brake hose eyelet joint with the two new sealing washers and install the brake hose bolt as shown. Tighten the brake hose bolt to the specified torque.

Torque: 35 N·m (3.5 kg-m, 25 ft-lb)

'92-'94:

Clean and apply a locking agent to the threads of rear master cylinder mounting bolts.

Install the master cylinder on the frame.

Tighten the rear brake master cylinder mounting bolts to the specified torque.

Torque: 15 N·m (1.5 kg-m, 11 ft-lb)

Apply grease to the sliding surface of brake pivot bolt. Install the rear brake pedal and return spring. Tighten the brake pedal pivot to the specified torque.

Torque: 26 N·m (2.6 kg-m, 19 ft-lb)

Adjust the brake pedal height (page 3-13).

CAUTION

- Turn the hose eyelet joint clockwise until it touches the master cylinder stopper boss, then tighten the bolt.
- After installing the brake hose to the master cylinder, check that the brake hose does not touch the shock absorber.

Fill and bleed the rear brake hydraulic system (page 12-3).

Front Brake Caliper

Removal

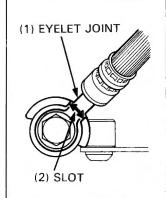
Place a clean container under the caliper and disconnect the brake hose from the caliper.

Remove the pad pin plug and loosen the pad pin. Remove the caliper bolts, caliper and bracket.

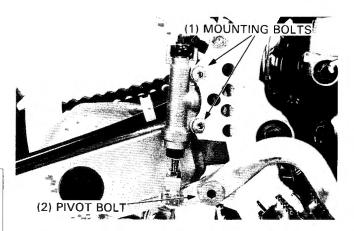
Disassembly

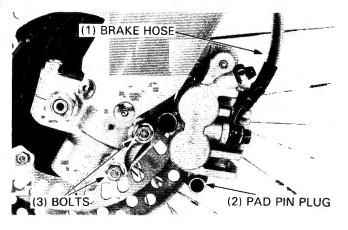
Remove the following:

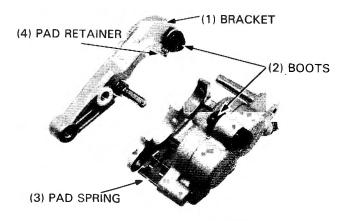
- caliper bracket
- brake pads
- pad spring and pad retainer
- caliper pivot boots
- piston from the caliper.











Brake System

If necessary, apply compressed air to the caliper fluid inlet to get the piston out. Place a shop rag under the caliper to cushion the piston when it is expelled. Use the air in short spurts.

AWARNING

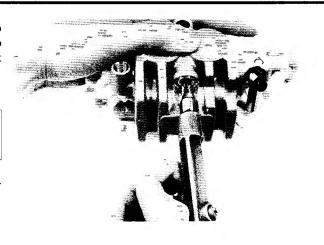
- Wear adequate eye protection to prevent oil or other flying debris from getting on your eyes.
- · Do not bring the air nozzle too close to the inlet.

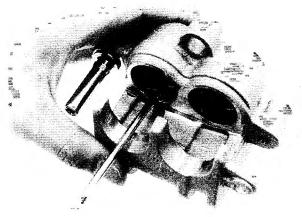
Examine the pistons and caliper for scoring, scratches or other damage and replace if necessary.

Push the piston seals in, then lift them out and discard them. Clean the brake piston seal grooves with clean brake fluid.

CAUTION

 Be careful not to damage the piston sliding surfaces when removing the seals.

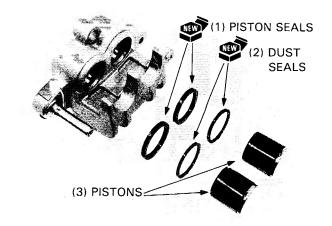




Assembly

The dust seals and oil seals must be replaced with new ones whenever they are removed. Coat the new seals with brake fluid and install them.

Install the pistons with their closed ends toward the pad as shown.

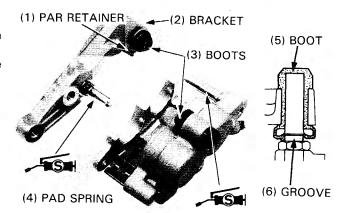


Install the pad spring and pad retainer.

Install the pivot boots making sure they are securely seated in the caliper bracket pin grooves.

Apply silicone grease to the caliper bracket pins and assemble the caliper and bracket.

Temporarily install the brake pads with the pad pin.



Installtion

Clean and apply Honda Aerobic Thread Lock or equivalent to the caliper mounting bolt threads.

Install the caliper on the fork slider and tighten the caliper bolts to the specified torque.

Torque: 31 N·m (3.1 kg-m, 22 ft-lb)

Tighten the pad pin to the specified torque.

Torque: 18 N·m (1.8 kg-m, 13 ft-lb)

Tighten the pad plug to the specified torque.

Torque: 3 N·m (0.3 kg-m, 2.2 ft-lb)

Attach the brake hose with two new sealing washers and tighten the hose bolt to the specified torque.

Torque: 35 N·m (3.5 kg-m, 25 ft-lb)

Fill the master cylinder and bleed the brake system (page 3-11).

Rear Brake Caliper

Removal

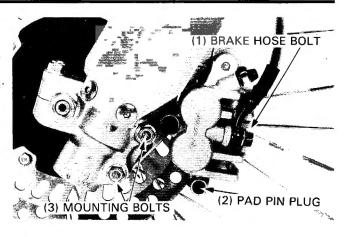
Remove the rear wheel (page 11-4).

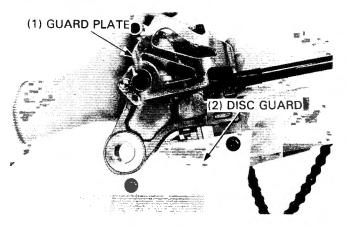
Remove the pad pin plug and loosen the pad pin.

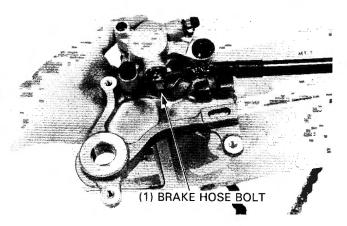
Slide the rear brake caliper bracket rearward and pull it off of the swingarm.

Remove the guard plate and disc guard.

Place a clean container under the caliper and disconnect the brake hose from the caliper.



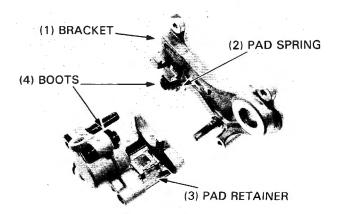




Disassembly

Remove the following:

- caliper bracket
- pads and pad spring
- caliper pivot boots
- pistons from the caliper.



If necessary, apply compressed air to the caliper fluid inlet to get the piston out. Place a shop rag under the caliper to cushion the piston when it is expelled. Use the air in short spurts.

A WARNING

- Wear adequate eye protection to prevent oil or other flying debris from getting on your eyes.
- · Do not bring the air nozzle too close to the inlet.

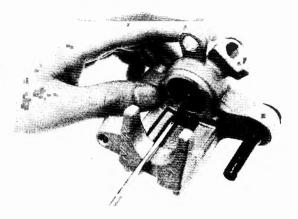
Examine the pistons and caliper for scoring, scratches or other damage and replace if necessary.

Push the piston seals in, then lift them out and discard them. Clean the brake piston seal grooves with brake fluid.

CAUTION

 Be careful not to damage the piston sliding surfaces when removing the seals.

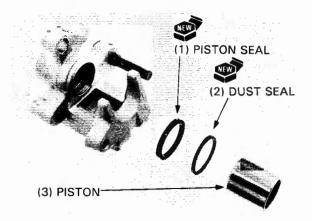




Assembly

The dust seals and oil seals must be replaced with new ones whenever they are removed. Coat the new seals with brake fluid and install them.

Install the piston with the open end toward the pad as shown.

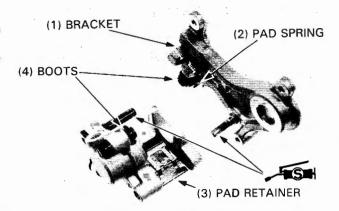


Install the pad spring and pad retainer.

Install the pivot boots making sure they are securely seated in the caliper bracket pin grooves (page 12-10).

Apply silicone grease to the caliper bracket pins and assemble the caliper and bracket.

Temporarily install the brake pads with the pad pin.



Installtion

Install the rear brake disc guard with two screws and tighten them to the specified torque.

Torque: 7 N·m (0.7 kg-m, 5.1 ft-lb)

Attach the brake hose with two new sealing washers and tighten the brake hose bolt to the specified torque.

Torque: 35 N·m (3.5 kg-m, 25 ft-lb)

Install the caliper guard plate with two bolts and tighten them.

Install the rear brake caliper bracket to the swingarm slide rail.

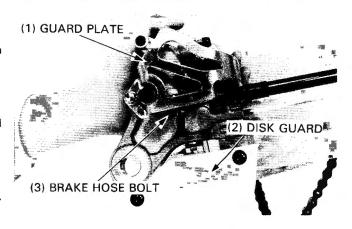
Install the rear wheel (pape 11-9). Tighten the pad pin to the specified torque.

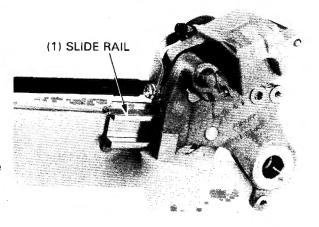
Torque: 18 N·m (1.8 kg-m, 13 ft-lb)

Tighten the pad pin plug to the specified torque.

Torque: 3 N·m (0.3 kg-m, 2.2 ft-lb)

Fill the master cylinder and bleed the brake system (page





MEMO

13

13. Electrical System

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System Location	13-2	Ignition Coil	13-7
Troubleshooting	13-3	Ignition Timing	13-7
Ignition Control Module (ICM)	13-4	Engine Stop Button	13-8

Service Information

General

A WARNING

- If the engine must be running to do some work, make sure the area is well ventilated. Never run the engine in an enclosed area. The exhaust contains poisonous carbon monoxide gas that may cause loss of consciousness and lead to death.
- The ignition control module (ICM) may be damaged if dropped. Also, if the connector is disconnected when current is present, the excessive voltage may damage the unit.
- Ignition timing cannot be adjusted since the ignition control module (ICM) is non-adjustable. If ignition timing is incorrect, check the system components and replace any faulty parts.
- A faulty ignition system is often related to poorly connected or corroded connectors. Check those connections before
 proceeding.
- · Use a spark plug of the correct heat range. Using a spark plug with an incorrect heat range can damage the engine.
- Replace the ignition pulse generator, exciter coil and stator base as a set.

Specifications

Item		Stand	dard	Service Limit
Recommended spark plug	Standard	CHAMPION	QN-86	
		NGK	BR8EG	
		NIPPONDENSO	W24ESR-V	
	Optional	CHAMPION	QN-2G	
		NGK	BR8EV	Marine Appar
	= 1	NIPPONDENSO	W24ESR-G	
Spark plug gap		0.5-0.6 mm (0.	020-0.024 in)	
Ignition timing ("F" mark)		22° BTDC a	t 4000 rpm	
Ignition coil resistance	Primary	0.4-0	0.6 Ω	
(at 20°C/68°F)	Secondary	14-23 kΩ with spark plug cap		
		10-16 kΩ without spark plug cap		
Alternator exiter coil resista	nce (at 20°C/68°F)	1-4	ΟΩ	
Ignition pulse generator resist	ance (at 20°C/68°F)	180-2	280 Ω	

Torque Values

Flywheel nut 55 N·m (5.5 kg-m, 40 ft-lb)
Alternator cover screw 4 N·m (0.4 kg-m, 2.9 ft-lb)

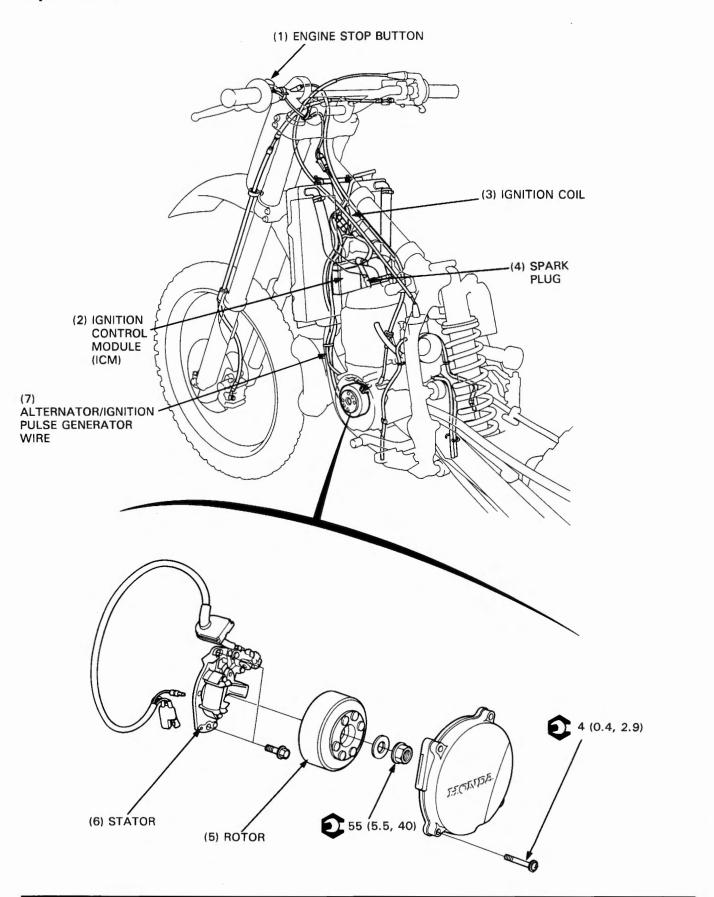
Tools

Common

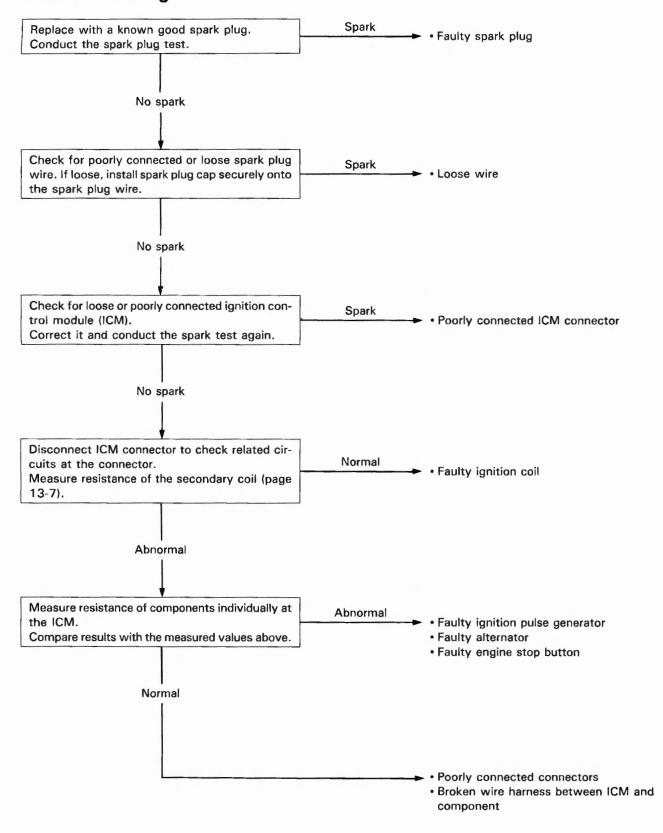
Flywheel puller 07733-0010000 or 07933-0010000

Universal holder 07725-0030000 or Equivalent commercially available in U.S.A.

System Location



Troubleshooting



Ignition Control Module (ICM)

System Inspection

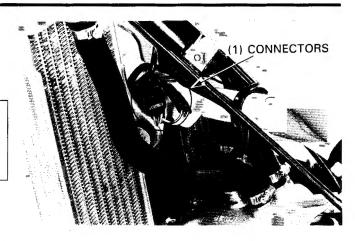
NOTE

The ICM is an electronic component which includes ignition timing advance, retard system and other calculating circuits. It may be difficult to check the ICM by itself. Therefore, testing is by the process of eliminating other causes.

Remove the seat and fuel tank (page 2-2). Disconnect the ICM connector.

In cases that the ignition timing is out of specification or poor or no spark at the spark plug, check the items below. If all are OK, replace the ICM and recheck.

- -Spark plug
- -Connection of all connectors
- -Engine stop switch (page 13-8)
- -Ignition coil (page 13-7)
- -Alternator exciter coil (page 13-5)
- Ignition pulse generator (page 13-5).



Measure the data between the connector terminal using the following chart:

ITEM IGNITION PULSE GENERATOR COIL EXCITER COIL		STANDARD DATA: at 20°C/68°F	TERMINALS	
		180-280 Ω	Blue/Yellow-Green/White Blue-White	
		1-40 Ω		
IGNITION COIL PRIMARY		0.4-0.6 Ω		
SECONDARY	13-23 kΩ	With spark plug cap		
		10-16 kΩ	Without spark plug cap	

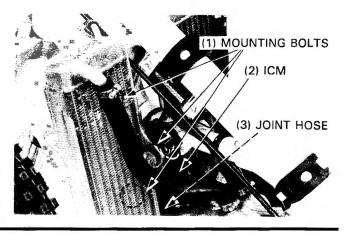
Removal/Installation

Drain the radiator coolant (page 5-3). Remove the seat and fuel tank (page 2-2). Disconnect the ICM connectors.

Remove the left radiator mounting bolts and disconnect the radiator joint hose, then swing the left radiator forward.

Remove the wire band.
Remove the ICM from the frame.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.



Alternator

Exciter Coil Inspection

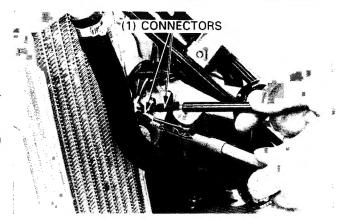
Remove the seat and fuel tank (page 2-2).

Disconnect the exciter connectors from the ignition control module (ICM).

Measure the resistances between the terminals.

Replace the alternator stator and ignition pulse generator as a set, if the reading does not fall within the limits below.

Resistance: (Blue-White) 1-40 Ω [at 20°C/68°F]



Ignition Pulse Generator Inspection

Remove the seat and fuel tank (page 2-2).

Disconnect the ignition pulse generator connectors from the ignition control module (ICM).

Measure the resistances between the terminals.

Replace the alternator stator and ignition pulse generator as a set, if the reading does not fall within the limits below.

Resistance: (Blue/Yellow-Green/White) $180-280 \Omega$ [at 20° C/68°F]



Removal

Remove the seat and fuel tank (page 2-2). Disconnect the alternator wire and remove the wire bands. Remove the alternator cover and sprocket guard.



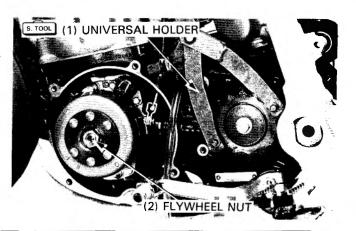
Remove the drive chain (page 3-10).
Shift the transmission into 5th gear.
Hold the drive sprocket with the universal holder and remove

Hold the drive sprocket with the universal holder and remove the flywheel nut and washer.



Universal holder

07725-0030000 or equivalent commercially available in U.S.A.

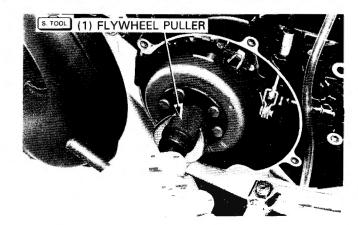


Remove the flywheel with the flywheel puller.

S. TOOL

Flywheel puller

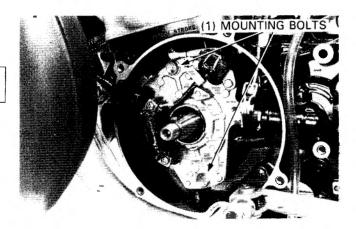
07733-0010000 or 07933-0010000



Remove the stator mounting bolts and stator assembly.

NOTE

 Replace the ignition pulse generator and alternator stator as a set.



Installation

Install the stator assembly by aligning the index mark on the lower stator with the index mark on the left crankcase.

NOTE

- · Be careful not to contact the clutch lifter arm.
- Align the flywheel keyway with the woodruff key in the crankshaft.
- Inspect for proper operation by turning the flywheel by hand after assembly.

Install the flywheel, washer and nut.

Hold the drive sprocket with the universal holder and tighten the flywheel nut.

Torque: 55 N·m (5.5 kg-m, 40 ft-lb)

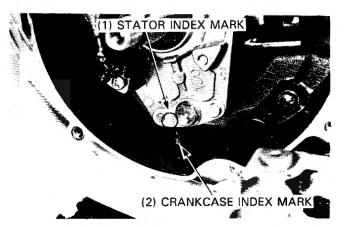
S. TOOL

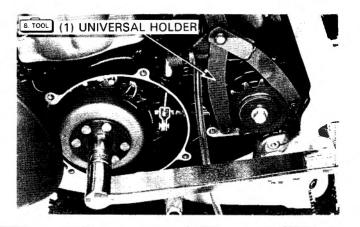
Universal holder

07725 – 0030000 or equivalent commercially available in U.S.A.

Install the drive chain. Connect the alternator wires. Check the ignition timing (page 13-7)

Install the alternator cover and drive chain. Install the fuel tank and seat.





Ignition Coil

Inspection

Remove the seat and fuel tank (page 2-2). Disconnect the spark plug cap and primary and ground leads.

Measure the primary coil resistance of the ignition coil.

Primary coil resistance: (at 20°C/68°F) 0.4-0.6 Ω

Measure the secondary coil resistance with and without spark plug cap.

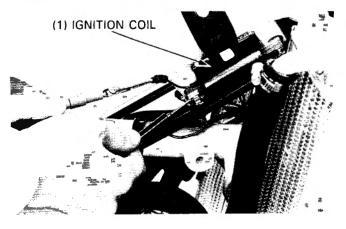
Secondary coil resistance: without cap

(at 20°C/68°F) $10-16 \text{ k}\Omega$

with cap

(at 20°C/68°F) $13-23 k\Omega$

Install the fuel tank and seat.



Ignition Timing

Remove the alternator cover.

Check that the stator index mark is aligned with the index mark in the crankcase.

Attach a timing light and tachometer according to the timing light and tachometer manufacture's instructions.

Warm up the engine sufficiently and inspect the ignition timing at 4,000 rpm.

The crankcase index mark should be between the "F" marks on the flywheel.

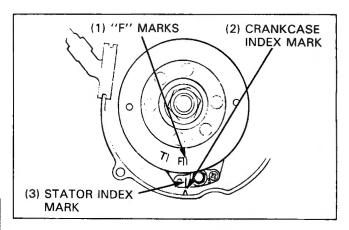
If the crankcase index mark is not between the "F" marks, do the following:

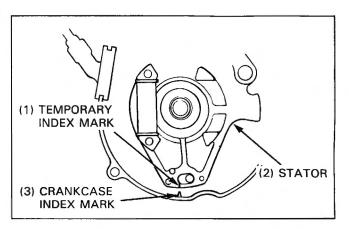
NOTE

- This procedure is to be done after replacing the ignition control module (ICM), ignition pulse generator, stator assembly or flywheel.
- If you have checked the ignition timing as a troubleshooting step and the marks do not align, inspect the ignition control module (ICM), ignition pulse generator and stator, before performing this procedure.

Scribe a temporary index mark on the lower stator plate that will align between the "F" marks at 4,000 rpm. Stop the engine.

Remove the flywheel and stator assembly (page 13-6). Elongate the lower stator plate, then reinstall it with its temporary index mark aligned with the index mark on the crankcase.





Electrical System

Install the flywheel and torque the nut (pae 13-6).

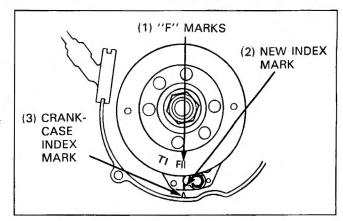
Recheck the ignition timing.

The crankcase index mark should now align between the "F" marks on the flywheel.

Repeat steps if the ignition timing is not correct.

Remove the flywheel and lower stator mounting bolt.

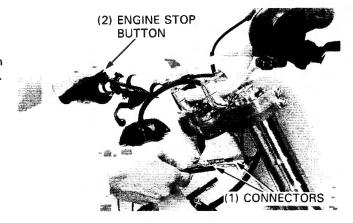
Scribe a new index mark on the lower stator plate and grind off the old index mark.



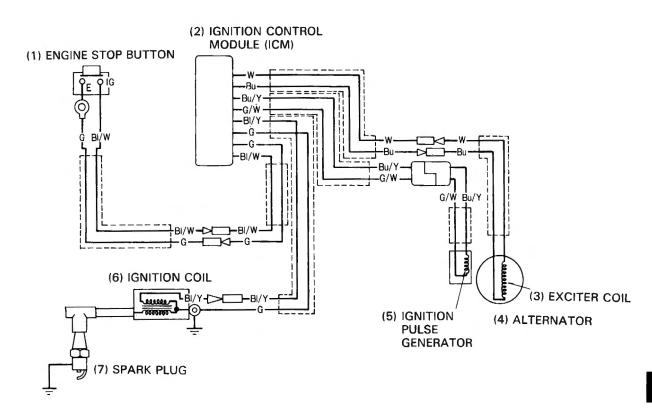
Engine Stop Button

Disconnect the engine stop button connectors.

Check the engine stop button for continuity with the button pressed; and no continuity when the button is not being pushed.



14. Wiring Diagram



ENGINE STOP BUTTON

POSITION	IG	Е	
NOT PUSHED			
PUSHED IN	0	-0-	1
WIRE COLOR	BI/W	G	_

Bu......Blue
BlBlack
WWhite
GGreen
YYellow

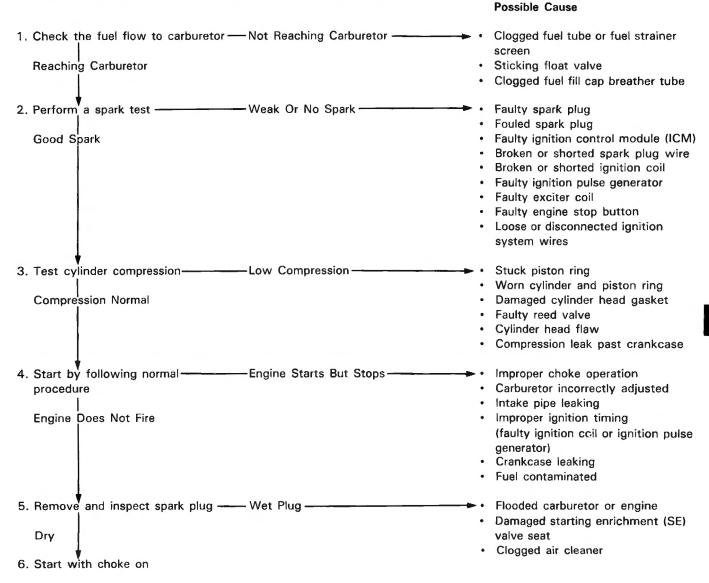
0030Z-ML3-7700

MEI	мо

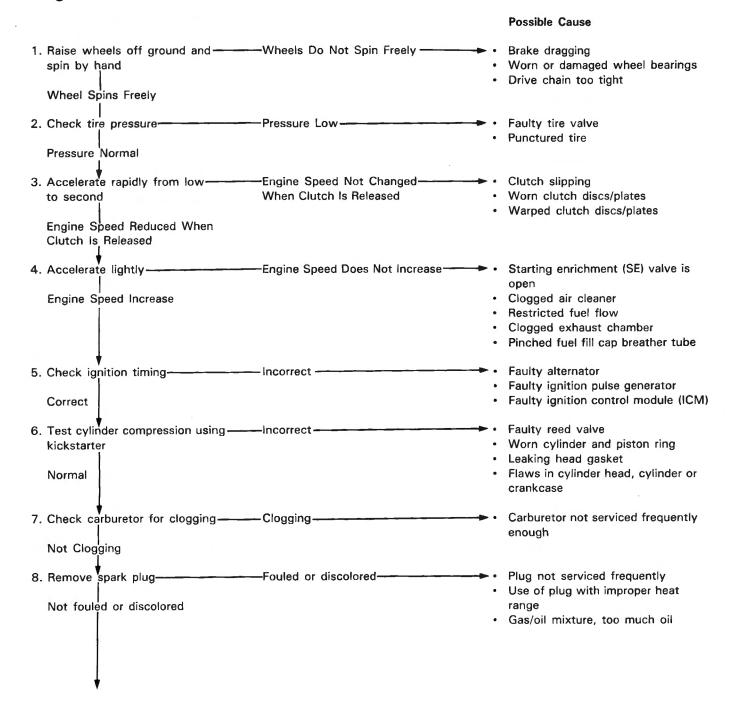
15. Troubleshooting

Engine Does Not Start Or Is Hard Start	15-1	Poor Performance At High Speed	15-4
Engine Lacks Power	15-2	Poor Handling	15-4
Poor Performance At Low And Idle Speeds	15-3		

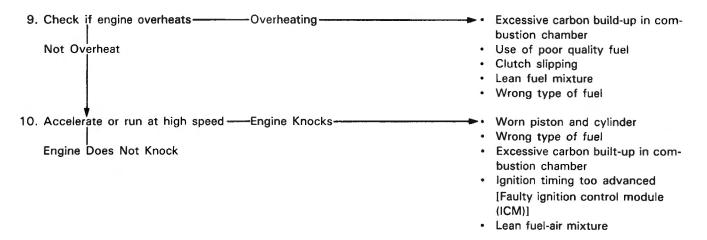
Engine Does Not Start Or Is Hard To Start



Engine Lacks Power



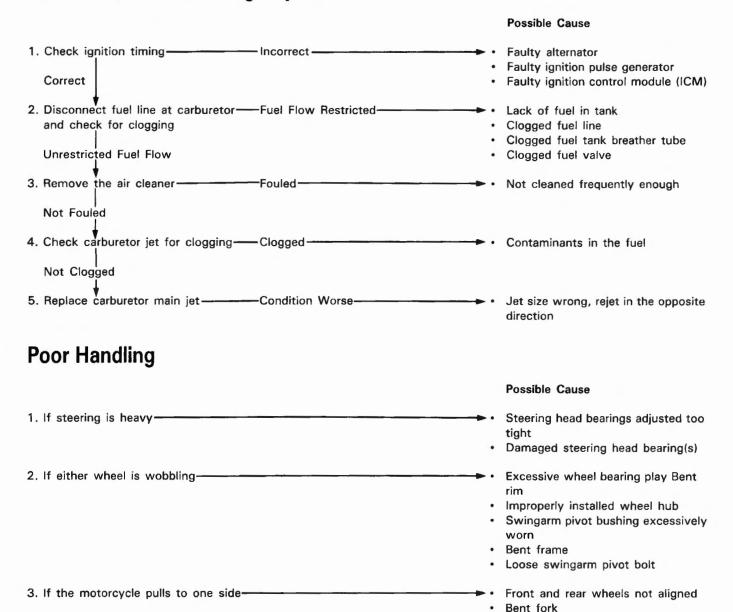
Possible Cause



Poor Performance At Low And Idle Speed

1. Check ignition timing———Incorrect – Improper ignition timing [Faulty ignition control module Correct (ICM), alternator, ignition pulse generator) 2. Check carburetor air screw———Incorrect— Fuel-air mixture too lean adjustment (Too correct, screw out) Fuel-air mixture too rich Correct (To correct, screw in) 3. Check if air is leaking past———Leaking— Deteriorated insulator or reed valve insulator gasket Loose insulator clamps Not Leaking 4. Perform spark test ---Faulty, carbon or oil fuel fouled spark plug Good Spark Faulty alternator Faulty ignition coil Broken or shorted spark plug wire Faulty ignition pulse generator Faulty ignition control module (ICM)

Poor Performance At High Speed



Bent swingarm

NOTE

- For the following recommendations to be most useful, the motorcycle must be adjusted as follows: Fork—compression and rebound damping at standard position, standard fork oil quantity and viscosity, and air pressure zero; Shock—nitrogen pressure 980 kPa (10.0 kg/cm², 142 psi), compression and rebound damping at standard position, and spring, preload adjusted so the bike sags 100 mm (3.9 in) with rider seated—see Owner's Manual for spring preload adjustment.
- Make only one change at a time, then test ride and evaluate the difference before making further adjustments. The solutions are given in the preferred sequence of adjustment.
- 4. Front end oversteers; it cuts too— Raise fork oil level sharply (such as in sand): Use stiffer fork spring 5. Front end understeers; it washes out -Lower fork oil level or pushes (such as on a tight track Use softer fork spring with hard ground): Front end hunts at high speed; it— Raise fork oil level wanders under power: Increase shock preload 7. Front end shakes under heavy -Decrease shock preload braking: Increase shock rebound damping Raise fork oil level 8. Front end hops over bumps in-Lower fork oil level smooth turns: Decrease fork compression damping Use softer fork spring
- 9. Rear end hops over bumps while
 becrease shock preload
 Decrease shock compression damping

- Whenever a solution says raise or lower fork oil level, do so in increments of 5 cc and retest each time until you reach the maximum or minimum. If the performance is still unsatisfactory and the next solution is to install a softer or stiffer spring, return the oil level to the standard height and begin testing again.
- Whenever a solution says increase or decrease damping (compression or rebound), do so in increments of two clicks and retest each time until you reach the maximum or minimum. If the next solution is to install a softer or stiffer spring, return the damping adjustment to the "standard setting" and begin testing again.
- Whenever a solution says to increase or decrease shock spring preload, alter the race sag by 2.5 mm and retest each time
 until you reach the maximum or minimum.

 МЕМО	

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